User's Manual

9640 Professional Enhanced Scan Tool

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Scan Tool Information

Complete the following list using the function "**Tool Information**". Provide this information when contacting customer support.

Serial No: _____

SW ID: _____

HW Ver: _____

Boot Ver: _____

Prod ID: _____

Board ID: _____

Burn Date: _____

Burn Loc: _____

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Safety Precautions

For your safety, read this manual thoroughly before operating your Professional Enhanced Scan Tool. Always refer to and follow safety messages and test procedures provided by the manufacturer of the vehicle or equipment being tested.

Your scan tool is intended for use by properly trained, skilled professional automotive technicians. The safety messages presented below and throughout this user's manual are reminders to the operator to exercise extreme care when using this test instrument.

Read All Instructions

Read, understand and follow all safety messages and instructions in this manual and on the test equipment. Safety messages in this section of the manual contain a signal word with a three-part message and, in some instances, an icon. The signal word indicates the level of the hazard in a situation.

Safety Messages

Safety messages are provided to help prevent personal injury and equipment damage. All safety messages are introduced by a signal word indicating the hazard level. The types of safety messages are:

⚠DANGER — **Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury to the operator or to bystanders.**

⚠WARNING — **Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury to the operator or to bystanders.**

⚠CAUTION — **Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury to the operator or to bystanders.**

IMPORTANT — **Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, may result in damage to the test equipment or vehicle.**

Safety messages contain three different type styles.

- Normal type states the hazard.
- **Bold** type states how to avoid the hazard.
- *Italic* type states the possible consequences of not avoiding the hazard.

An icon, when present, gives a graphical description of the potential hazard.

Example:

Engine systems can malfunction expelling fuel, oil vapors, hot steam, hot toxic exhaust gases, acid, refrigerant and other debris.
Wear safety goggles and protective gloves, user and bystander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.
Engine systems that malfunction can cause injury.

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Important Safety Instructions

Risk of electric shock.

- **Do not exceed voltage limits between inputs as indicated in the "Specifications".**
- **Use extreme caution when working with circuits that have greater than 60 volts DC or 24 volts AC.**

Electric shock can cause injury.

Risk of explosion.

- **Wear safety goggles and protective clothing, user and bystander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.**
- **Do not use this system in environments where explosive vapor may collect, such as in below-ground pits, confined areas, or areas that are less than 18 inches above the floor.**
- **Use this equipment in locations with mechanical ventilation providing at least four air changes per hour.**
- **Flammable fuel and vapors can ignite.**
- **Do not smoke, strike a match, or cause a spark in the vicinity of the battery. Battery gases can ignite.**
- **Avoid making accidental connection between battery terminals. Do not place uninsulated metal tools on the battery.**
- **When removing battery cables, remove ground cable first.**
- **Avoid sparks when connecting or disconnecting power leads to battery.**
- **Be sure ignition is OFF, headlights and other accessories are OFF and vehicle doors are closed before disconnecting battery cables. This also helps prevent damage to on-board computer systems.**
- **Always disconnect battery ground connections before servicing electrical system components.**

Explosion can cause injury.

Risk of poisoning.

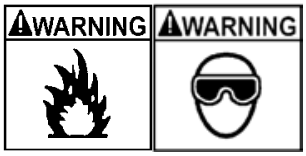
- **Use this equipment in locations with mechanical ventilation providing at least four air changes per hour. Engine exhaust contains odorless lethal gas.**
- **Route exhaust outside while testing with engine running.**

Poisoning can result in death or serious injury.

Battery acid is a highly corrosive sulfuric acid.

- **Wear safety goggles and protective gloves, user and bystander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.**
- **Make sure someone can hear you or is close enough to provide aid when working near a battery.**
- **Have plenty of fresh water and soap nearby. If battery acid contacts skin, clothing, or eyes, flush exposed area with soap and water for 10 minutes.**
- **Seek medical help.**
- **Do not touch eyes while working near battery.**

Battery acid can burn eyes and skin.



Risk of fire.

- **Wear safety goggles and protective clothing, user and bystander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.**

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- **Do not position head directly over or in front of throttle body. Do not pour gasoline down throttle body when cranking or running engine, when working with fuel delivery systems or any open fuel line. Engine backfire can occur when air cleaner is out of position.**
- **Do not use fuel injector cleaning solvents when performing diagnostic testing.**
- **Keep cigarettes, sparks, open flame and other sources of ignition away from vehicle.**
- **Keep a dry chemical (Class B) fire extinguisher rated for gasoline, chemical and electrical fires in work area.**

Fire can cause death or serious injury.

Risk of flying particles.
Wear safety goggles while using electrical equipment. Electrical equipment or rotating engine parts can cause flying particles.
Flying particles can cause eye injury.

Risk of burns.
Batteries can produce a short-circuit current high enough to weld jewelry to metal. Remove jewelry such as rings, bracelets and watches before working near batteries.
Short circuits can cause injury.

Risk of burns.
- **Do not remove radiator cap unless engine is cold. Pressurized engine coolant may be hot.**
- **Do not touch hot exhaust systems, manifolds, engines, radiators, sample probe, etc.**
- **Wear insulated gloves when handling hot engine components.**
- **Tester leads can become hot after extended testing in close proximity to manifolds etc.**

Hot components can cause injury.

Risk of expelling fuel, oil vapors, hot steam, hot toxic exhaust gases, acid, refrigerant and other debris.
- **Wear safety goggles and protective clothing, user and bystander. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.**
- **Engine systems can malfunction expelling fuel, oil vapors, hot steam, hot toxic exhaust gases, acid, refrigerant and other debris.**

Fuel, oil vapors, hot steam, hot toxic exhaust gases, acid, refrigerant and other debris can cause serious injury.

The engine compartment contains electrical connections and hot or moving parts.
- **Keep yourself, test leads, clothing and other objects clear of electrical connections and hot or moving engine parts.**
- **Do not wear watches, rings, or loose fitting clothing when working in an engine compartment.**
- **Do not place test equipment or tools on fenders or other places in the engine compartment.**
- **Barriers are recommended to help identify danger zones in test area.**
- **Prevent personnel from walking through immediate test area.**

Contact with electrical connections and hot or moving parts can cause injury.

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Risk of injury.
- **This equipment should be operated by qualified personnel only.**
- **Use this equipment only as described in this manual. Use only the manufacturer's recommended attachments.**
- **Do not operate equipment with a damaged cord or if the equipment has been dropped or damaged, until it has been examined by a qualified service representative.**

Operation of this equipment by anyone other than qualified personnel may result in injury.

WARNING

Risk of unexpected vehicle movement.
- **Block drive wheels before performing a test with engine running.**
- **Unless instructed otherwise, set parking brake and put gear selector in neutral for standard transmissions or park for automatic transmissions.**
- **If vehicle has an automatic parking brake release, disconnect release mechanism for testing and reconnect when testing is completed.**
- **Do not leave a running engine unattended.**

A moving vehicle can cause injury.

CAUTION

Risk of equipment or circuit damage.
- **Unless specifically directed by the manufacturer, make sure the ignition is OFF before connecting or disconnecting connectors or any vehicle electrical terminals.**
- **Do not create a short between battery terminals with a jumper wire or tools.**

Improper equipment use can cause equipment or circuit damage.

CAUTION

Misdiagnosis may lead to incorrect or improper repair and/or adjustment.
Do not rely on erratic, questionable, or obviously erroneous test information or results. If test information or results are erratic, questionable, or obviously erroneous, make sure that all connections and data entry information are correct and that the test procedure was performed correctly. If test information or results are still suspicious, do not use them for diagnosis.
Improper repair and/or adjustment may cause vehicle or equipment damage or unsafe operation.

DANGER

Some vehicles are equipped with air bags. You must follow vehicle service manual's warnings when working around the air bag components or wiring. If the service manual's instructions are not followed, the air bag may open up unexpectedly, resulting in personal injury. Note that the air bag can still open up several minutes after the ignition key is off (or even if the vehicle battery is disconnected) because of a special energy reserve module.

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Safety ⚠

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Section 1 – Using This Manual

This manual contains instructions for use and setup of your scan tool. A table of contents and glossary are provided to make this manual easy to use.

Some of the information shown in text or illustrations is obtained using optional equipment. A Sales Representative can determine option availability.

This section contains a list of conventions used.

Safety Messages

Refer to "**Safety Precautions**" on page i.

Check Note

A check note provides additional information about the subject in the preceding paragraph.

Example:

✓ Make sure the printer is turned on, on-line and connected.

Equipment Tips and Lists

Equipment tips and lists provide information that applies to specific equipment. Each tip is introduced by this icon ❒ for easy identification.

Example:

❒ Observe all vehicle and/or equipment manufacturer's cautions and warnings when testing with the scan tool.

Equipment Damage

Situations arise during testing that could damage the vehicle or the test equipment. The word **IMPORTANT** signals these situations.

Example:

IMPORTANT Failure to follow these instructions could damage the scan tool.

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Functions and Selections

Diagnostic and tool functions performed by the scan tool are highlighted in **bold**.

Example:

The **View Data** function allows you to view the vehicle's Parameter Identification (PID) data in real time.

Menus

The menus on the scan tool display are referenced in the procedures and are highlighted in ***bold-italic*** text.

Example:

When the ***OBDII Function List*** menu displays, the scan tool is ready for use.

Questions and Responses

Messages and user responses are CAPITALIZED.

Example:

The Scan Tool displays the Pending DTCs or a message stating SYSTEM PASS: NO FAULT DETECTED.

Manual References

Used to reference other sections of the manual. References include the "**Title**" and page number (section-page).

Example:

For more information on DTCs, refer to "**Diagnostic Link Connectors (DLC)**" on page 2-5.

Screens

Certain Help messages, information, and data that are displayed on the scan tool are also shown in graphical text boxes. The screens are presented as examples and may change as the software is updated.

Example:

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Appendix A – Data Link Connectors

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Section 2 – Getting Started

The Professional Enhanced Scan Tool was developed by experts in the automotive service industry to help diagnose vehicles and assist in troubleshooting procedures. The tool monitors vehicle events and retrieves codes from the vehicle computer's memory to pinpoint problem areas.

All information, illustrations and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest information available from industry sources at the time of publication. No warranty (expressed or implied) can be made for its accuracy or completeness, nor is any responsibility assumed by the manufacturer or anyone connected with it for loss or damages suffered through reliance on any information contained in this manual or misuse of accompanying product. The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes at any time to this manual or accompanying product without obligation to notify any person or organization of such changes.

VEHICLE SERVICE INFORMATION

The following is a list of web sites and phone numbers where electronic engine control diagnostic information is available.

✓ Some manuals may be available at your local dealer, auto parts stores or local public libraries.

Domestic Vehicles	Web Site	Phone Number
General Motors		
Chevrolet	www.chevrolet.com	1-800-551-4123
Pontiac	www.pontiac.com	1-800-551-4123
Oldsmobile	www.oldsmobile.com	1-800-551-4123
Buick	www.buick.com	1-800-551-4123
Cadillac	www.cadillac.com	1-800-333-4CAD
Saturn	www.saturn.com	1-800-553-6000
Ford		
Ford	www.ford.com	1-800-392-3673
Lincoln	www.lincoln.com	1-800-392-3673
Mercury	www.mercury.com	1-800-392-3673
Chrysler		
Chrysler	www.chrysler.com	1-800-348-4696
Dodge	www.dodge.com	1-800-348-4696
Plymouth	Not Available	1-800-348-4696
Eagle	Not Available	1-800-348-4696

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European Vehicles

Audi	www.audi.com	1-800-544-8021
Volkswagon	www.vw.com	1-800-544-8021
BMW	www.bmw.com	1-201-307-4000
MINI	www.mini.com	1-201-307-4000
Jaguar	www.jaguar.com	1-800-4-JAGUAR
Volvo	www.volvo.com	1-800-458-1552
Mercedes	www.mercedes-benz.com	1-800-367-6372
Land Rover	www.landrover.com	1-800-637-6837
Porsche	www.porsche.com	1-800-PORSCHE
Saab	www.saab.com	1-800-955-9007

Asian Vehicles	Web Site	Phone Number
Acura	www.acura.com	1-800-999-1009
Honda	www.honda.com	1-800-999-1009
Lexus	www.lexus.com	1-800-255-3987
Scion	www.scion.com	1.866.70.SCION
Toyota	www.toyota.com	1-800-GO-TOYOTA
Hyundai	www.hyundai.com	1-800-633-5151
Infiniti	www.infiniti.com	1-800-662-6200
Nissian	www.nissianusa.com	1-800-nissian1
Kia	www.kia.com	1-800-333-4542
Mazda	www.mazda.com	1-800-222-5500
Daewoo	www.daewoo.com	1-822-759-2114
Subaru	www.subaru.com	1-800-SUBARU3
Isuzu	www.isuzu.com	1-800-255-6727
Geo	Not Available	Not Available
Mitsubishi	www.mitsubishi.com	1-888-MITSU2004
Suzuki	www.suzukiauto.com	1-800-934-0934

Other Manuals

Chilton Book Company	www.chiltonsonline.com	1-800-347-7707
Haynes Publications	www.haynes.com	1-800-242-4637
Bentley Publishers	www.bentleypublishers.com	1-800-423-4595

Repair Information Programs

Mitchell	www.mitchell1.com	1-888-724-6742
Alldata	www.alldata.com	1-800-697-2533

Suitable Manual Titles

“Diagnostic Service Manuals”

“PowerTrain Codes and Oxygen Sensors”

“Automotive Emission Control Manual”

“Fuel Injection”

“Automotive Electrics and Electronics”

“Automotive Sensors”

“Electronic Transmission Control”

“Emission Control Technology

“Engine Management”

or similar titles...

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INTRODUCTION TO ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTICS

The original on-board diagnostics (OBD I) lacked consistency in communication and interface while allowing different interpretations amongst vehicle manufacturers. Ford and Chrysler used different types of engine control computers and data link connectors, and GM varied the trouble codes and communication protocols from year-to-year.

The tables below highlight changes for GM, Ford, and Chrysler. If this seems confusing; don't worry. Your tool makes it easy. Based on the VIN information selected during Scan Tool setup, the processor is automatically recognized. All you have to do is choose the correct adapter cable and jumper wires (if necessary). Details on adapter cables and jumper wires may be found in "**Diagnostic Link Connectors (DLC)**" on page 2-5

.

GM On-Board Diagnostics

System	Years	Description
OBD I Control Module	1981–1995	Most vehicles used the 12-pin ALDL (Assembly Line Data Link) located under the dash on the driver side. Some 94-95 vehicles used the 16-pin OBD II (J1962) data link connector (DLC), but use the Historical application software. Refer to the vehicle's Vehicle Emission Control Information label.
OBD II Control Module	1994*-Present	Complies with OBD II regulations and uses the J1962 DLC.

** OBD II system is used on certain 1994-1995 vehicles equipped with a 2.2L, 2.3L, 3.8L, 4.3L or 5.7L engines.*

Ford On-Board Diagnostics

System	Long Name	Years	Description
MCU	Microprocessor Control Unit	1980 –1991	Used in police vehicles, containing carbureted engines. Uses the MCU DLC.
EEC-IV	Electronic Engine Control, Fourth generation	1984 –1995	Most Ford vehicles equipped with North American engines. Uses the EEC-IV DLC.
MECS	Mazda Electronic Control System	1988 –1995	Vehicles equipped with Mazda-sourced engines. Uses MECS 6-pin and 17-pin DLCs.
EEC-V	Electronic Engine Control, Fifth generation	1994* – present	Complies with OBD II regulations and uses the OBD II J1962 DLC.
PTEC	Powertrain Electronic Controller	2000 – present	Complies with OBD II regulations and uses the OBD II J1962 DLC.

** EEC-V OBD II system used in 1994-1995 vehicles equipped with a 3.8L or 4.6L engine.*

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Chrysler On-Board Diagnostics

System	Long Name	Years	Description
SMEC	Single Module Engine Controller	1989–1990	Used a 6-pin Serial Communication Interface (SCI) DLC and has bidirectional capability.
SBEC	Single Board Engine Controller	1989*–1995	Used two types of DLCs: a 6-pin SCI and a 6-pin LH series. The first to allow a tool to reset the EMR light on trucks.
OBD II PCM	OBD II Powertrain Control Module	1995**– present	Complies with OBD II regulations and uses the OBD II J1962 DLC.
JTEC	Jeep/Truck Engine Controller	1996– present	Complies with OBD II regulations and uses the OBD II J1962 DLC. The JTEC system is used on light-duty trucks and Jeeps

** In 1989, the SBEC system was installed in selected vehicles with 3.0L V6 engines.*
*** Some vehicles in 1995 were equipped with the OBD II PCM.*

OBD II stands for On-Board Diagnostics version II. OBD II is a system that the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) developed to standardize automotive electronic diagnosis. Technicians now can use the same tool to test any OBD II compliant vehicles without special adapters. The SAE established guidelines that provide:

- a universal diagnostic test connector, called the data link connector (DLC), with dedicated pin assignments.
- a standardized location for the DLC, visible under the dash on the driver's side.
- a standardized list of diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs) used by all manufacturers.
- a standardized list of parameter identification (PID) data used by all manufacturers.
- the ability of the vehicle system to record a freeze frame of the operating conditions when a fault occurs.
- expanded diagnostic capabilities that records a code whenever a condition occurs that effects vehicle emissions.
- the ability to clear stored codes from vehicle memory with the scan tool.

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In addition, SAE has published hundreds of pages of text defining a standard communications protocol that establishes the hardware, software, and circuit parameters of OBD II systems. Unfortunately, vehicle manufacturers have different interpretations of this standard communications protocol. As a result, the generic OBD II communications scheme used will vary, depending on the vehicle.

SAE publishes recommendations, not laws, but the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and California Air Resources Board (CARB) made many of SAE's recommendations legal requirements that vehicle manufacturers were required to phase in over a three-year period. Beginning in 1994, vehicles with a new engine management computer – about 10% of each manufacturers fleet – were supposed to comply with OBD II standards. For 1995, OBD II systems were to appear on about 40% of the new vehicles sold in the USA. Some of the 1994-1995 OBD II systems were not fully compliant, so the Government granted waivers to give manufacturers time to fine-tune their systems. Beginning in 1996, most of the new vehicles sold in the USA were fully OBD II compliant.

DIAGNOSTIC LINK CONNECTORS (DLC)

The Data Link Connector (DLC) allows the scan tool to communicate with the vehicle's computer(s). Before OBD II, manufacturers used different data link connectors to communicate with the vehicle. The proper DLC adapter cable must be used to connect the tool to the vehicle. Also, the vehicle's DLC may be found in several different places and have many different configurations. The following describes the DLCs used by Ford, GM and Chrysler. The DLC location and types for domestic vehicles can be looked up in the charts in **"Appendix A - Data Link Connectors"**.

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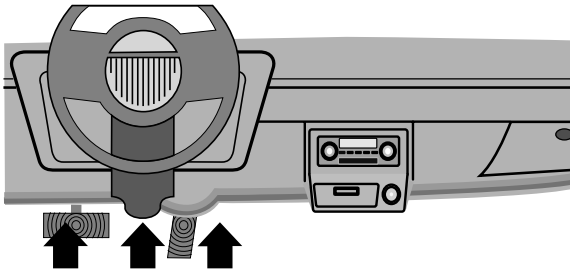
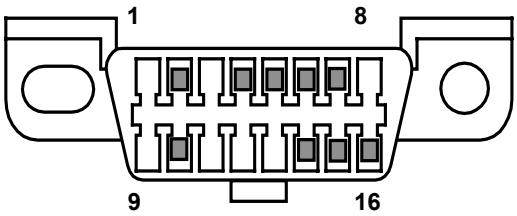
OBD II (J1962)



Beginning in 1996, vehicles sold in the United States use the J1962 (OBD II) DLC, a term taken from a physical and electrical specification number assigned by SAE (J1962). The DLC should be located under the dashboard on the driver side of the vehicle. If the DLC is not located under the dashboard as stated, a decal describing its location should be attached to the dashboard in the area the DLC should have been located.

Because the OBD II J1962 connector has power and ground, you only need a single cable connection to the tool for both power and tool communications. Attach the OBD II adapter cable to the extender cable, both supplied with the tool, to connect the tool. Certain pins in the connector are reserved

.



1 - Manufacturer Reserved
2 - J1850 Bus+
3 - Manufacturer Reserved
4 - Chassis Ground
5 - Signal Ground
6 - CAN High, J-2284
7 - K Line, ISO 9141-2 & ISO/DIS 14230-4
8 - Manufacturer Reserved
9 - Manufacturer Reserved
10 - J1850 Bus
11 - Manufacturer Reserved
12 - Manufacturer Reserved
13 - Manufacturer Reserved
14 - CAN Low, J-2284
15 - L Line, ISO 9141-2 & ISO/DIS 14230-4
16 - Battery Power

Ford Historic

Ford used three types of DLCs with their historic (OBD I) systems. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**" for the adapter cable needed for your vehicle.

IMPORTANT **Use the Battery Power cable to provide power to the scan tool for all systems.**

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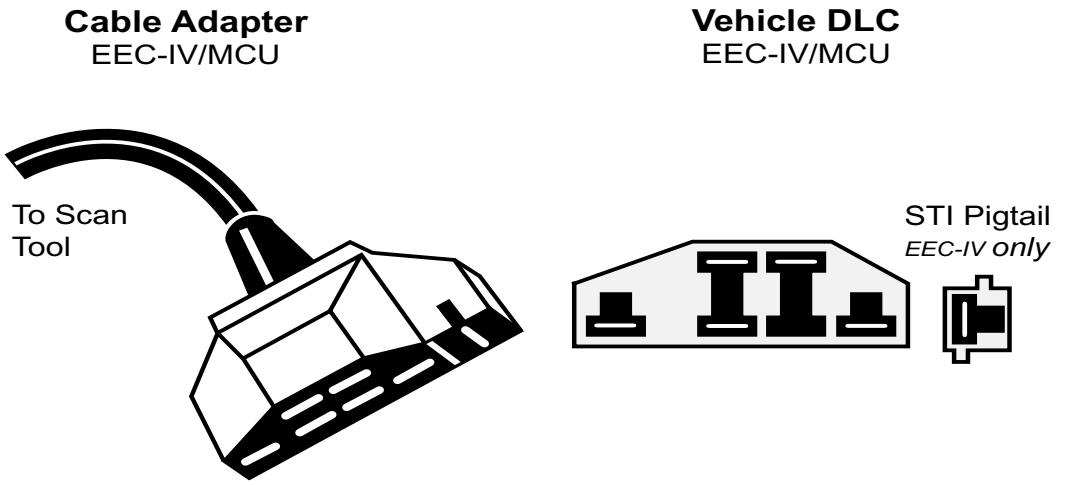
EEC-IV/MCU

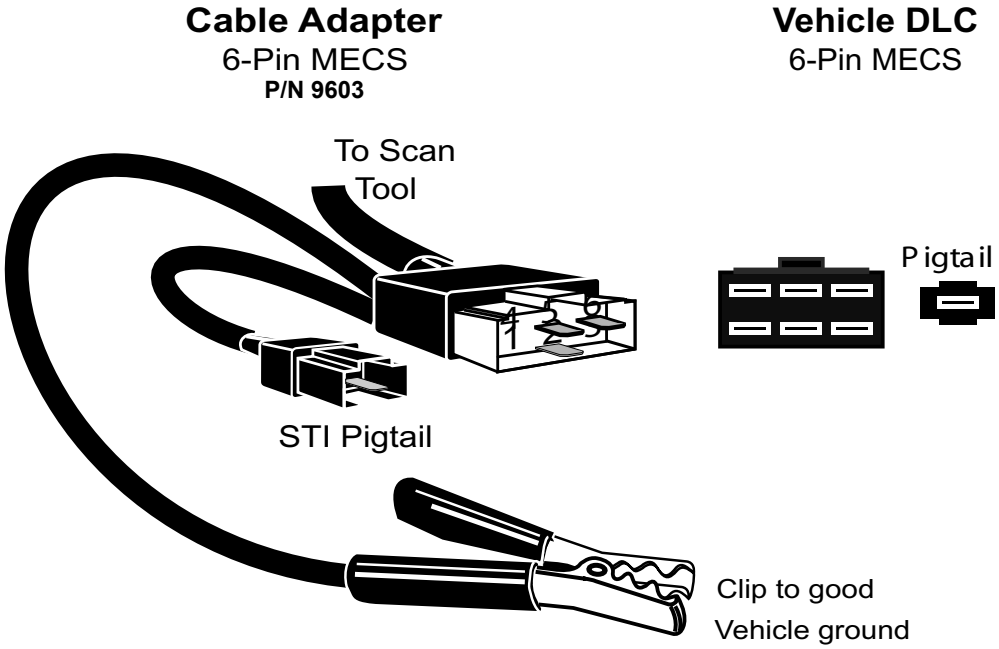
The **EEC-IV/MCU** DLC is a large six-sided connector with a pigtail connector. The pigtail connector is not used on MCU vehicles – leave the pigtail unattached. The EEC-IV/MCU cable adapter is included with the scan tool.



MECS

MECS vehicles (1988 –1995) use either a 6-pin (with pigtail) or a 17-pin DLC. Use the MECS 6-pin adapter cable kit (P/N 9603) for both configurations. The MECS adapter cable kit includes jumper wires to connect to the MECS 17-pin DLC. The MECS adapter cable kit is not included with this tool. It is available through your dealer. Use the following diagrams to connect the adapter cable.

6-Pin MECS



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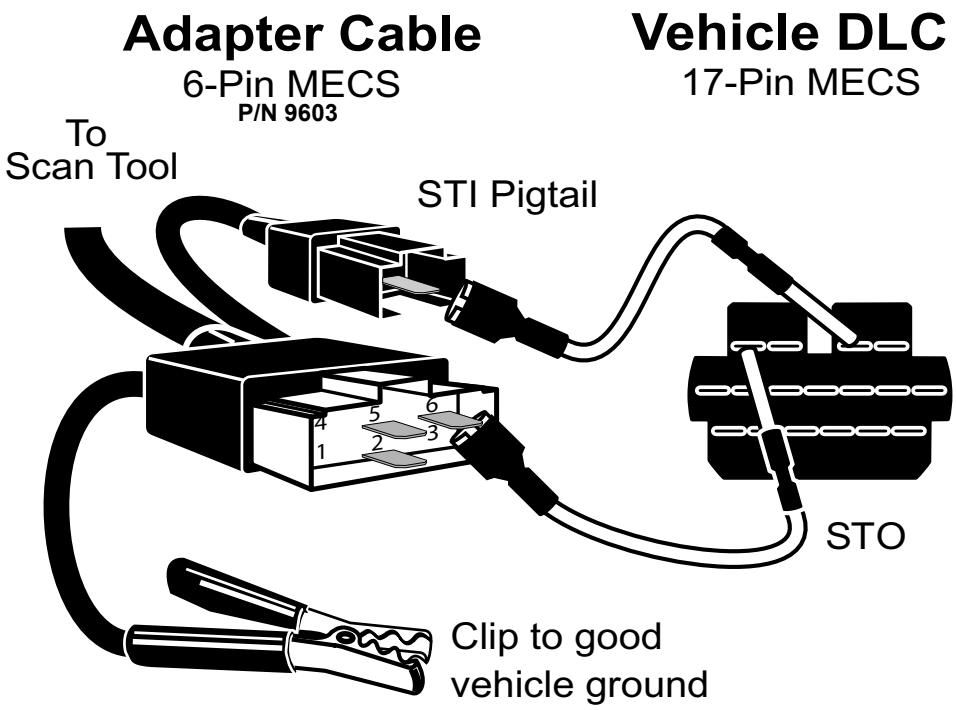
17-Pin MECS



2

MECS Ford Probe

IMPORTANT

Certain Ford Probes have a WHITE TACH CONNECTOR located very close to the 6-pin Self-Test connector and bundled in the same wiring harness. This is NOT the STI (Self Test Input) Pigtail.

Connect the pigtail to the **BLACK STI** connector located farther back on the wire harness. If the tool is connected to the **WHITE** Tach connector, serious damage may result and may void warranty. Refer to the illustration.

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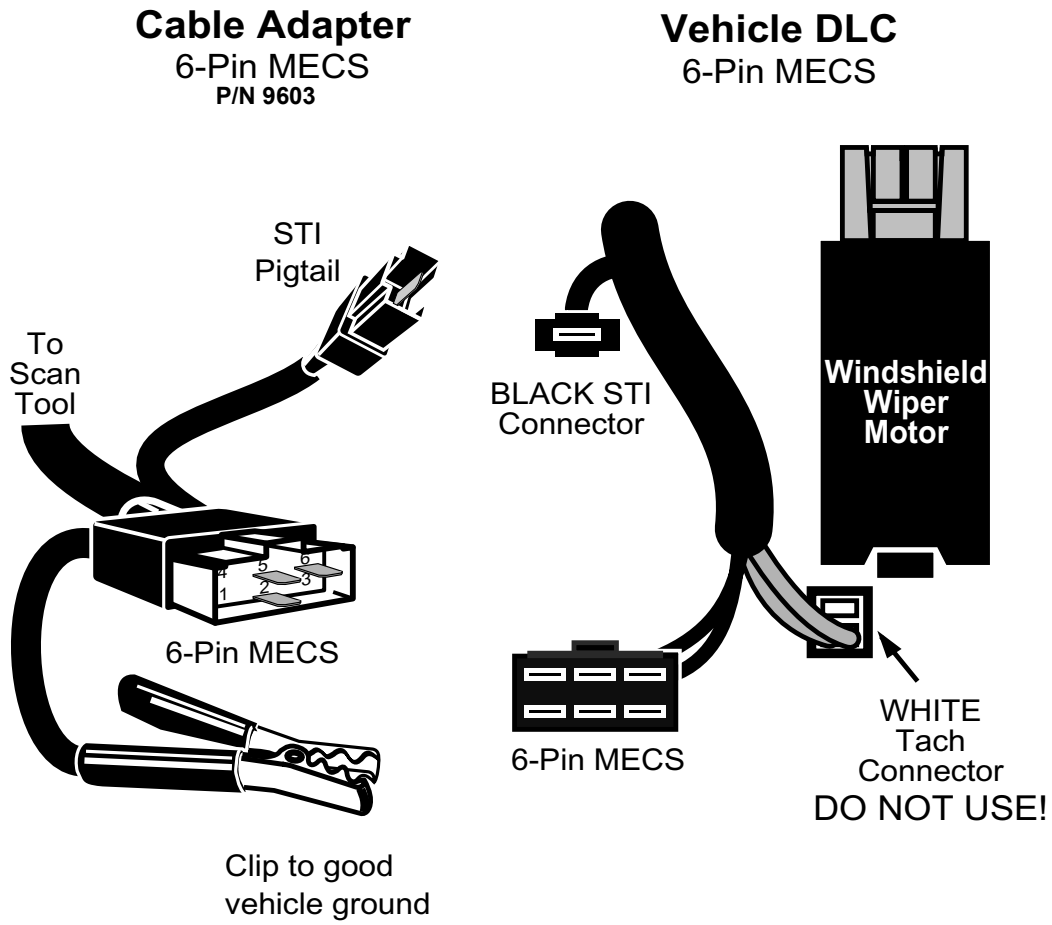


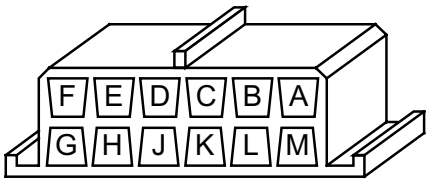
GM Historic

Prior to1996, most GM vehicles used the 12-pin Assembly Line Diagnostic Link (ALDL) DLC. The GM ALDL cable kit includes the ALDL adapter and cigarette lighter power cable. This adapter cable is included with the scan tool. In 1994 and 1995, certain GM vehicles use the J1962 (OBD II) DLC, but are not OBD II compliant. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**".

IMPORTANT **Use the Battery Power cable to provide 12V to the tool.**

The ALDL DLCs are usually located under the dashboard on the driver's side.

ALDL



On Corvettes & Fieros, the DLC may be located in the center console behind the ashtray. Refer to vehicle service manual for exact location. It may be in full view, or it may be recessed behind a panel. An opening in the panel should allow access to the recessed connector.

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Chrysler Historic

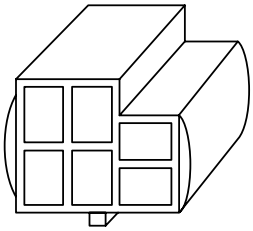
Prior to 1996, most Chrysler vehicles used either the SCI or LH DLC. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**" for DLC type and location. The SCI adapter cable is included with the scan tool. The LH adapter cable (P/N 9605) can be purchased from your dealer.

IMPORTANT **Use the Battery Power cable to provide 12V to the tool when using the SCI adapter cable.**

SCI

The SCI (serial communications interface) DLC is a 6-pin connector located in the engine compartment. The adapter cable to be used on these vehicles is supplied with the tool. This cable is labeled CHRY on the 15 pin DB style connector and SCI on the vehicle end.

SCI

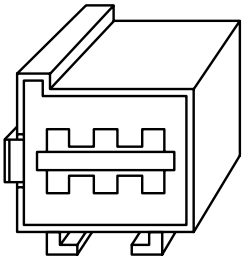


LH

The DLC is used on LH platform vehicles. The LH style DLC is a small, blue, rectangular 6-pin connector located in the passenger compartment below the dashboard to the right of the steering column.

The LH Adapter Cable (P/N 9605) is optional and must be purchased separately.

LH (P/N 9605)



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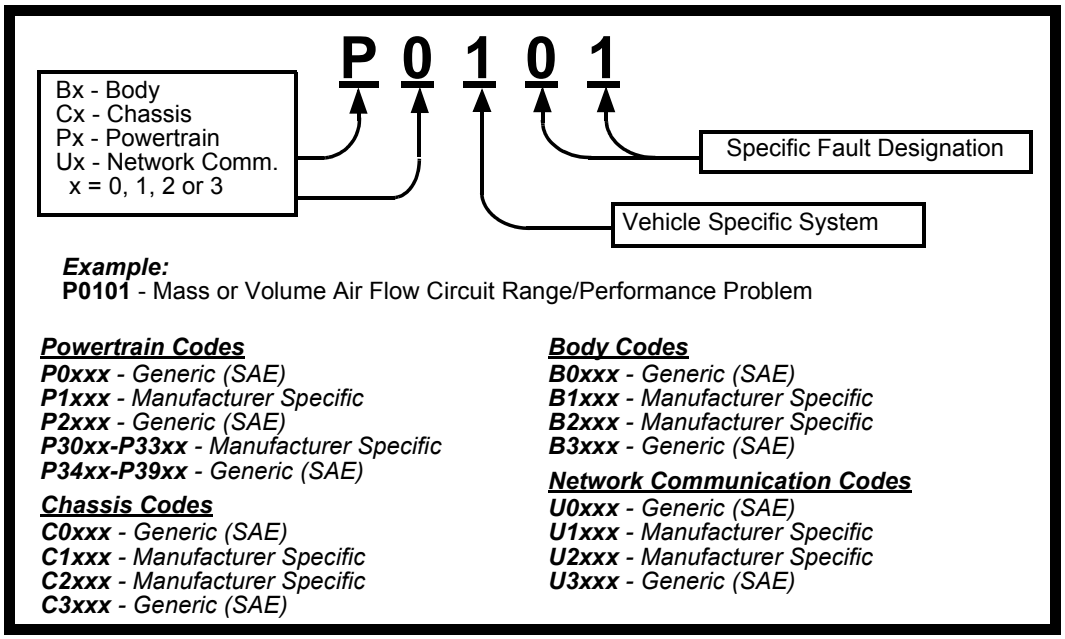
Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)

✓ Diagnostic Trouble Codes are used to help determine the cause of a problem or problems with a vehicle.

❒ Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) consist of a five-digit alphanumeric code.

The Diagnostic Trouble Codes format and general code types are shown below.



Example:
P0101 - Mass or Volume Air Flow Circuit Range/Performance Problem

Powertrain Codes
P0xxx *- Generic (SAE)*
P1xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
P2xxx *- Generic (SAE)*
P30xx-P33xx *- Manufacturer Specific*
P34xx-P39xx *- Generic (SAE)*

Chassis Codes
C0xxx *- Generic (SAE)*
C1xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
C2xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
C3xxx *- Generic (SAE)*

Body Codes
B0xxx *- Generic (SAE)*
B1xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
B2xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
B3xxx *- Generic (SAE)*

Network Communication Codes
U0xxx *- Generic (SAE)*
U1xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
U2xxx *- Manufacturer Specific*
U3xxx *- Generic (SAE)*

Within each general category, the DTCs are assigned to specific ranges that cover certain vehicle systems.

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Lower	Upper	Assigned DTC System
P0000	P00FF	Fuel Air Metering Auxiliary Emission Controls
P0100	P02FF	Fuel Air Metering
P0300	P03FF	Ignition System or Misfire
P0400	P04FF	Auxiliary Emission Controls
P0500	P05FF	Vehicle Speed Idle Control Auxiliary Inputs
P0600	P06FF	Computer and Auxiliary Outputs
P0700	P09FF	Transmission
P0A00	P0AFF	Hybrid Propulsion
P1000	P10FF	Manufacturer Control Fuel & Air Metering, Auxiliary Emission Controls
P1100	P12FF	Manufacturer Control Fuel & Air Metering
P1300	P13FF	Manufacturer Control Ignition System or Misfire
P1400	P14FF	Manufacturer Control Auxiliary emission Controls
P1500	P15FF	Manufacturer Cntrl Veh.Spd. Idle Speed Control Auxiliary Inputs

Lower	Upper	Assigned DTC System
P1600	P16FF	Manufacturer Control Auxiliary Inputs Auxiliary Outputs
P1700	P19FF	Manufacturer Control Transmission
P2000	P22FF	Fuel Air Metering Auxiliary emission Controls
P2300	P23FF	Ignition System or Misfire
P2400	P24FF	Auxiliary Emission Controls
P2500	P25FF	Auxiliary Inputs
P2600	P26FF	Computer and Auxiliary Outputs
P2700	P27FF	Transmission
P2900	P32FF	Fuel Air Metering Auxiliary Emission Controls
P3300	P33FF	Ignition System
P3400	P34FF	Cylinder Deactivation
U0000	U00FF	Network Electrical
U0100	U02FF	Network Communication
U0300	U03FF	Network Software
U0400	U04FF	Network Data

✓ J2012 and ISO 15031-6 are standards for all Diagnostic Trouble Codes, established by the SAE, International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and other governing bodies.

- ❒ Codes and definitions assigned by this specification are known as Generic OBDII codes.
- ❒ OBDII requires compliance to this standard, for all cars, light trucks, APVs, MPVs, and SUVs sold in the U.S.

Codes not reserved by the SAE are reserved for manufacturer and referred to as Manufacturer Specific Codes.

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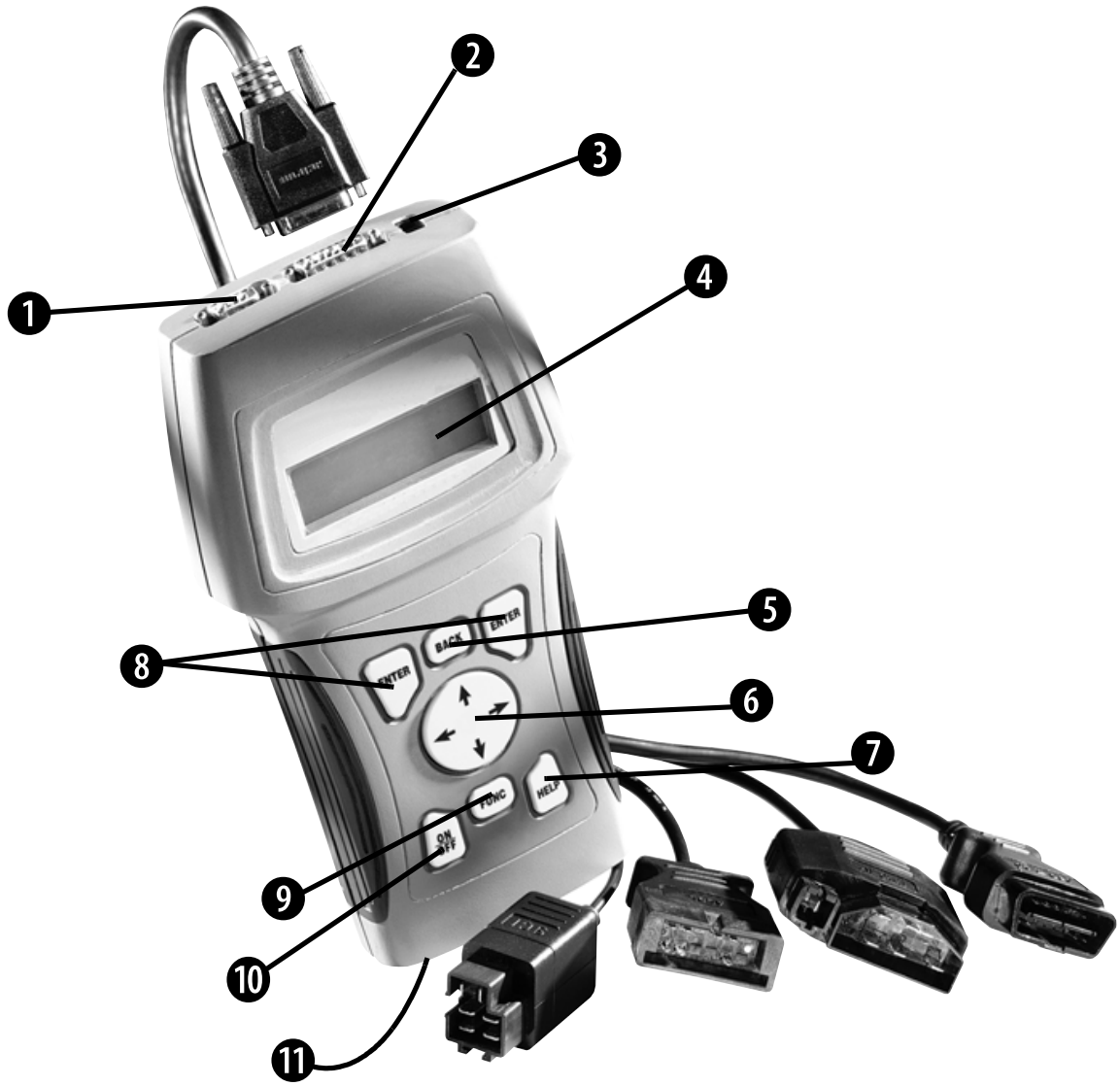
Section 3 – Using The Scan Tool

THE SCAN TOOL

❶ **Serial Port** (DB9 Male Connector) – provides a serial RS232 connection for a printer and for updating the software.
❷ **DLC Port** (DB15 Male Connector) – provides connection for vehicle interface.
❸ **12V Power Jack**
❹ **LCD Display** – backlit, 4 line x 20 character with contrast adjustment.
❺ **BACK** key – goes to the previous screen or level.
❻ **UP/DOWN** arrows – scrolls UP or DOWN and moves the selection pointer (▸). **LEFT/RIGHT** arrows – selects responses and moves cursor (⋰) in code lookup.
❼ **HELP key** – accesses the Help Function.
❽ **ENTER key** – selects displayed items.
❾ **FUNC** key – returns back to a function list or menu.
❿ **ON/OFF** key – turns power ON/OFF when not connected to vehicle.
⓫ **Battery compartment cover**.



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Specifications

Display: Backlit LCD, 4 line, 20 column, contrast adjust

Operating Temperature: 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)

Storage Temperature: -20 to 70°C (-4 to 158°F)

Internal Power: 6-AAA cells

External Power: 7 to 16 Volts

✓ Most vehicle control modules require at least 8.0 V to operate properly.

Power Dissipation: 3.5 Watts maximum

Dimensions:

Height	Width	Length
1.625"	5.25"	9.75"
41 mm	133 mm	248 mm

Weight: 3.16 lbs (1432 g)

Accessories

Standard 8 ft Extender Cable

Battery Power Cable (includes cigarette lighter adapter)
– Battery Clip Adapter — Optional

Adapter Cables: Standard OBD II (J1962) cable — Included
GM ALDL cable kit — Included
Ford EEC-IV/MCU cable kit — Included
Chrysler SCI cable kit — Included
9605 Chrysler LH cable kit — Optional
9603 Ford Probe/MECS cable kit — Optional

Optional / Replacement Parts are available from the:

- dealer where you originally purchased your tool.
- manufacturer contact customer service at **1-800-228-7667** (8:00 – 6:00 EST Monday – Friday) .

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Display

The scan tool uses a 4 line by 20 character, back-lit Liquid Crystal Display (LCD). The large viewing area displays messages, instructions, and diagnostic information. The contrast can be adjusted.

Seven characters help you navigate and operate the scan tool:

- ? appears in upper right corner of display to indicate Help is available.
- identifies the selection.
- indicates additional information is available on the next screen.
- indicates additional information is available on the previous screen.
- identifies selected items in data lists.
- Bell in lower right corner means the sound alert is on or active.
- Low battery symbol will appear in bottom right-hand corner of the screen at power-up if the internal batteries need replacement or are not installed.

Keyboard

The scan tool's software is designed for ease in operating and navigating through menus. Do not use solvents such as alcohol to clean the keypad or display. Use a mild nonabrasive detergent and a soft cotton cloth. Do not soak the keypad as water might find its way inside the scan tool.

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Power

✓ Refer to "**Scan Tool Does Not Power Up**" on page 9-1 if you encounter problems.

Internal Batteries

When the scan tool is not connected to the vehicle, the **ON/OFF** key turns ON the scan tool. Press and hold down the **ON/OFF** key for at least one second to turn ON the scan tool.

To conserve battery power, the scan tool disables the display's back-lighting and turns OFF after a period of inactivity.

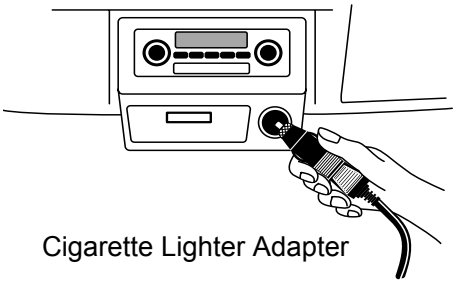
Each time the scan tool is powered up, the voltage of the batteries is checked. If the voltage is low, the Low Battery Symbol ( ) displays on the screen. Replace batteries using the instructions provided in "**Battery Replacement**" on page 9-3.

✓ If the scan tool will not be used for an extended period of time, remove the batteries to prevent electrolyte leakage from damaging the battery compartment.

Vehicle Power

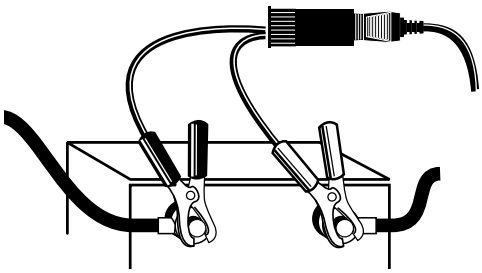
When using the OBD II J1962 or Chrysler LH adapter cables, the power to the tool comes from vehicle Data Link Connector (DLC). All other vehicles will require power connection to the cigarette lighter, accessory plug, or the vehicle battery using battery clip adapters. If you are unsure of what DLC adapter to use, then refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**".

Some vehicle cigarette lighters are not powered when the ignition is in the OFF position. Therefore, you may wish to use battery clip adapters.



Cigarette Lighter Adapter

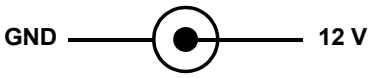
Battery Clip Adapter (optional)



AC Power Adapter

An AC power adapter (not included) can be used to power the tool when reprogramming from a personal computer or off-vehicle reviewing of codes and printing. 12V AC-DC converters are available at most PC and electronic stores.

The tool is equipped to accept any 110 Vac - 12 Vdc wall adapter with the following specifications:



- 300 mA minimum current unregulated wall power adapter.
- Adapter Dimensions: 5.5 mm Outside Diameter
- 2.5 mm Inside Diameter
- The Inside Tip is positive (+).

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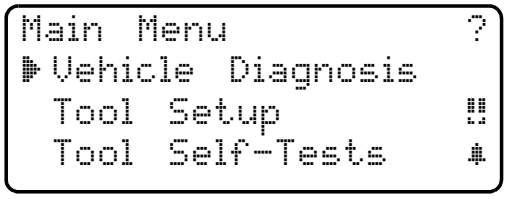
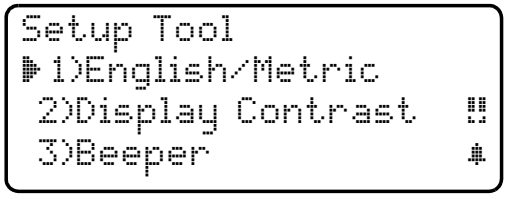
Scan Tool Setup



Tool Setup allows you to change the measurement units and LCD contrast, turn beeper On/Off and display tool information. The settings remain until the internal batteries become discharged.

Measurement Units



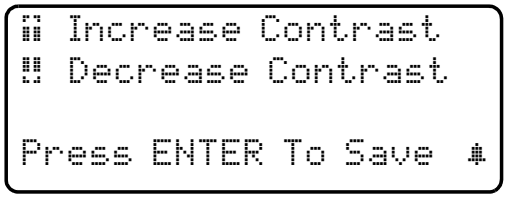
To change the measurement units, use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to select **English/Metric** and press **ENTER**.

In the ***Measurement Units*** menu, select **English** or **Metric** and then press **ENTER**. English is the default.

Press **ENTER** again to return to the ***Setup Tool*** menu.

3

Changing Display Contrast



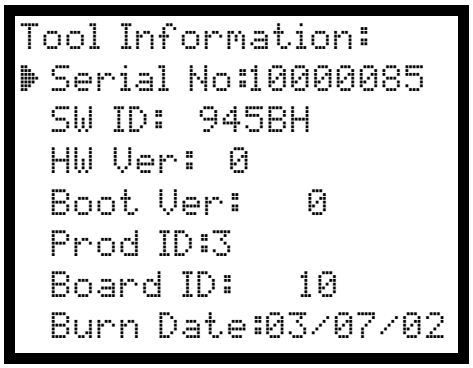
The display contrast can be adjusted from the ***Tool Setup*** menu. Select **Display Contrast** and press **ENTER**.

Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to increase and decrease the contrast. Press **ENTER** to save the setting and to return to the ***Setup Tool*** menu.

Beeper

Beeper selection allows the user to turn Off the tool's beeper. The bell symbol will not appear in the lower right hand corner of the display when the beeper is off.

Tool Information



This function allows you to view specific tool information that may be needed when contacting customer service.

Select **Tool Information** with the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys and press **ENTER**.

The information shown to the right displays on the screen. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view all the lines.

Press the **BACK** or **ENTER** key to return to the ***Setup Tool*** menu.

✓ Write this information in the space provided on the inside of the front cover.

Printer Interface

The scan tool is designed as a Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) device with a DB9M (9-pin D-shape male) connector to interface with a compatible serial printer.

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Compatible Printers

The printer must have a serial RS-232 interface circuit and be compatible with the Epson FX format. The following printers are recommended:

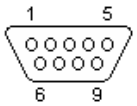
- ❒ Seiko DPU-414
- ❒ Kodak DICONIX 180si (serial printer model)
- ❒ Lexmark Model 2480 with optional serial interface (p/n 12T0154)
- ❒ Panasonic KX-P1131 printer

Cabling

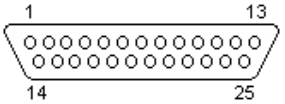
- ❒ **Type:** A standard RS-232 type cable.
- ❒ **Scan Tool end:** DB9F (female) connector.
- ❒ **Printer end:**

- Use a DB9M (male) connector for the Seiko and Kodak printers.
- Use a DB25 male connector for the Lexmark and Panasonic printers.
- If the printer uses a different connector, then an adapter or different RS-232 cable is required. Adapters are available at most local PC stores or electronics outlets.

DB9



DB25



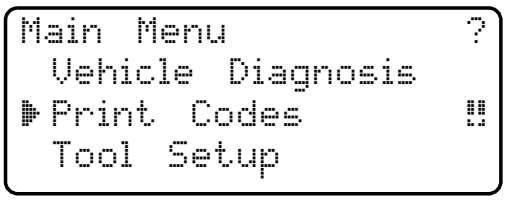
Serial Port Settings

- ❒ Default settings for the scan tool are: 9600 Baud, 8 Data Bits, No Parity and 1 Stop Bit.
- ❒ Ensure the settings on the scan tool and printer match.
- ❒ For the Lexmark and Panasonic printers, ensure the printer's interface selection is set to either "auto" or "serial".

The printer and scan tool must have the same communication settings. You can change the scan tool's settings if necessary.

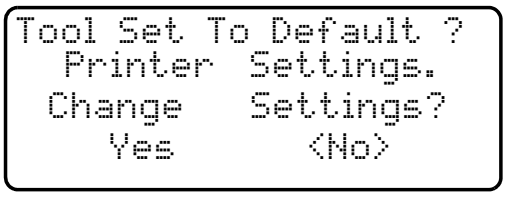
Changing the Printer Settings

Select either **Print Codes** from the ***Main Menu*** or **Print Data** from of the ***Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Next, the tool will inform you of the printer settings (Custom or Default), then ask if you wish to change them.

Select YES and press **ENTER**.The default values are designated on the display with the word (Default) next to the option.



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Refer to the printer manual for the settings. The changes made reside in the tool even when the tool is turned off.

Tool settings are as follows. Defaults are in [. . .]

- ❒ Baud Rate: [9,600], 1200, 2400
- ❒ Stop Bits: [1 Bit], 2 bits
- ❒ Parity: [None], Odd, Even
- ❒ Printer Speed: [Fast], Slow

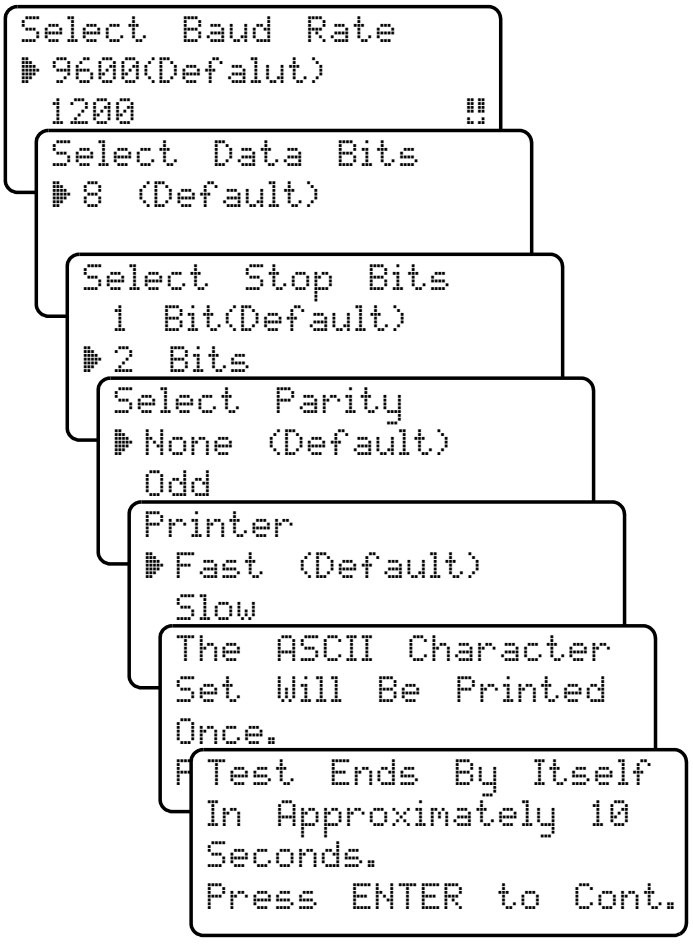
Press **ENTER** after selecting each setting. Follow the instructions displayed on the screens. For the printer to work properly, the tool and the printer must be set to the same configuration. Change the settings accordingly.

To change the settings, press the **LEFT** arrow and then **ENTER**.

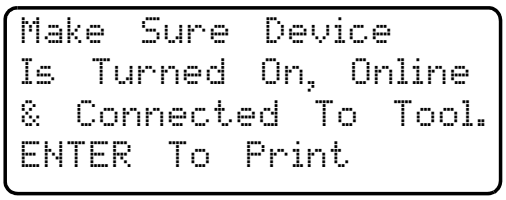
Use the **BACK** key to return to the previous menu.

The new printer settings are tested by printing the ASCII character set. Press to continue.

Make sure printer is turned ON, ONLINE and connected to the tool. Press the **ENTER** key to begin printing.



If the printout is not OK, then retry or change settings. If it is, press **ENTER** and the data transmits and prints.



A printout of the test looks similar to the example shown.

```
-[ Print Test ]-

!"#$%&'()*+,-./01234
56789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGH
IJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\
]^_`abcdefghijklmnop
qrstuvwxyz{|}~
```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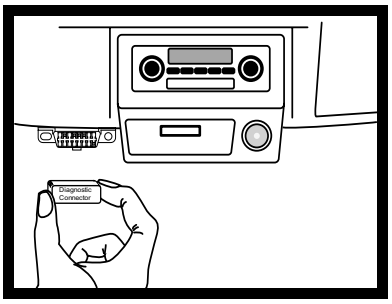
CONNECTING THE SCAN TOOL



To diagnose a vehicle, connect the DLC and power adapter (if applicable) to the scan tool. Refer to "**Diagnostic Link Connectors (DLC)**" on page 2-5 of **Getting Started**.

If you just want to power up the tool to do its self-tests, code lookup, review or printing data from the last vehicle tested, then you do not need to attach the cable to the Data Link Connector. The internal battery provides power for this.

When the scan tool powers up, a series of messages display on the screen beginning with a "Welcome" screen and ending with a "Key Button Help" screen. If you wish to review the key button definitions, push the **HELP** key; otherwise, press **ENTER** to continue.

```
Welcome To The
Professional
Enhanced Scan Tool
SW ID: XXXX
```


Vehicle Selection

When the tool powers up, the "Key Button Help" screen is followed by a ***Main Menu*** screen.

Pick **Vehicle Diagnosis** to begin Vehicle Selection. If there is a previous vehicle present, the tool displays that vehicle. You can choose the last vehicle selected or setup for a new vehicle. The tool retains all data retrieved from the last vehicle selected until any of the following occurs:

```
Main Menu                ?
▶Vehicle Diagnosis
 Tool Setup              ⇕
 Tool Self-Tests         ⇕
```

- ❒ A new vehicle is selected
- ❒ Internal AAA batteries are depleted or disconnected
- ❒ Tool is flash programmed to update software
- ❒ The last vehicle selected is kept but you choose Erase Data

You can either keep the previously selected vehicle or change it. If changing the vehicle, press the **RIGHT** arrow key and press **ENTER**. Otherwise, press **ENTER** to keep the current one.

```
     1995 Neon
  C=2.0L SFI SOHC

<KEEP>    CHANGE
```

Keep Current Vehicle

The next screen asks if you want to erase the stored data. The default is NO.

After pressing **ENTER**, the function list displays.

```
Erase All Stored
Data For Selected
Vehicle?
  YES      <NO>
```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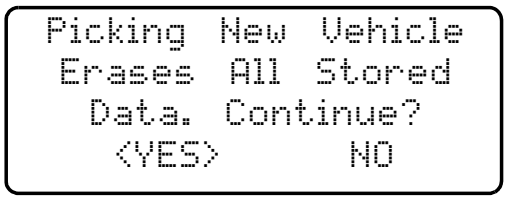
Changing the Vehicle

Changing vehicles erases all data stored in the tool. The default is YES.

Press **ENTER** to continue.



Four Vehicle Options are available: Global OBD II, Domestic Vehicles, European Vehicles, Asian Vehicles. Global OBD II does not require additional information and takes you directly to the function list. The other three require additional information so that the tool can communicate with the vehicle. For example, select GENERAL MOTORS.

✓ On GM vehicles the tool may require you to look at the VIN to determine the Series Model, Engine Size, etc.

GM Typical VIN

VIN Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Description of Number					Series	Line Chassis	Chassis Type	Engine Type		Model Year							

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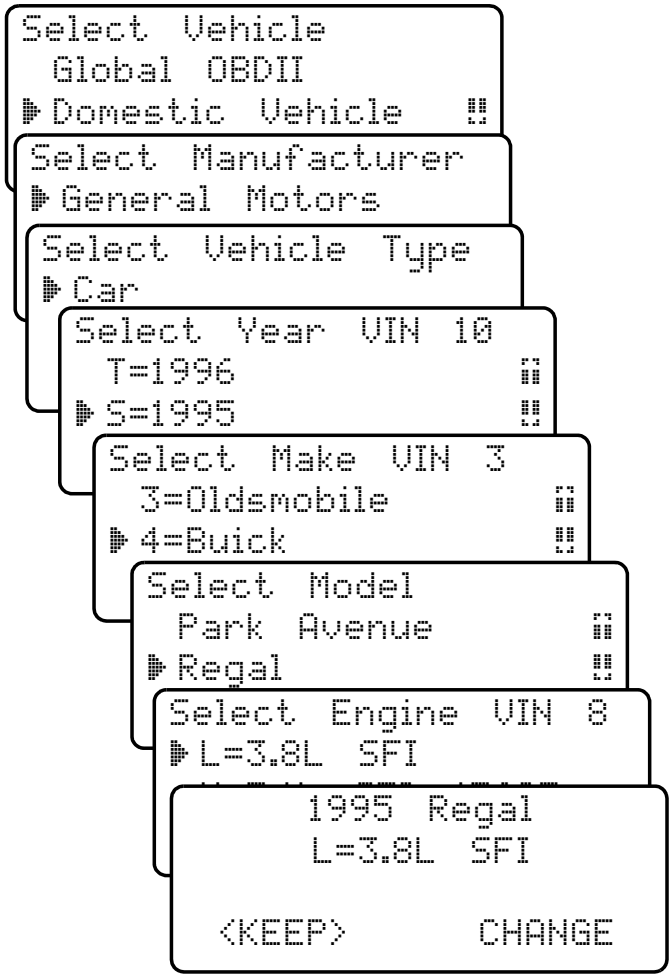
The menus provide a list of choices and reference the vehicle's VIN where applicable. The VIN is visible from outside the vehicle by looking through the base of the front windshield at the top of the dashboard on the driver's side. Because manufacturers use different VIN schemes, the tool will indicate which digit of the VIN to locate for information such as Year, Make and Engine.

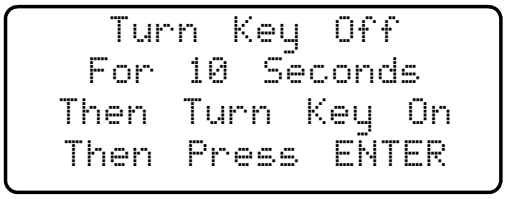
Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to move through the list.

If you make a mistake, press the **BACK** key to return to the previous menu.

At the last screen, press **ENTER**.



If a message displays, follow the instructions then press **ENTER**.



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User Interface

The scan tool is designed to be as intuitive as possible. All menu and lists operate the same way. Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to move **UP/DOWN** through the display or move the cursor (▶) to a selectable item. Press the **ENTER** key to select the function or item. To return to previous screens, press the **BACK** key. This information can be viewed on the scan tool by pressing the **HELP** key after powering up the scan tool.

If a list or message contains more than four lines, an arrow icon displays on the last column of the display to indicate the scrolling direction available: up (⁞) or down (⁞). Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to move line-by-line through the display. When the bottom of the list is reached, then only the ⁞ displays. At the top of the list, only the ⁞ displays.

For example: to read DTCs stored in the vehicle, move the cursor to **Read Codes** with the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys and press **ENTER**. To make a different choice, such as viewing data, use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to move the cursor down to **View Data** and press **ENTER**.

```
Function List          ?
▶3)Erase  DTC(Codes) ⁞
 4)View  Data        ⁞
 5)View Freeze Data  ⁞
```


User Responses

The scan tool may ask a question which requires a YES or NO response — brackets (< >) enclose the default one. To accept the default choice, press the **ENTER** key. To change the answer, press the **LEFT/RIGHT** arrow keys to move the brackets to another response and press **ENTER**.

```
View Instructions
For Creating Custom
    Data List?
   Yes      <No>   ⁞
```

Viewing Data

Viewing data allows you to observe sensor data and the operation of switches, solenoids, and relays. As the computer monitors the vehicle, the parameter Identification (PID) data is transmitted to the scan tool.

```
Function List          ?
 3)Erase  DTC(Codes) ⁞
▶4)View  Data        ⁞
 5)View Freeze Data  ⁞
```

For viewing options, select **View Data** from the ***Function List*** and press **ENTER**.

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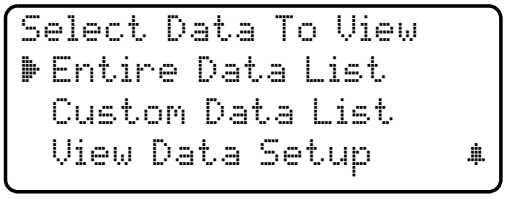
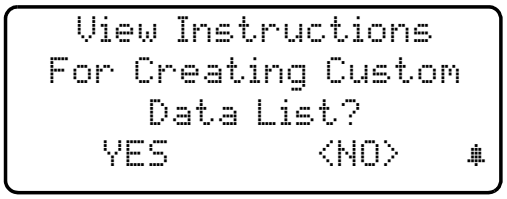
Entire Data List

The **Entire Data List** shows all supported parameter identification (PID) data for the vehicle being tested. When the scan tool makes a recording, the data from all supported PIDs are stored in the scan tool.

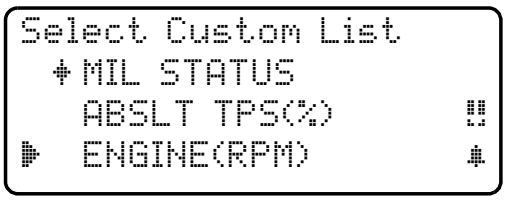


Custom Data List

The **Custom Data List** allows you to select certain PIDs from the **Entire Data List**, such as those PIDs that pertain to a specific driveability symptom or system. The scan tool asks if you want to view the instructions.



Once in the ***Custom Data List*** menu, follow the instructions described below. A ✚ symbol will be displayed next to all selected PIDs. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the list.



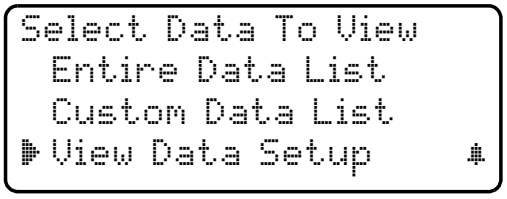
- Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to move up and down through the list.
- **UP** arrow: Moves the cursor up the data list.
- **DOWN** arrow: Moves the cursor down the data list.
- **RIGHT** arrow: Selects or deselects a data parameter. All selected data values are marked with ✚ symbol.
- **LEFT** arrow: Deselects **all** marked data parameters.
- **ENTER** key: Starts playing back data, recording data, or displaying selected data parameters.

Once in the **Custom Data List** selection screens, follow the instructions described above to build a Custom Data List. Data parameters or Parameter Identification Data (PID) will follow in alphabetical order.

When you are done selecting the PIDs, press the **ENTER** key to view selected PID values. Press the **BACK** key twice to return to the ***Select Data To View*** menu.

View Data Setup

View Data Setup changes the number of lines shown on the screen. Selecting fewer lines provides faster update speeds. The default is four-line display.



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Section 4 – Global OBDII Diagnostics

The first time scan tool links to the vehicle, communication is automatically detected, and is used until scan tool is turned OFF or another vehicle is diagnosed.

✓ If an **Error Message** displays, make sure OBDII connector is attached, and ignition key is ON. Cycle ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required to reset computer. If required, select YES to try again. If problem still exists, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

✓ On initial link to vehicle, Scan Tool checks status of **I/M Monitors** no matter which function is selected.

MANUAL INFO

The **Manual Info** function, tells user what section of manual to use. This section covers **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

I/M READINESS

The **I/M Readiness** (Inspection and Maintenance) function displays state of vehicle's OBD II Monitors. Monitors are tests to verify operation of emission related systems or components and detect out-of-range values. Vehicle may have to be operated under certain driving conditions to initiate a monitor. If vehicle loses electrical power or codes are erased, monitors may be cleared. This function can be performed with key ON — engine OFF (KOEO) or key ON — engine Running (KOER).

Abbreviations and names for OBDII Monitors supported by Scan Tool are shown below. They are required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Not all monitors are supported by all vehicles.

Abbreviated Name	Expanded Name
Misfire Monitor	Misfire Monitor
Fuel System Mon	Fuel System Monitor
Com Component	Comprehensive Components Monitor
Catalyst Mon	Catalyst Monitor
Htd Catalyst	Heated Catalyst Monitor
Evap System Mon	Evaporative System Monitor
Sec Air System	Secondary Air System Monitor
A/C Refrig Mon	Air Conditioning Refrigerant Monitor
Oxygen Sens Mon	Oxygen Sensor Monitor
Oxygen Sens Htr	Oxygen Sensor Heater Monitor
EGR System Mon	Exhaust Gas Recirculation System Monitor

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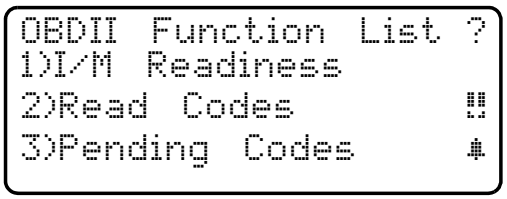
Vehicles may support two types of I/M Readiness:

- ❒ ***SINCE DTCs CLEARED*** shows monitor status since DTCs were erased.
- ❒ ***THIS DRIVING CYCLE*** shows monitor status since current drive cycle started.

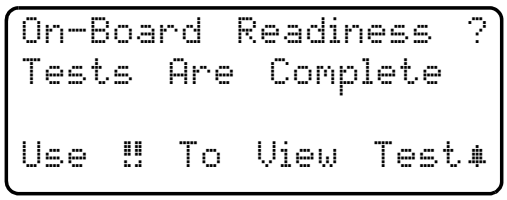
If monitors are not supported for ***THIS DRIVING CYCLE***, Scan Tool only shows monitors for ***SINCE DTCs CLEARED*** with no header on line 1.

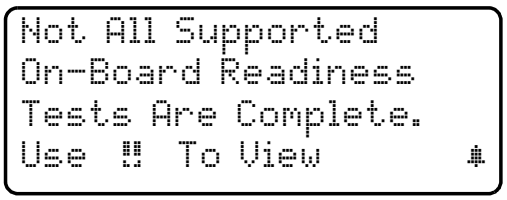
Select **I/M Readiness** from ***OBDII Function List*** menu and press **ENTER**.



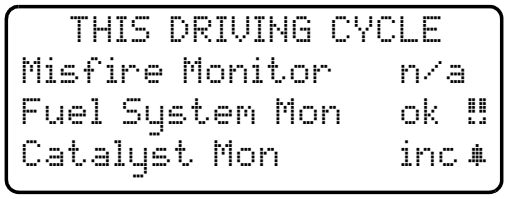
Scan Tool displays message stating whether or not I/M Readiness monitors are completed.

4





Use **DOWN** arrow key to view monitor statuses. If both monitor types are supported, use **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to toggle between monitor types.



- A status of **"OK"** means required driving conditions for that monitor have been met and monitor has ran to completion.
- A status of **"Inc"** means required driving conditions for that monitor have not been met or monitor did not complete its cycle.
- A status of **"N/A"** means vehicle does not support that monitor.

When done, press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

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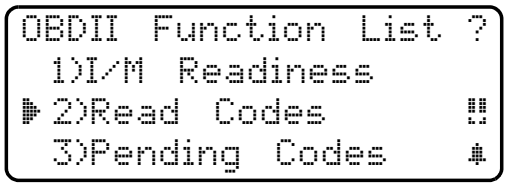
READ CODES

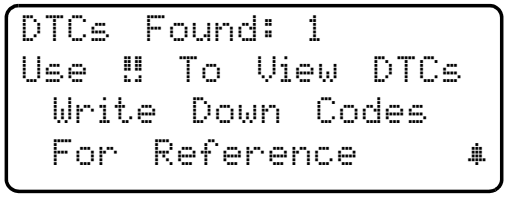
The **Read Codes** function gets Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) from vehicle's computer module(s). **Read Codes** function can be done with Key On Engine Off (KOEO) or Key On Engine Running (KOER).

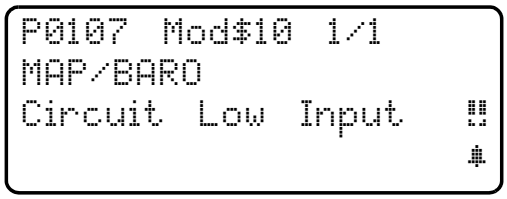
These codes cause computer to light Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) when emission-related or driveability fault occurs. MIL is also known as "service engine soon" or "check engine" lamp.

Select **Read Codes** and press **ENTER**. Scan Tool gets DTCs stored in vehicle's computer module(s).



Scan Tool displays DTCs or a message stating SYSTEM PASS: NO CODES FOUND. Scroll down to view DTCs or press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List.***





Write down DTCs for reference and press **BACK** to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

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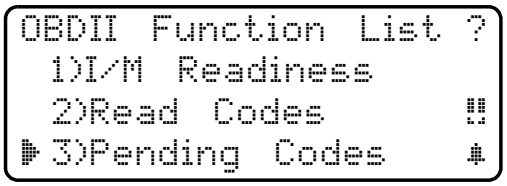
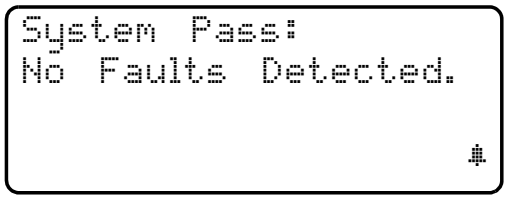
PENDING CODES

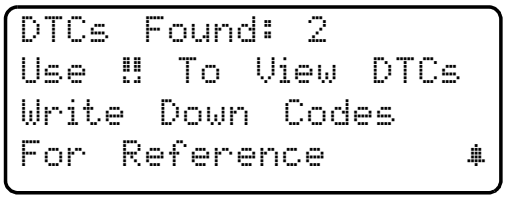
Pending Codes are also referred to as “continuous monitor” and “maturing codes”. An intermittent fault causes computer to store a code in memory. If fault does not occur within 40 warm-up cycles, code clears from memory. If fault occurs a specific number of times, code matures into a DTC and MIL lights or blinks. This function can be done with KOEO or KOER.

Select **Pending Codes** and press **ENTER** key.

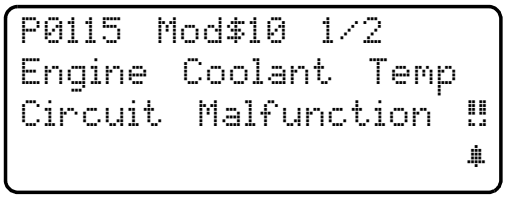


Scan Tool displays Pending DTCs or a message stating SYSTEM PASS: NO FAULT DETECTED.





Use **DOWN** arrow key to view DTCs or press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List.*** If these tests show a fault, DTCs display in same format as **Read Codes**. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view pending DTC(s).



Press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

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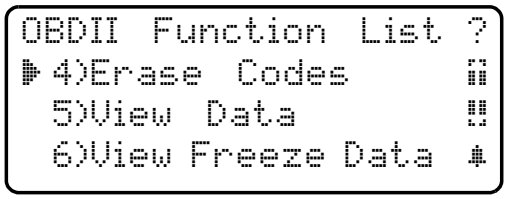
ERASE CODES

The **Erase Codes** function deletes DTCs from vehicle's computer memory. It may also erase Freeze Frame, O2 Sensor Data, System Monitors, and On-Board Monitor test results. Perform this function only after systems have been checked completely and DTCs have been documented. This function should be performed with KOEO — Do not START engine.

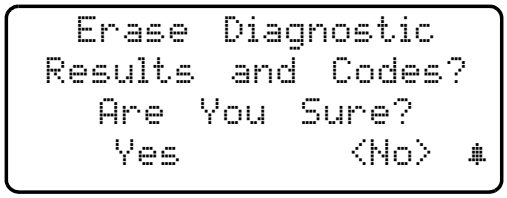
After servicing vehicle, erase stored DTCs and verify no codes have been reset. If DTCs return, problem has not been fixed or other faults are present.

✓ In addition to clearing DTCs, **Erase Codes** function may also erase Freeze Frame, O2 Sensor Data, System Monitors, and On-Board Monitor test results.

Select **Erase Codes** and press **ENTER** key.

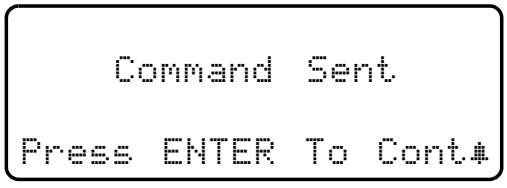


Message appears asking if sure. Press **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to move brackets to response and press **ENTER**.



Selecting NO displays a COMMAND CANCELLED message prompting to press **ENTER** to continue back to ***OBDII Function List***.

Selecting YES displays a screen prompting to turn ignition KOEO, press **ENTER** key to continue.



Scan Tool sends erase command. Press **ENTER** to continue and return to ***OBDII Function List***.

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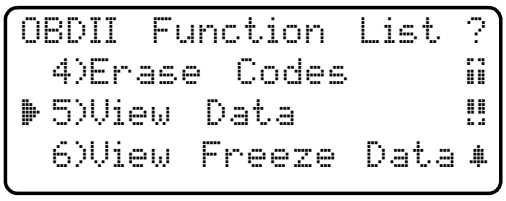
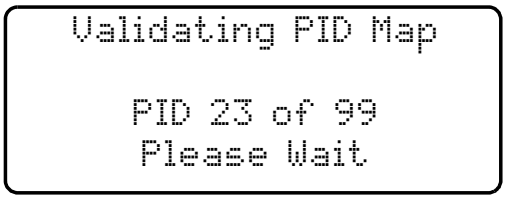
VIEW DATA

The **View Data** function allows "real time" viewing of vehicle's Parameter Identification (PID) data. As computer monitors vehicle, information is simultaneously transmitted to scan tool. Apart from **Read Codes**, **View Data** is the most useful diagnostic function for isolating cause of a vehicle operation problem. Viewing data is also used for observing sensor data and status of switches, solenoids, and relays.

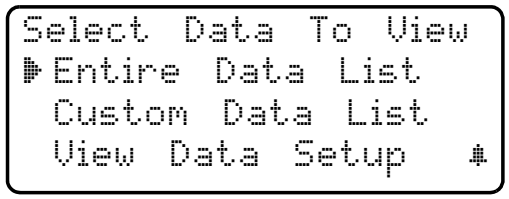
Select **View Data** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Scan tool asks vehicle to provide global PIDs it supports.

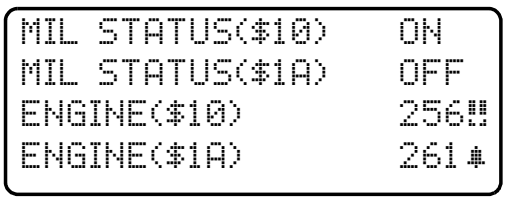


After generating PID list, scan tool displays menu with display options. Use **UP**/**DOWN** to select option and press **ENTER**. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 to setup data list.



After making selection, press **ENTER** to establish a communication link. Multiple PIDs may be sent if vehicle is equipped with more than one computer module — Powertrain Control Module (PCM), Transmission Control Module (TCM), etc. Scan tool identifies them by their identification names (ID) assigned by manufacturer (i.e. $40 or $1F).

If Scan Tool receives multiple responses for a PID, such as MIL STATUS, Scan Tool displays PID and with computer module ID blinking in parentheses.



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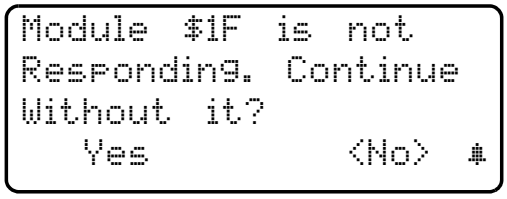
If one or more control modules stops responding, tool displays message that it is not responding.



If choosen to continue, dashes will replace data in right-hand column. If NO is selected, then scan tool attempts to reestablish communication with that module.

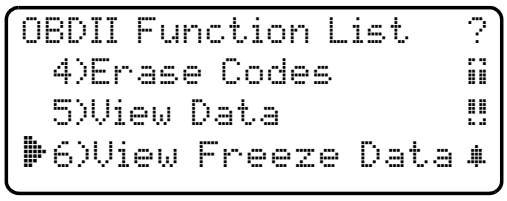
Press **FUNC** to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

VIEW FREEZE DATA

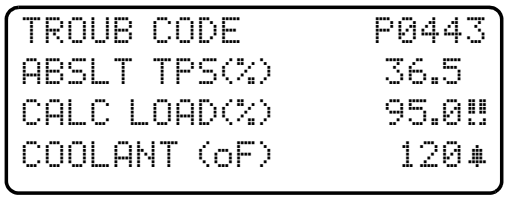
When an emission-related fault occurs, certain vehicle conditions are recorded by the on-board computer. This information is referred to as Freeze Frame data. The information is a "snapshot" of operating conditions at time of fault. This data can be overwritten by faults with a higher priority.

✓ If codes were erased, then freeze frame data may not be stored in vehicle memory.

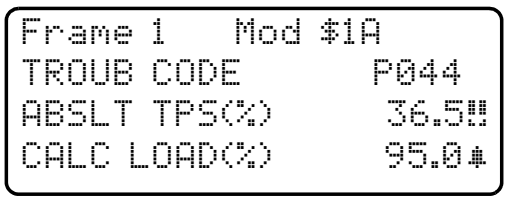
Select **View Freeze Data** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Scan tool links to vehicle, and verifies PIDs and displays data. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to move through list.



If more than one computer module responds with freeze frame data, then frame number and module display on first line of Scan Tool. Press **LEFT**/**RIGHT** key to change modules.



When done, press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

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O2 MONITOR TEST

✓ **The O2 Monitor Test is NOT AN ON-DEMAND TEST.** O2 sensors are NOT tested when selected via the menu. O2 sensors are tested when engine operating conditions are within specified limits.

✓ If vehicle communicates using a Controller Area Network (CAN), O2 Monitor tests are NOT supported by vehicle. A message is displayed. See Diagnostic Monitor Test to see O2 Monitor data.

OBDII regulations require applicable vehicles monitor and test oxygen (O2) sensors to determine problems related to fuel and emissions. The **O2 Monitor Test** allows retrieval of completed O2 sensors monitor test results.

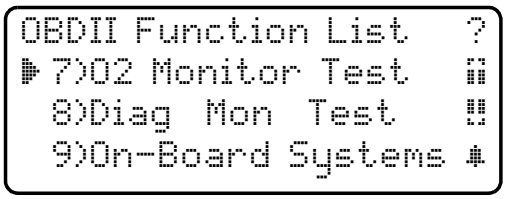
O2 sensors are located before (upstream) and after (downstream) catalyst(s). Sensors are named (xy) for their position to both cylinder banks and catalysts.

- The O2 sensor for cylinder bank 1 has prefix **1**y while O2 sensor for cylinder bank 2 has prefix **2**y.
- The O2 sensor upstream of catalyst (closest to engine) has suffix x**1** while O2 sensor downstream of catalyst has suffix x**2**. If vehicle contains more catalysts, O2 sensor downstream of second catalyst has suffix x**3** and O2 sensor downstream of next catalyst has suffix x**4**.
- For example, **O2S21** is upstream O2 sensor for cylinder bank 2.

The following O2 sensor tests are available:

1) Rich to Lean sensor threshold voltage
2) Lean to Rich sensor threshold voltage
3) Low sensor voltage for switch time
4) High sensor voltage for switch time
5) Rich to Lean sensor switch time
6) Lean to Rich sensor switch time
7) Minimum sensor voltage test cycle
8) Maximum sensor voltage test cycle
9) Time between sensor transitions
10) Sensor Period

Select **O2 Monitor Test** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



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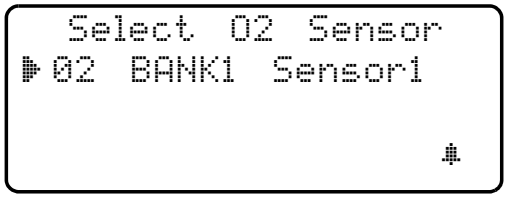
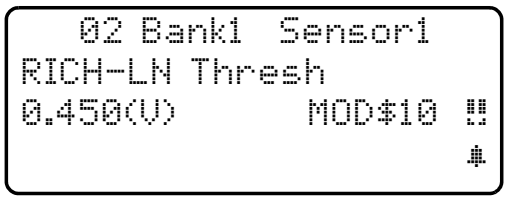
Select Oxygen Sensor information to view.



✓ The O2 sensors located upstream (before catalyst) may perform differently than ones located downstream (after catalyst).

View test information by using **UP** and **DOWN** arrows.



4

Press **BACK** key to return to ***O2 Sensor Tests*** menu or press **FUNC** to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR TESTS

The **Diagnostic Monitor Test** function is useful after servicing or after erasing vehicle's memory. Test results do not necessarily indicate a faulty component or system.

Non-CAN vehicles **Diagnostic Monitor Tests** receives test results for emission-related powertrain components and systems not continuously monitored.

CAN vehicles **Diagnostic Monitor Tests** receives test results for emission-related powertrain components and systems that are or are not continuously monitored.

✓ Vehicle manufacturer is responsible for assigning test and component IDs.

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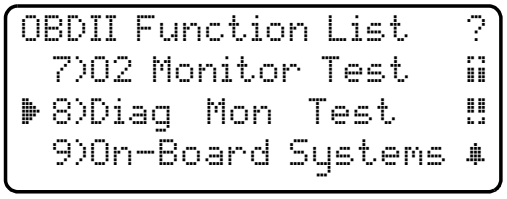
Select **Diag Mon Test** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Applicable tests are displayed . Select a test and press **ENTER**.

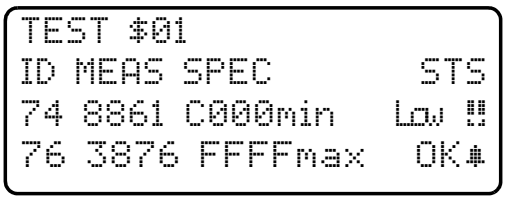
Non-CAN Vehicles

OR

CAN Vehicles

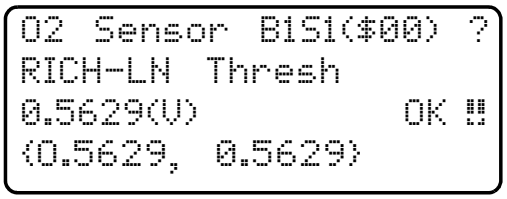
4

Requested test results are displayed on Scan Tool



Non-CAN Vehicles

OR



CAN Vehicles

✓ On *Non-CAN vehicles* Scan Tool displays:

- ❒ On the 1st line is where the test data (test ID) came from.
- ❒ On the 2nd line is the test performed
- ❒ On the 3rd and 4th line is the test measurement (MEAS), specification value (SPEC) and status (STS). Measurements and Specification values are hexadecimal numbers (i.e., $1A, $FE, $11.)

✓ On *CAN vehicles* Scan Tool displays:

- ❒ On the 1st line is where the monitor test data came from. For example ($00)represents the source module id from where the data originated.
- ❒ On the 2nd line is the test performed. The test performed can be $## if test is not defined. Refer to vehicle service manual for details.
- ❒ On the 3rd line are the measured value and units measured in (Volts, Amps, Seconds, etc.) and status of monitor test data.
- ❒ On the 4th line the low and high limits are shown for the monitor test data.

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If additional tests are present use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view test results.

Refer to appropriate vehicle service manual for test IDs and definitions.

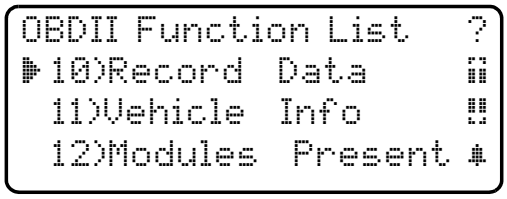
Press **BACK** key to return to the ***Diag Mon Test*** menu or press **FUNC** key to return to ***OBDII Function List.***

ON-BOARD SYSTEMS

The **On-Board Systems** test allows scan tool to control operation of vehicle components, tests or systems. Some manufacturers do not allow tools to control vehicle systems. A vehicle not supporting an on-board system is identified by a message displayed when selected.

✓ Refer to vehicle service manual for on-board systems instructions.

Select **On-Board Systems** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



A list of on-board systems and components available for testing display on screen.

Select a test and press **ENTER** to activate test. Manufacturer is responsible for determining criteria to automatically stop test. Refer to appropriate vehicle service manual.

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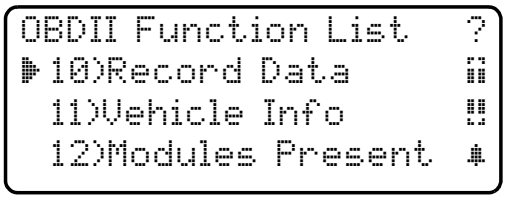
RECORD DATA

The **Record Data** function records PIDs while vehicle is parked or being driven. This function is mainly used for diagnosing intermittent driveability problems that cannot be isolated by any other method.

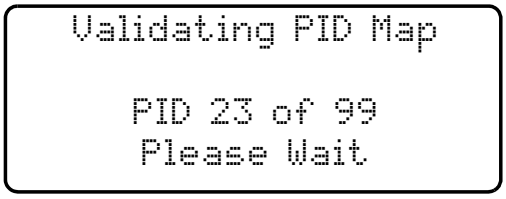
⚠CAUTION **Two people MUST be in vehicle when driving — one to drive and the other to operate scan tool.**

Select **Record Data** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



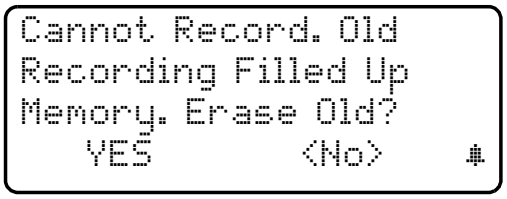
Follow all instructions on display.

Scan tool asks vehicle to provide global PIDs vehicle supports.



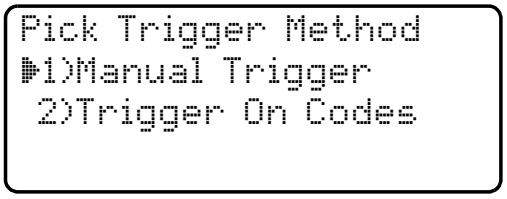
✓ Scan tool can maintain only one recording per group. Make sure to thoroughly review old recording before erasing.

If a recording currently exists in memory, a message prompting to erase data is displayed.



After list is generated, scan tool prompts to select type of data to record. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 to setup Entire or Custom Data Lists.

On next screen, select a triggering method. **Manual Trigger** allows technician to use **ENTER** key. **Trigger On Codes** automatically triggers when a DTC is indicated by vehicle.



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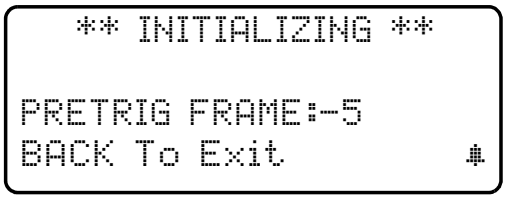
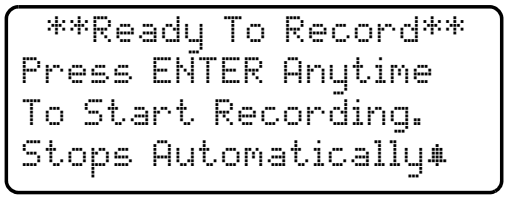
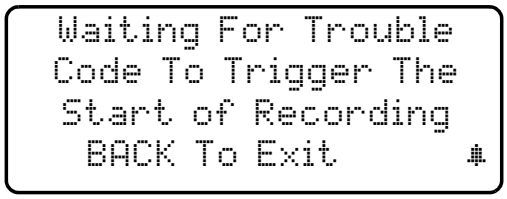
Once trigger method is selected, scan tool will begin recording data. When trigger event (either a DTC or a Press of **ENTER** key) occurs, time is recorded and data from last five frames are saved. Data will continue to be saved until either record memory is full or technician presses **ENTER**.





Press **BACK** key twice to return to ***OBDII Function List***.



✓ Scan tool can maintain only one recording at a time. Make sure to thoroughly review old recording before erasing.

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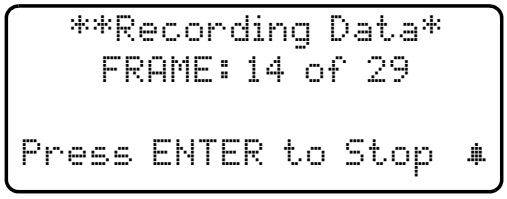
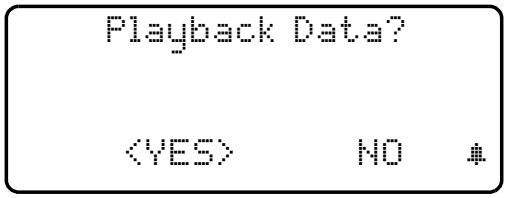
Scan tool recording time varies. A recording consists of 5 frames of data prior to trigger and several frames after trigger. The amount of PIDs recorded determine number of frames.



After recording, Scan Tool displays a prompt to playback recording. Answer NO to return to ***OBDII Function List***.



Answer YES to display recorded data. Refer to **"Playback**" on page 4-18 for description of function.

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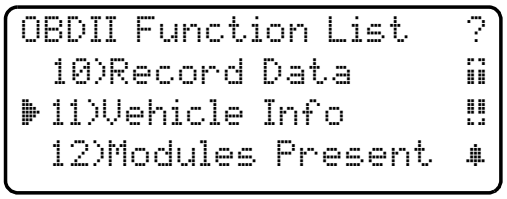
VEHICLE INFO

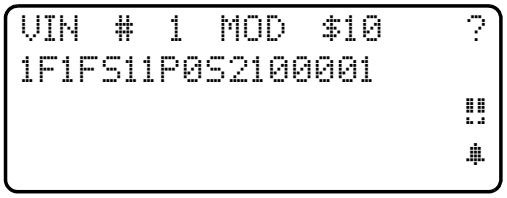
The ***Vehicle Info*** function allows scan tool to request vehicle's VIN number, calibration ID(s) which identifies software version in vehicle control module(s), Calibration Verification Numbers (CVN(s)) and In-Use Performance tracking.

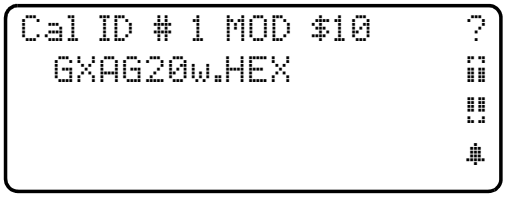
- ✓ ***Vehicle Info*** function applies to model year 2000 and newer OBD II compliant vehicles.
- ✓ The Scan Tool cannot verify if data is correct for scanned vehicles.
- ✓ Calibration Verification Numbers (CVNs) are calculated values required by OBD II regulations.
- ✓ The CVN calculation may take several minutes.
- ✓ CVNs are reported to determine if emission-related calibrations have been changed. Multiple CVNs may be reported for a control module.
- ✓ In-Use Performance Tracking, tracks performance of key Readiness Monitors.
- ✓ The calculation may take several minutes first time CVNs are requested.

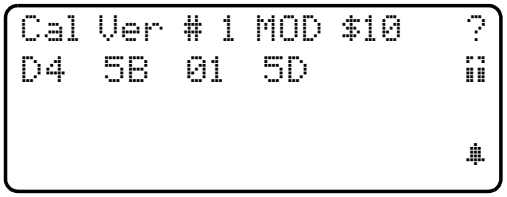
Select **Vehicle Info** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Scan Tool displays VIN, Calibration ID, and CVNs if supported by vehicle. In following examples, Module 10 returned data. Scroll down to view information. CVNs are shown as hexadecimal number.







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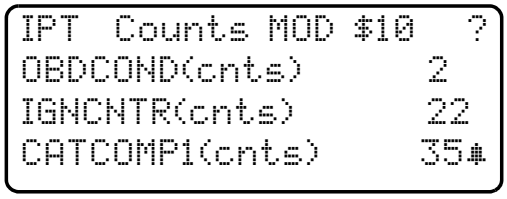
Scan Tool displays in-use performance tracking data, if supported by vehicle. In following examples, Module 10 returned data. Scroll down to view information.



Abbreviations and names for In-Use Performance Tracking Data supported by Scan Tool are shown below. Not all data is supported by all vehicles.

Abbrieviated Name	Expanded Name
IPT	In-use Performance Tracking
OBDCOND	OBD Monitoring Conditions Encountered Counts
IGNCNTR	Ignition Counter
CATCOMPx	Catalyst Monitor Completion Counts Bank x
CATCONDx	Catalyst Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank x
O2SCOMPx	O2 Sensor Monitor Completion Counts Bank x
O2SCONDx	O2 Sensor Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts Bank x
EGRCOMP	EGR Monitor Completion Condition Counts
EGRCOND	EGR Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts
AIRCOMP	AIR Monitor Completion Condition Counts (Secondary Air)
AIRCOND	AIR Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts (Secondary Air)
EVAPCOMP	EVAP Monitor Completion Condition Counts
EVAPCOND	EVAP Monitor Conditions Encountered Counts

If message INVALID displays on screen, then data returned is incorrect, or not formatted in accordance with OBDII specification. Press **BACK** or **ENTER** key to return to ***OBDII Function List.***

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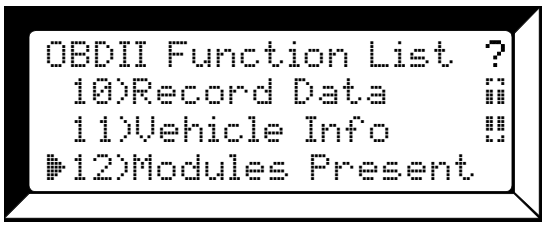
MODULES PRESENT

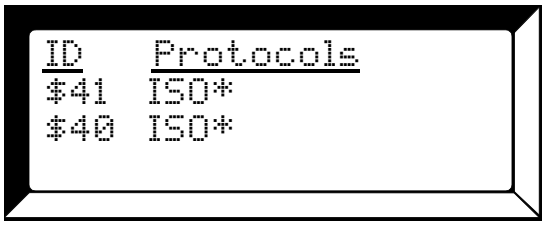
The Scan Tool identifies the module IDs and communication type for OBDII modules in the vehicle.

Select **Modules Present** from the ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



✓ Types of Protocols (communication types) supported by Scan tool are:

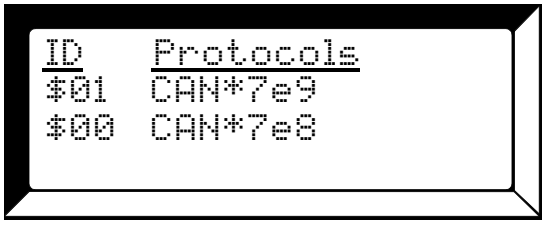
•ISO 9141-2 protocol will be shown as ISO



•SAE J1850 protocol will be shown as VPWM OR PWM

OR

•ISO 15765-4 protocol will be shown as CAN.



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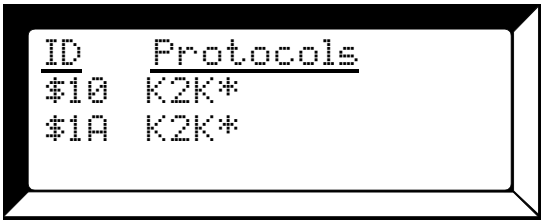
NOTE: Since CAN vehicles use module ID's larger than 2 digits, the Scan Tool will assign a 2 digit module ID to be used in place of the actual CAN module ID. The Module ID assigned for the CAN Module ID will be used in all functions of Scan Tool.

•ISO 14230-4 protocol will be shown as K2K (Keyword 2000.)



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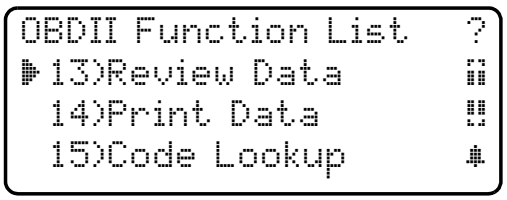
REVIEW DATA

The **Review Data** function allows operator to review information stored in Scan Tool's memory. Scan tool does not require power from vehicle to do this function. Internal battery power can be used.

Select **Review Data** from ***OBDII Function List*** and press **ENTER**.

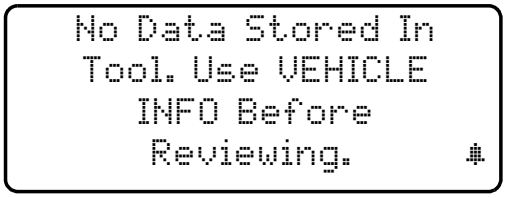


Scan tool displays ***Review Data*** screen with nine types of data to review.

1) I/M Readiness
2) DTC (Codes)
3) Pending Codes
4) Freeze Frame
5) O2 Monitor
6) Diagnostic Monitor Test
7) Playback
8) Vehicle Info
9) Modules Present

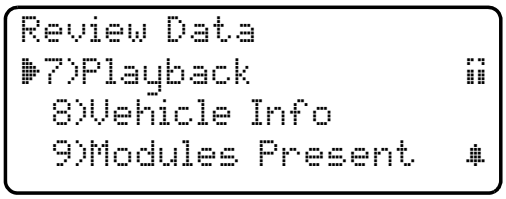
Most of the functions displayed on ***Review Data*** screen are self explanatory. Only one function, **Playback**, needs detailed instructions. Follow prompts and instructions provided by scan tool.

If data does not exist for function selected to review (for example **Vehicle Info**), a message informs to run function first.



Playback

The **Playback** function is used to play back a recording. This function is very similar to **View Data**. The only difference is that **View Data** is real time viewing of PIDs, while **Playback** is a viewing of previously recorded PIDs.



To play back vehicle's recorded PIDs, select **Playback** from ***Review Data*** list and press **ENTER** key to continue.

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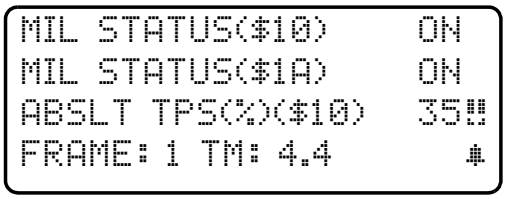
Scan tool displays a NO RECORDING PRESENT message if recording does not exist. Otherwise, press **ENTER** to play back recording. Scan tool plays back **Entire Data List** or **Custom Data List**, depending on how data was recorded.

The ***Playback*** has three lines of data and one line for frame number and timestamp (in seconds).



Negative frames and timestamps indicate data recorded before trigger event. Positive frames and timestamps indicate data recorded after trigger event.

Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view recorded PID data of each frame. The end of list is reached when only (up) icon is visible.

Use **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to scroll back and forth through frames. The **RIGHT** arrow key goes to next frame, "wrapping around" to earliest frame when final frame is reached, **LEFT** arrow key goes back to previous frame, again "wrapping around" to final frame.

✓ Different vehicles communicate at different speeds and support a different number of PIDs. Therefore, maximum number of frames that can be recorded will vary.

✓ Some vehicles wait a long period of time to store a trouble code after driveability problem occurs. If operator selected "Trigger On Codes" when making recording, operator might not see any drastic change in data parameters before and after trigger point. In cases like this, user can manually trigger recording when symptoms are observed.

When done, press **BACK** to return to ***Review Data*** or ***OBDII Function List***.

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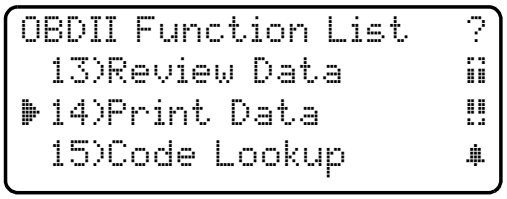
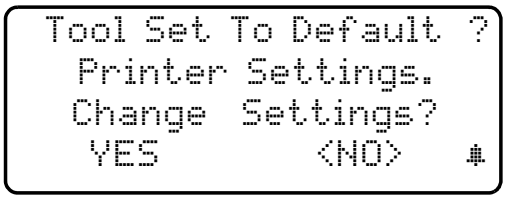
PRINT DATA

The **Print Data** function allows the printing of diagnostic information stored in Scan Tool.



The scan tool's internal battery power can be used to print data.

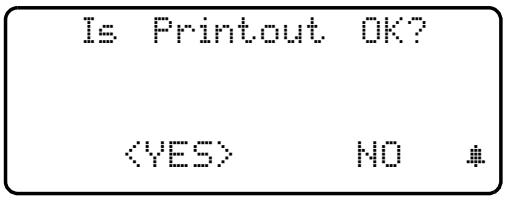
Select **Print Data** and press **ENTER** key. Scan tool informs of printer settings (Custom or Default), then asks if setting need to be changed.



4

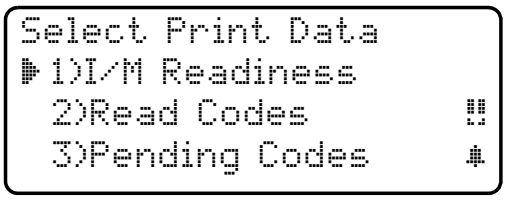
To change settings, refer to "**Printer Interface**" on page 3-5 of **Using The Scan Tool**. Select NO and press **ENTER** key to begin printing.

If printout is OK, select YES and press **ENTER**. Refer to settings in printer manual if printout is not OK.



Printing Data (except Playback)

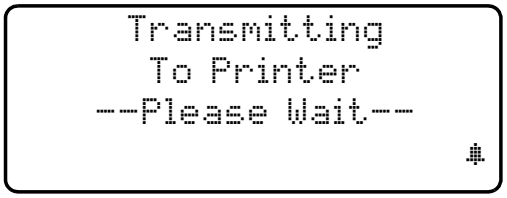
Select data to be printed and press **ENTER**. Scan tool displays menu of functions that store data and can be printed.



✓ Make sure printer is turned on, on-line and connected.

When selected data does not exist in scan tool's memory, a message informs to run function.

If selected data is stored in scan tool, data automatically transmits to printer.



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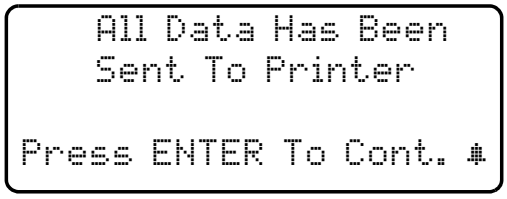
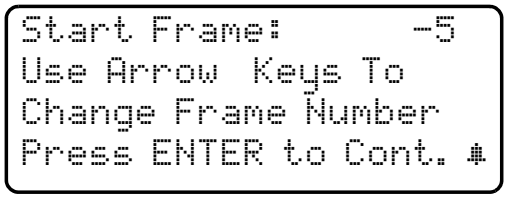
Press **ENTER** to return to ***Select Print Data*** screen. Either select another item to print or press **BACK** to return to ***OBDII Function List***



Printing Playback Data

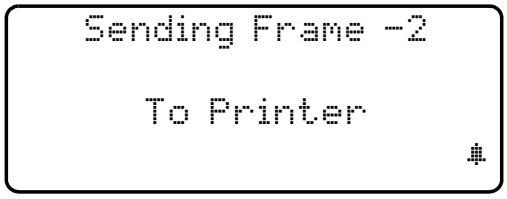
When printing playback data, Start Frame and End Frame need to be defined.

After selecting **Playback** and pressing **ENTER**, ***Start Frame*** screen shows the earliest possible frame. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow to change frame number and press **ENTER**.



Next, ***End Frame*** screen displays latest possible frame. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to change frame number and press **ENTER**.

Scan Tool starts transmitting to printer, frame-by-frame. After all frames have been sent, press **ENTER** to return to ***Select Print Data*** screen.



Press **BACK** key to return to ***OBDII Function List***.

A printout of recording might look similar to the one shown on the right.

```
---(Recorded Data)---
BATTERY(V)          12.0
COOLANT(F)            80
ENGINE RPM             0
LOOP STATUS         OPEN
Frame:-1      Time:-1.1

BATTERY(V)          16.0
COOLANT(F)            90
ENGINE RPM          1000
LOOP STATUS         CLSD
Frame: 0       Time:0.0

BATTERY(V)          16.0
COOLANT(F)            90
ENGINE RPM          1000
```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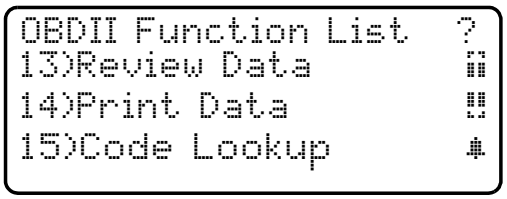
CODE LOOKUP

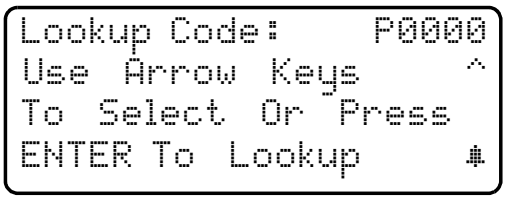
Code Lookup is used to look up definitions of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) stored in Scan Tool. Scan tool does not require power from vehicle to perform this function, the internal battery power can be used.

To look up DTC definitions, select **Code Lookup** from ***OBDII Function List***.



When entering codes, all characters must be entered. Only one character can be changed at a time.

- ❒ Use **LEFT/RIGHT** arrow keys to scroll to desired character.
- ❒ Use **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to change selected character.



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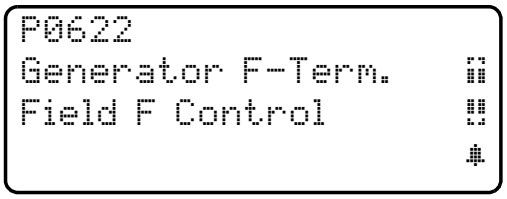
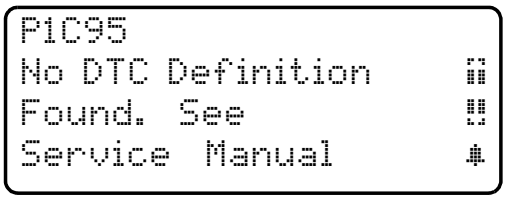
Press **ENTER** when done.

Use **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to display previous or next DTC. DTCs for the code type selected (i.e., P, B, C, or U) are listed in numerical order.

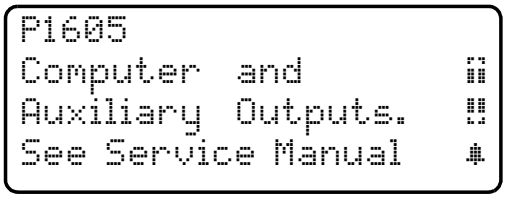


To enter another DTC number, press **BACK** key. Press **BACK** key again to return to ***OBDII Function List.***

If DTC definition does not exist for vehicle, then a message, NO DTC DEFINITION FOUND, displays on screen.



If DTC is manufacturer specific, DTC is assigned to display. Refer to vehicle service manual for exact definition.



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Section 5 – GM Diagnostics

✓ If the Scan Tool displays an **Error Message**, make sure the cables and adapters are securely attached and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. Attempt the test selected again. If the problem remains, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

GM HISTORIC (OBD I) DIAGNOSTICS

✓ Some 1994 and 1995 vehicles use the 16-pin OBD II connector, but are not OBD II compliant. They still use the OBD I application software. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**".

Manual Info

The **Manual Info** function instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **GM Historic (OBD I) Diagnostics**.

Read Codes

The **Read Codes** function is used to retrieve all stored Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) from the control module(s). This can be performed with key ON engine OFF (KOEO) or key ON engine RUNNING (KOER). Two types of codes were used by GM in the Historic System: Current codes and History codes. Prior to 1986, all codes were referred as Current Codes. From 1986 through 1995, both codes were used as the PCM was able to differentiate them.

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The tool automatically displays the type of codes that pertain to the vehicle under test. The DTC types are defined as follows:

- **History Codes** — intermittent codes placed in the vehicle's memory when the trouble originally occurred, and will remain there even if the trouble has been corrected. If no trouble after 50 engine warm-up cycles, the DTC erases.
- **Current Codes** — codes transmitted through the PCM's data stream when a trouble condition is active and cannot be erased. The problem must be repaired to remove the DTC.

✓ On some vehicles, all codes are Current Codes, because the PCM cannot distinguish Current Codes from History Codes. The only way to determine this is to erase the code and then drive the vehicle to see if the code returns.

Perform the following:

1) Set Parking Brake
2) Turn Key On-Engine Off or Running.
3) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.

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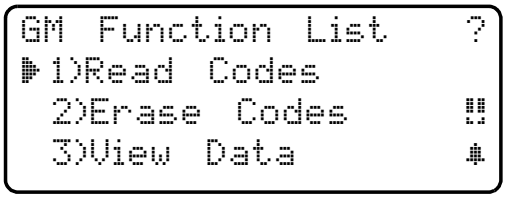
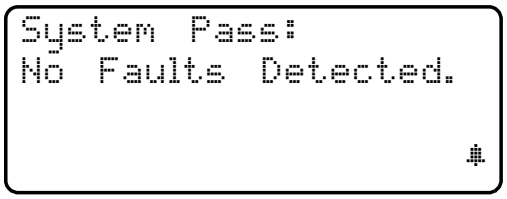
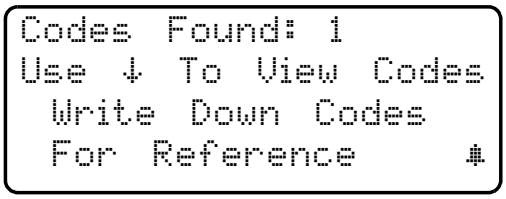
Select **Read Codes** from the ***GM Function List*** and press **ENTER**. The tool will retrieve the DTCs.

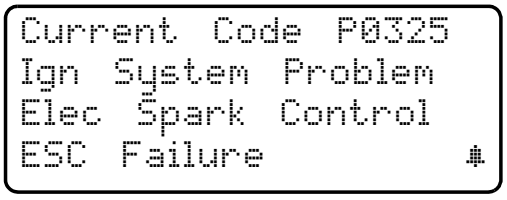


One of two screens displays: If the diagnostic checks are working correctly and no DTCs have been stored in vehicle's memory, a SYSTEM PASS message displays. If not, the tool displays a screen indicating the number DTCs.





Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the codes. Note the codes and press **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.



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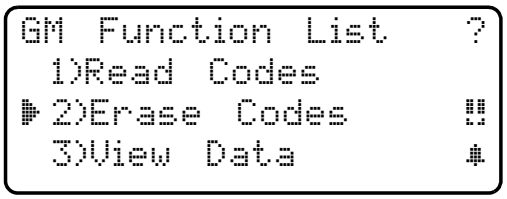
Erase Codes

The **Erase Codes** function deletes the DTCs from the vehicle's computer memory. Perform this function with KOEO or KOER. This function should be performed only after the systems have been checked completely and DTCs have been documented.

After servicing the vehicle, erase the stored DTCs, perform a road test, and then verify no new codes have been stored. If DTCs return, the problem has not been corrected or other faults are present.

- ✓ Some codes can only be removed by repairing the faults that caused them. Therefore, these codes will remain in the vehicle's memory until the condition is repaired.
- ✓ Not all trouble codes can be automatically erased using the scan tool. Some vehicles require a manual erasing procedure. If possible, the tool performs the appropriate **Erase Codes** procedure for your vehicle.

Select **Erase Codes** and press the **ENTER** key.



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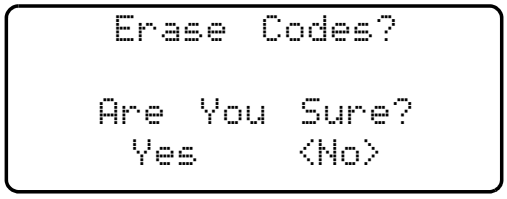
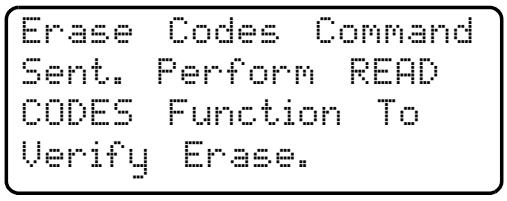
A message appears asking if you are sure. Press **LEFT**/**RIGHT** to move the brackets to the desired response and press **ENTER**.



Selecting NO and pressing **ENTER** returns you to the ***GM Function List***.

Selecting YES displays a screen prompting you to turn ignition ON. Turn ignition key ON. Engine can be off or running. Press **ENTER** to continue.

A message confirming that the **Erase Codes** command was successful displays. Press **ENTER** to return to the***GM Function List***.



Manual Erase Methods

Alternate Method 1:

1) Turn Ignition Key Off.
2) Locate Fuse Box and Remove ECM Fuse.
3) Wait 20 seconds.
4) Replace the Fuse.

Alternate Method 2:

1) Turn Ignition Key Off.
2) Remove Power from Scan Tool.
3) Disconnect Scan Tool from Vehicle.
4) Remove Negative (-) Battery Cable. Wait 30 seconds, then replace the cable.

✓ The computer has a “learning” ability to compensate for minor variations in engine operation. Whenever power is removed from the PCM, the computer must “relearn” various functions. Vehicle performance may be noticeably different until this is accomplished. This is a temporary situation and is normal. The “learning” process takes place during warm engine driving.

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View Data

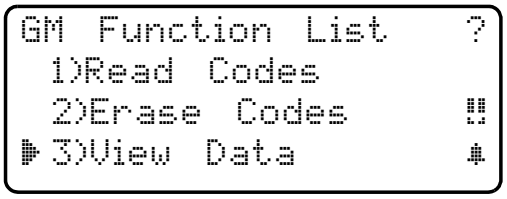
The **View Data** function allows the user to view the vehicle Parameter Identification Data (PIDs) in real time. As the PCM monitors PIDs, they are simultaneously transmitted to the scan tool. The PIDs are continuously updated at the PCM's rate.

In addition to reading codes, **View Data** is the most useful diagnostic function for isolating the cause of a vehicle operation problem. Viewing data is also used for observing sensor data and the ON/OFF state of switches, solenoids, and relays.

View Data can be performed with the ignition key On-Engine Off or Running.

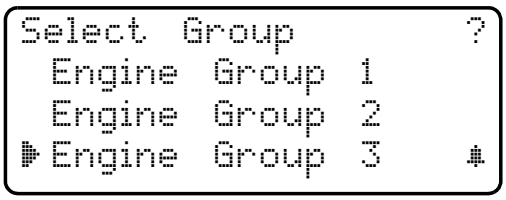
⚠WARNING **Never operate the tool while driving. Have another person assist with the operation of the tool.**

Select **View Data** from the ***GM Function List*** and press **ENTER**. If a Select Group screen does not appear, skip the Multiple Group section and continue.



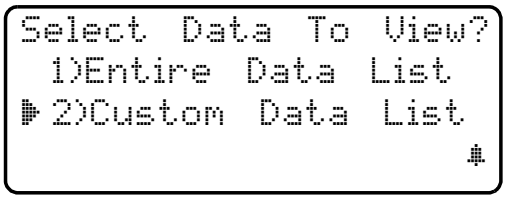
Multiple Group Vehicles

Some vehicles display a Select Group screen for viewing data. In these cases, only one group of data can be viewed at a time.



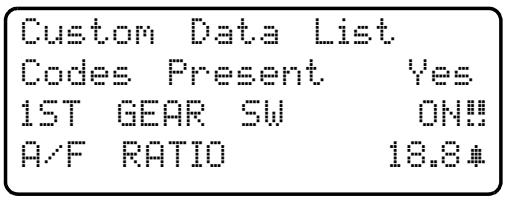
Select the type of data to view. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 for Entire or Custom Data Lists.

After making a selection, press **ENTER** to establish a communication link.



Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the PIDs.

A Vehicle Data List header marks the beginning.



Change the selection of Custom Data List parameters at any time by pressing the **BACK** key. This returns to the ***Custom Data List*** selection screen.

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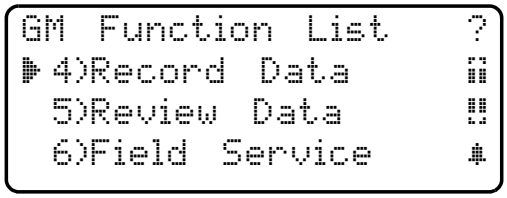
Record Data

The **Record Data** function records vehicle PIDs (Parameter Identification Data) while the vehicle is parked or being driven. This function is mainly used for diagnosing intermittent driveability problems that cannot be isolated by any other method. The tool records data based on time (5 frames prior to the start of the recording, and for a duration after). The time after depends on the vehicle data rate. The **Record Data** function allows diagnosis of an intermittent problem by analyzing data leading up to the problem, during the problem, and possibly after the problem, depending on duration.

Select **Record Data** from the ***GM Function List*** and press **ENTER**. Follow all instructions on the display.



✓ The tool can maintain only one recording at a time. Be sure to thoroughly review the old recording before erasing it.

⚠WARNING **Never operate the tool while driving. Have another person assist with the operation of the tool.**

✓ This function can be performed with the ignition key On-Engine Off or Running.

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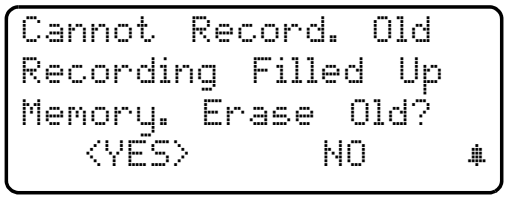
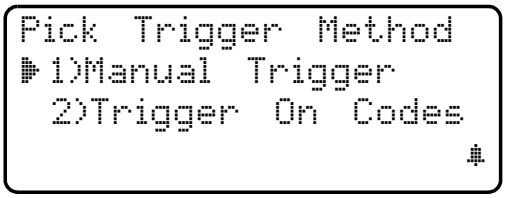
If a recording currently exists in memory, a message to Erase Old Recording is displayed. The tool stores only one recording at a time, so be sure to review it before erasing it.



Multiple Group Vehicles

Some vehicles display a Select Group screen for recording data. In these cases, only one group of data can be recorded at a time. Recording another group of data overwrites the present one.

In the next screen, select a method to trigger a recording. **Manual Trigger** will begin recording when the **ENTER** key pressed. **Trigger On Codes** will begin recording when a DTC is stored in the PCM.



Select a method and press **ENTER**. The tool will establish a communication link with the PCM.

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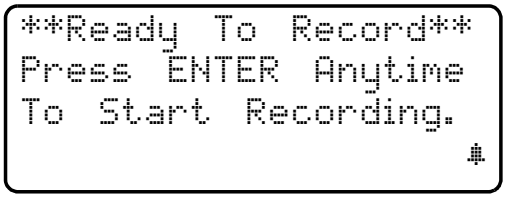
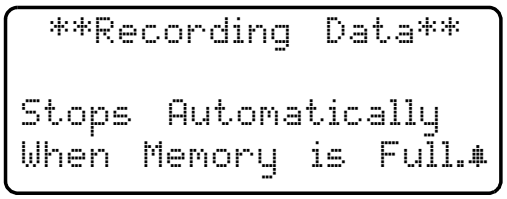
If **Manual Trigger** is selected, press **ENTER** to begin recording. **Trigger On Codes** will not show this screen.



The function runs automatically and stops when the tool's memory is filled.

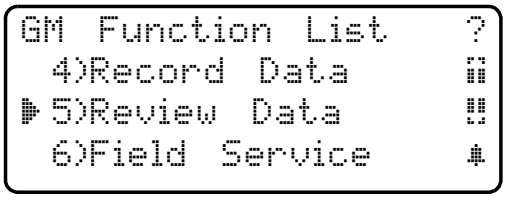
When done, the tool prompts you to "PLAY THE RECORDING?" Select **YES** to review the data now or **NO** to review it later using the next function, **Review Data**.



Review Data

The **Review Data** function allows you to review recorded data stored in the tool such as Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) and playback recorded data.

Select **Review Data** from the *GM Function List* and press **ENTER**.



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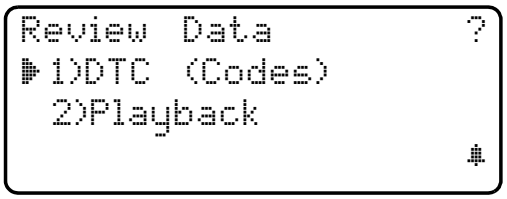
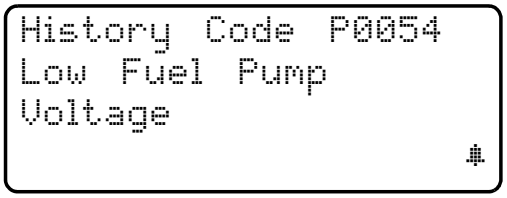
DTC (Codes)

The **DTC (Codes)** function is used to review DTCs stored in the tools memory after performing the **Read Codes**.

Select **DTC (Codes)** from the *Review Data* screen and press **ENTER**.



Codes will be noted as History or Current. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys if more than one DTC exists. Press **BACK** to return to ***Review Data*** or **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.



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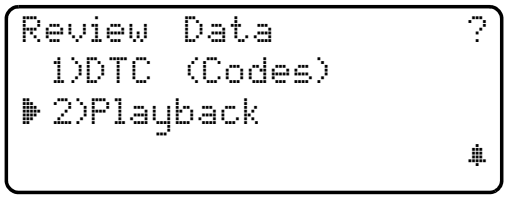
Playback

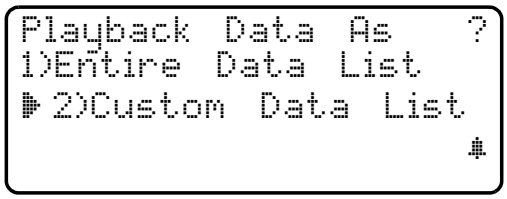
The **Playback** function is used to playback a **Record Data** recording. This function is very similar to **View Data**. The only difference is that **View Data** is a real time viewing of PIDs, while **Playback** is a viewing of previously recorded PIDs.

Select **Playback** from the ***Review Data*** screen and press **ENTER**:



✓ If a recording does not exist in the tool memory, then the tool will display a "NO RECORDING PRESENT" message. Perform "**Record Data**" on page 5-5.

Select which list to playback. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 of **Using The Scan Tool** for Entire or Custom Data Lists.



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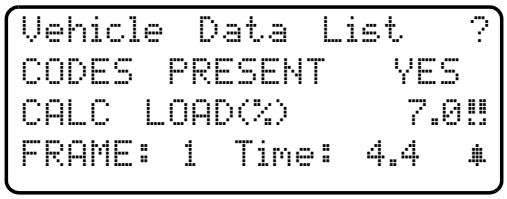
The ***Playback*** screen has a Vehicle Data List header to mark the beginning of the data list. The recorded PIDs are displayed next. Line 4 displays the Frame number and Time in seconds.



- Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the data line by line. The end of the list is reached when the **DOWN** arrow icon is not visible.
- The **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys are used to increase or decrease the Frame/Time index. Time 0.0 is the trigger point, when the user pressed **ENTER**. A time interval with a minus sign (–) occurs before the trigger point.
- The tool recording time varies. A recording consists of 5 frames of data prior to the trigger and several frames after the trigger. The number of PIDs recorded will determine the number of frames.

✓ After reaching the last time interval recorded. The **Time** display will change from data recorded after trigger to data recorded before. This is normal. The **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrows may be used to scroll through all time intervals in either direction.

✓ Some vehicles will wait 3 to 4 minutes after the driveability problem first occurs before storing a trouble code in the vehicle's on-board computer. If you selected **Trigger On Codes** when you made your recording, you might not see any drastic change in data parameters before and after the trigger point. In cases like this, it is better to manually trigger the start of the recording when the driveability symptom is first observed.

✓ To change the selections of Custom Data List parameters, press the **BACK** key. This will return to the ***Custom Data List*** selection display screens. When done, press **BACK** to return to ***Review Data*** or **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.

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Field Service

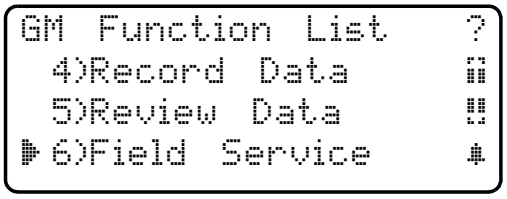
Field Service is a special diagnostic mode to monitor fuel system operation and read DTCs. Some GM service manuals may refer to this mode as the Field Service Mode Check. This mode works on vehicles equipped with a 12-pin ALDL connector with a wire present in Pin-B, Diagnostic or Test Enable. The scan tool enters this mode by grounding Pin-B: shorting Pin-B to Pin -A (ground).

Field Service Mode can be operated with the ignition Key On-Engine Off (KOEO) or with the Key On-Engine Running (KOER).

✓ Vehicles equipped with climate control computers do not use Field Service Mode.

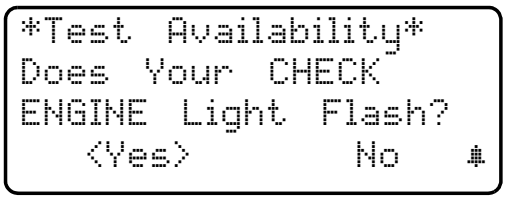
✓ Some 1994 & 1995 vehicles equipped with a 12-pin ALDL connector with pins A and B shorted will not cause the CHECK ENGINE light to flash codes.

Select **Field Service** from the ***GM Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



5

Turn ignition Key On, but do not start engine. The Check Engine light should flash. Select YES to continue. If the light does not illuminate, either the vehicle does not support this test mode, the lamp is burned-out or circuit problems exist.



✓ It is difficult to know exactly which GM vehicles use the Field Service mode. It is possible to have the Field Service mode function on the Function List, and it not be applicable.

If Check Engine light operates, the Field Service screen is displayed. Pressing **ENTER** will toggle the short to Pins A & B On and Off.

Continue with either the KOEO procedure or KOER procedure. When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.

✓ While in **Field Service** mode, no new trouble codes are stored in the vehicle's memory.

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KOEO Procedure

In the **KOEO Procedure**, Field Service can check relays, solenoids and the idle speed motor, and obtain DTCs using the CHECK ENGINE light.

1) Turn ignition Key ON but DO NOT Start Engine.
2) On scan tool, place Field Service On.
3) The Check Engine light will begin to flash codes. Each DTC is displayed three (3) times. The DTCs are displayed starting with the lowest numbered one. After all DTCs are displayed, the sequence keeps repeating until the ignition key or Field Service mode is turned OFF.

— Count CHECK ENGINE Light Flashes to obtain trouble codes. The first digit is sent first. A short pause separates digits while a long pause separates each DTC. All codes contain 2 digits.

— DTC 12 (No RPM reference pulse) should display first since the engine is not running. If not, problems exist in the PCM or Check Engine light circuitry.

Code 12 will look like:

FLASH-pause-FLASH-FLASH — long pause.

Code 23 will look like:

FLASH-FLASH-pause-FLASH-FLASH-FLASH — long pause.

4) When Field Service Mode is ON, most computer controlled Relays and Solenoids will be turned ON, except for the fuel pump relay and fuel injectors. Toggle the Field Service Mode On and Off.

❒ Use a voltmeter to measure Relays and Solenoids input voltage to verify On/Off conditions. An ohmmeter could be used to check the continuity between the relay's switch terminals.

❒ The Idle Air Control (IAC) valve is fully seated to the zero position by the PCM.

❒ The Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) solenoid is energized for 25 seconds.

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KOER Procedure

With the engine running, the **Field Service** mode can be used to measure base timing, check open loop/closed loop operation, and determine if the engine is running rich or lean.

1) Engage parking brake and block drive wheels.
2) Verify engine is cold. If engine is **hot** or **warm**, allow it to cool.
3) On scan tool, place Field Service On.
4) Start engine and place transmission in Park or Neutral. The Check Engine light will flash once.
5) Warm the engine by idling for 2 minutes at 2000 RPM.
6) Observe Check Engine light.
    - If Check Engine light flashes 2.5 times a second, the on-board computer is operating in Open Loop.
    - When the engine warms up to normal operating temperature, the on-board computer is now operating in Closed Loop. The Check Engine light should flash once a second. The on-board computer is now operating in Closed Loop.
    - If Check Engine light...

— flashes equally ON/OFF, then the fuel system is running normally.
— is mostly ON, then the fuel system is running Rich.
— is mostly OFF, then the fuel system is running Lean.

7) On some engines, the spark advance timing is fixed during Field Service Mode. This allows the technician to measure the engine base timing.

5

Code Lookup

Refer to "**Code Lookup**" on page 4-22 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

✓ Enter only the code numbers. No system designation is used for historic DTCs, they are either History or Current codes.

✓ A "P" appears at the beginning of the DTC if the vehicle uses OBD II type codes.

Print Data

Refer to **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

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GM ENHANCED (OBD II) DIAGNOSTICS

IMPORTANT This system applies to GM vehicles manufactured from 1996 to present. Some GM vehicles in 1994 and 1995 were equipped with this system. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**". GM vehicles manufactured from 2002 to present automatically use Global OBD II Diagnostics.

✓ If an **Error Message** displays, make sure the OBD II connector is securely attached, and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required to reset the computer. If required, select YES to try again. If the problem still exists, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

✓ Specific GM Enhanced functions are defined in this section. Refer to "**Section 4 - Global OBDII Diagnostics**" for other functions.

Manual Info

The **Manual Info** function, instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **GM Enhanced (OBD II) Diagnostics**.

I/M Readiness

Refer to "" on page 4-1 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

5

Read Codes

The **Read Codes** function retrieves Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) from the vehicle's computer module(s). This function can be performed with the KOEO or KOER. These codes cause the computer to illuminate the Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) when an emission-related or driveability fault occurs. The MIL is also known as the "service engine soon" or "check engine" lamp.

The GM Enhanced reads DTC's from the engine or powertrain module (ENG), Transmission Module (Trans), or Transfer Case Module (XFER).

Transmission Module

Transfer Case Module

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Not all GM vehicles support DTC status. Some only use the Global OBDII Read Codes command. For a description of these screens, refer to the Global OBDII section of the manual.

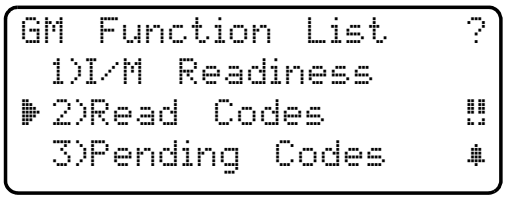
- **History Codes** — intermittent codes placed in the vehicle's memory when the trouble originally occurred, and will remain there even if the trouble has been corrected. If no trouble after 50 engine warm-up cycles, the DTC will be erased.
- **Current Codes** — codes transmitted through the PCM's data stream when a trouble condition is active and cannot be erased. The problem must be repaired to remove the DTC.
- **Intermittent Codes** — indicates the current code has been set at least once but possibly not enough to cause a history code to be stored.
- **Pending Codes** - These are codes that are developing, but are not quite a Current Code.

In GM Enhanced OBD II, if DTCs are present, then three conditions (or statuses) may accompany each DTC definition.

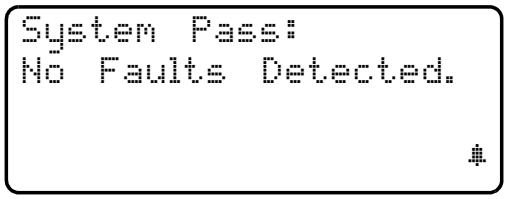
GM Code Types:

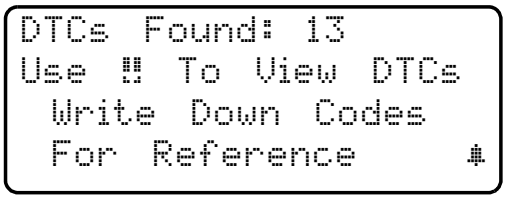
- **MIL** (Malfunction Indicator Lamp): REQUESTED or NOT REQUESTED
  An emissions-related DTC is requesting the MIL (Check Engine/Service Engine Soon) to be ON.
- **Since IGN** (ignition): PASS, FAIL, P/F, or NOT RUN
  Provides the DTC status during this power-up. P/F (Pass/Fail) indicates the PCM detected the DTC that passed and failed at least once during this power-up cycle. NOT RUN means the PCM has not tested for the condition that set the DTC during this power-up cycle.
- **Since Clear**: PASS, FAIL, P/F, or NOT RUN
  Provides the DTC status since the last time the codes were erased. P/F indicates the PCM test that detected the DTC passed and failed at least once since the last **Erase Code**. NOT RUN means the PCM has not tested for the condition that set the DTC since the last **Erase Code**.

Select **Read Codes** and press **ENTER**.



The Scan Tool displays the DTCs or a message stating SYSTEM PASS: NO CODES FOUND. Scroll down to view the DTCs or press the **BACK** key to return to the ***GM Function List.***





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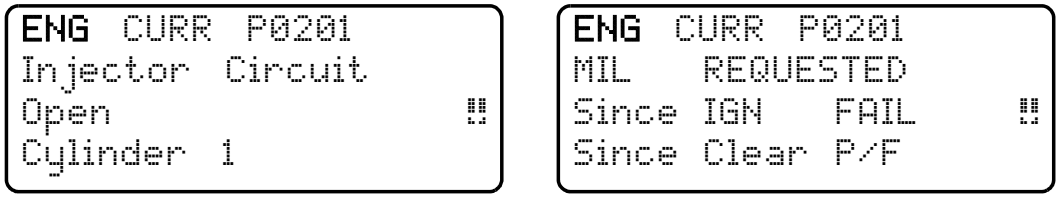
Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to view the DTCs. Use the **LEFT/RIGHT** arrow keys to toggle the DTC definition and status screen.



Engine or Powertrain Module

Press **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.

Pending Codes

Refer to **"Pending Codes**" on page 4-4 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

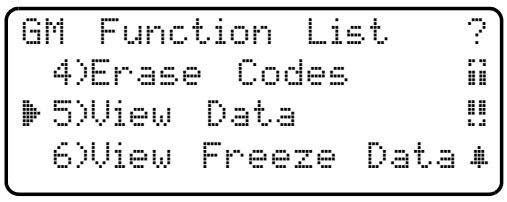
Erase Codes

The Erase Codes menu has a menu asking what module to erase codes for, if more than one module exists for this vehicle.

View Data

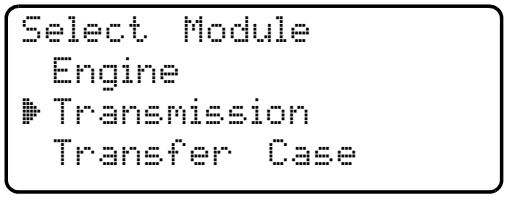
The **View Data** function allows you to view the vehicle's Parameter Identification (PID) data in real time. As the computer monitors the vehicle, the information is simultaneously transmitted to the scan tool. Apart from **Read Codes**, **View Data** is the most useful diagnostic function for isolating the cause of a vehicle operation problem. Viewing data is also used for observing sensor data and the status of switches, solenoids, and relays.

Select **View Data** from the***GM Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



If vehicle supports more than one module select the module to view.

✓ The selection menu does not appear if only one module is present.



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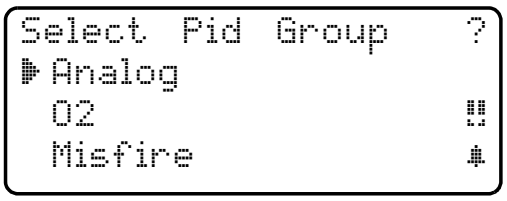
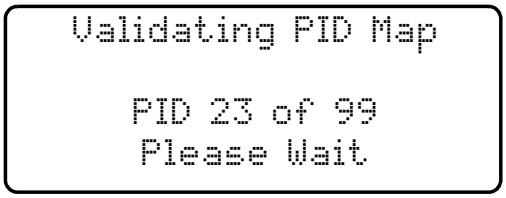
GM arranges the PIDs in four groups:



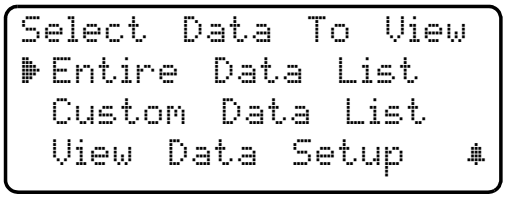
- ❒ **Analog:** viewing of analog sensor signals, such as measured voltage from O2 sensors, temperature sensors, and air flow sensors.
- ❒ **O2:** viewing oxygen sensor information.
- ❒ **Misfire:** viewing of cylinder misfire information.
- ❒ **Digital:** viewing of switches, solenoids and relays.

✓ Some GM trucks manufactured in 1996 – 1998 have only one PID group. For these vehicles, the selection menu does not appear.

After selecting a group, the scan tool asks the vehicle to provide the PIDs it supports for that group.



The scan tool displays a menu with display options. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** to select an option and press **ENTER**. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 to setup the data list.



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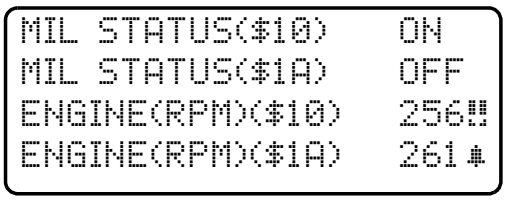
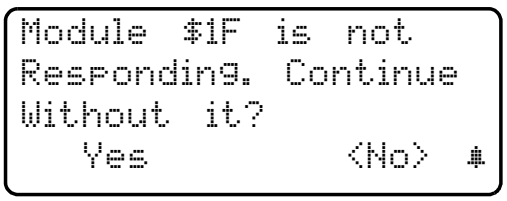
After making a selection, press **ENTER** to establish a communication link. Multiple PIDs may be sent if the vehicle is equipped with more than one computer module — Powertrain Control Module (PCM), Transmission Control Module (TCM), etc. The scan tool identifies them by their identification names (ID) assigned by the manufacturer (i.e. $40 or $1F).

If the Scan Tool receives multiple responses for a PID, such as MIL STATUS, it displays the PID and with the computer module ID blinking in parentheses.



If one or more modules stops responding, the scan tool displays a message that the module is not responding and asks to continue without it. If No is selected, the Scan Tool attempts to reestablish communication with that module.

If one or more control modules stops responding, the tool will display a message that it is not responding. If you choose to continue, dashes will replace the module ID.



Press **FUNC** to return to the ***GM Function List***.

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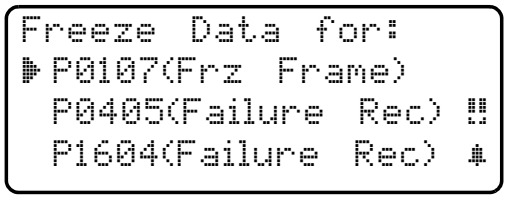
View Freeze Data

When an emission-related fault occurs, certain vehicle conditions are recorded by the on-board computer. This information is referred to as a Freeze Frame data. The information is a "snapshot" of the operating conditions at the time of a fault. This data can be overwritten by faults with a higher priority.

✓ Only one Freeze Frame can be kept per module. Switching from Engine to Transmission will overwrite Data. Make sure to print data before selecting a diffrent module.

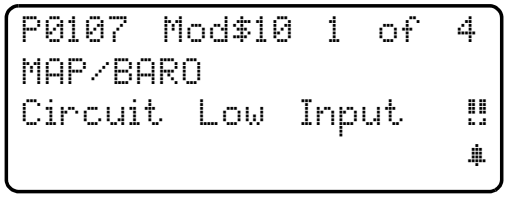
✓ If codes were erased, then freeze frame data may not be stored in vehicle memory.

Select **View Freeze Data** and press **ENTER**. A vehicle can store more than one Freeze Frames or Failure records. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to select a DTC.



DTC Definition(s)

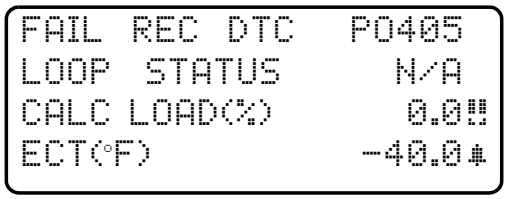
Pressing the **RIGHT** arrow key displays the DTC definition. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view each DTC definition.



Pressing the **BACK** or **LEFT** arrow key exits to the ***Freeze Data for:*** screen. The cursor is positioned in front of the last DTC definition viewed before exiting.

Fault Data

Select the Freeze Frame/Failure Record and press the **ENTER** key to display the PIDs recorded at the time of the fault.



Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to move through the list. The **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys page Up/Down through the list.

When done, press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***GM Function List***.

O2 Monitor Test

Refer to **"O2 Monitor Test**" on page 4-8 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Diagnostic Monitor Test

Refer to **Diagnostic Monitor Test** of **the Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

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Record Data

Refer to **"Record Data**" on page 4-12 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.** GM groups the PIDs into four categories:

- ❒ **Analog:** viewing of analog sensor signals, such as measured voltage from O2 sensors, temperature sensors, and air flow sensors.
- ❒ **O2:** viewing oxygen sensor information.
- ❒ **Misfire:** viewing of cylinder misfire information.
- ❒ **Digital:** viewing of switches, solenoids and relays.
- ❒ **Module:** viewing of engine, transmission or transfer case information.

✓ Some GM trucks manufactured in 1996 – 1998 have only one PID group. For these vehicles, the selection menu does not appear.

✓ Recorded Data from only one module can be kept per module. Switching from Engine to Transmission will overwrite Group Recorded Data for the selected group. Make sure to print data before selecting a different group to record.

Vehicle Info

Refer to **"Vehicle Info**" on page 4-14 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Review Data

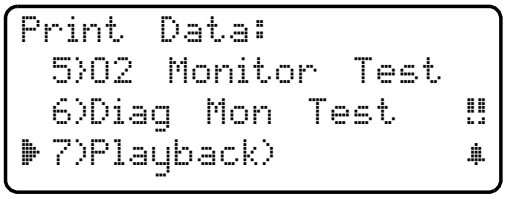
Refer to **"Review Data**" on page 4-18 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**. The following stored information can be reviewed for GM vehicles.

1) I/M Readiness
2) DTC (Codes)
3) Pending Codes
4) Freeze Frame
5) O2 Monitor Test
6) Diagnostic Monitor Tests
7) Vehicle Info

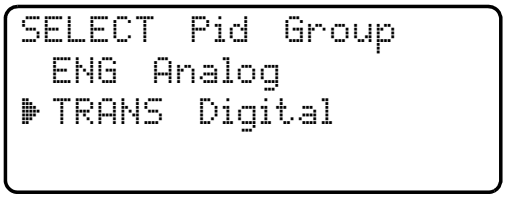
Playback

The Playback function s used to play back a recording. Playback is used to view previously recorded PIDs.

To play back vehicle's recorded PIDs, select Playback from the Print Data list and press ENTER.



Select the recording you with to Playback. ENG Analog means that you made an Analog Group recording from the Engine Module



Refer to **Global OBDII Diagnostics** for additional information concerning Playback.

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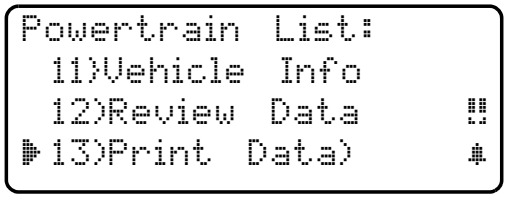
Print Data

The Print Data function is used to print diagnostic information on Scan Tool.

To Print vehicle's recorded PIDs, select Print Data from the Powertrain List and press **ENTER**.



Select the recording you wish to print. TRANS Digital means that you made a Digital Group recording from the Transmission Module.

Refer to **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics** for additional information concerning **Print Data.**

Code Lookup

Refer to **"Code Lookup**" on page 4-22 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

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Section 6 – Ford Diagnostics

FORD HISTORIC SELF-TEST ROUTINES

Due to different processor calibrations, the Ford Function List for a particular vehicle may or may not appear as shown. Based on the vehicle information entered at the ***Vehicle Setup*** menu, the tool automatically recognizes the computer system installed.

IMPORTANT If the function is not supported by the vehicle, than the scan tool does not display it.

- ✓ Ford vehicles manufactured from 2002 to present automatically use Global OBD II Diagnostics.
- ✓ Most Ford vehicles prior to 1996 use the EEC-IV system. Vehicles with Mazda-sourced engines use the Mazda Electronic Control System (MECS). Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**".
- ✓ If the Scan Tool displays an **Error Message**, make sure the adapter cable is securely attached and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required because the Ford system allows only one Self-Test function to be performed for each Key ON. Attempt the test selected again and if the problem remains, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

Manual Info

The **Manual Info** function instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **Ford Historic Self-Test Routines**

Read KOEO Codes

The **Read KOEO Codes** function activates the KOEO (Key On Engine Off) and Continuous Memory self-tests which retrieves KOEO and Continuous Memory DTCs from the PCM.

- **KOEO DTCs** are transmitted through the PCM data link when a trouble condition is active. KOEO codes remain until the trouble condition becomes inactive – usually when the fault is repaired.
- **Continuous Memory DTCs** are stored in vehicle's memory at the time of occurrence during continuous self-test monitoring. They will remain there until the problem does not reoccur within 40 warm-up cycles, Fast KOEO codes have been read, or the Erase Codes function has been run. Continuous memory codes follow the KOEO codes in the data stream.

The DTCs are transmitted in two formats; both transmit the same information:

- **Slow Codes** are regular service codes that allow the user to identify the faults with an analog voltmeter or the check engine light. Slow codes are transmitted within 3 minutes.
- **Fast Codes** are transmitted within seconds and must be read with a diagnostic tool. Retrieving Fast Codes erases Continuous Memory Codes, Slow Codes does not. **Fast Codes** do not apply to MECS vehicles.

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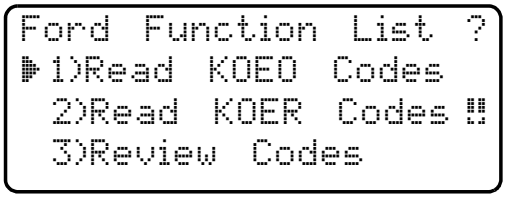
Select **Read KOEO Codes** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



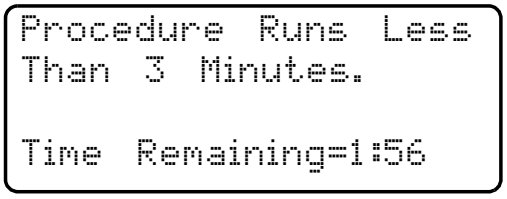
Select **Fast Codes** or **Slow Codes** and press **ENTER**. Follow the instructions step-by-step.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. Do Not Start Engine.

⚠CAUTION **Avoid Cooling Fan! It May Turn On During Test.**

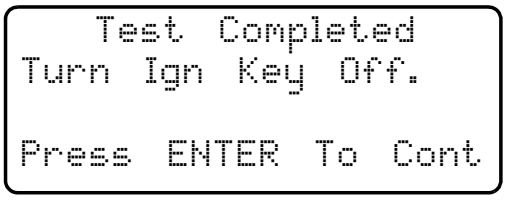
While waiting for the codes to transmit, the PCM cycles the following system components On and Off:

- Electric radiator cooling fan
- Fuel pump
- Check engine light or Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) – slow codes only.
- Idle speed control solenoid

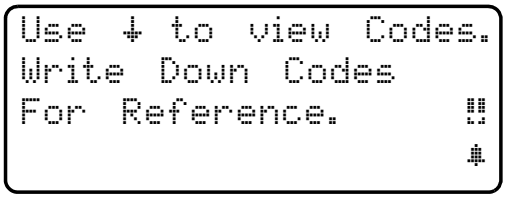


6

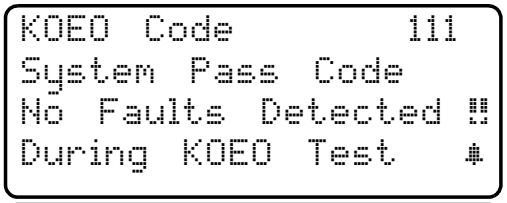
After performing these steps, wait for the tool to retrieve DTCs. When the test is done, turn Ign Key OFF and press **ENTER**.



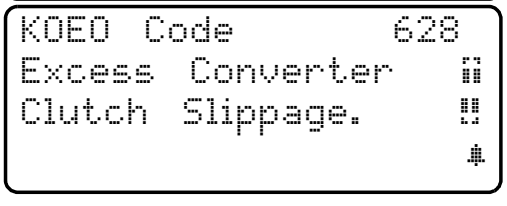
The KOEO codes transmit before the Continuous Memory codes. Use the **DOWN** arrow key to begin viewing codes.



If no problems exist, Code 11 or 111 will be displayed.



If vehicle problems exist, codes are set. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view codes. Write down codes for reference.



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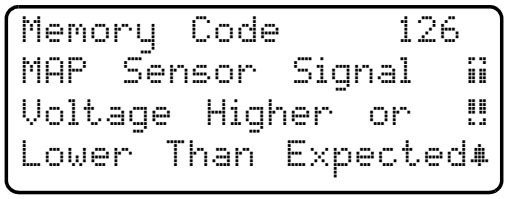
✓ Continuous Memory Codes (codes set previously under normal driving conditions) are available after reading KOEO Codes. They are indicated as Memory Codes by the scan tool and are transmitted after KOEO Codes.

After viewing and noting the KOEO codes, use the **DOWN** arrow key to view Continuous Memory codes.

When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.



Read KOER Codes

The **Read KOER Codes** function activates the KOER (Key-On-Engine-Running) self-test which retrieves KOER DTCs that are present when the engine is running.When the trouble condition is inactive, the KOER Code will no longer be sent through the data stream. This function also performs a **Computed Timing Check** for EEC-IV vehicles manufactured from 1984 through 1991.

The DTCs are transmitted in two formats which transmit the same information:

- **Slow Codes** are regular service codes that allow the user to identify the faults with an analog voltmeter or the check engine light. Slow codes are transmitted within 3 minutes.
- **Fast Codes** are transmitted within seconds and must be read with a diagnostic tool. MECS vehicles do not support Fast Codes.

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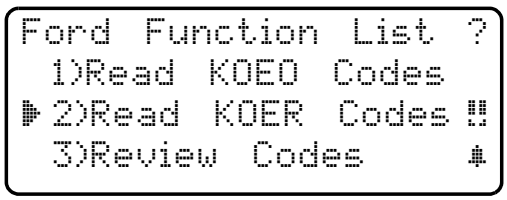
⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or lethal. Always Operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

⚠CAUTION **The KOER test is done with the engine running. Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

⚠CAUTION **Avoid Cooling Fan! It May Turn On During Test.**

Select **Read KOEO Codes** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



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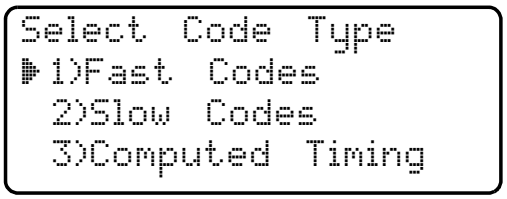
Fast or Slow Codes

Select **Fast Codes** or **Slow Codes** and press **ENTER**.



Follow the instructions step-by-step. Failure to perform these steps may set a false DTC in the PCM — observe the display.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.
7) If Vehicle Has A Manual Transmission, Release Clutch.

Press **ENTER** to activate the self-test.

✓ The following actions do not apply to MECS vehicles.

- ❒ For a 7.3L Diesel, depress the throttle until test is done.
- ❒ If Applicable, set Octane Switch To Premium.

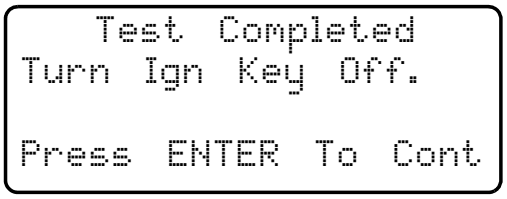
The tool will prompt the user to:

- ❒ Work Steering Wheel
- ❒ Pump Brake Pedal & Cycle OD (overdrive) Cancel Switch. (Cycle Overdrive only if a pushbutton is available.)

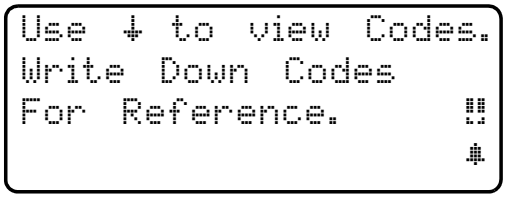
✓ Observe Screen for Prompt to Perform the next action.

- ❒ Quickly Press And Release Throttle. One Time Only!

After performing these steps, wait for the tool to retrieve DTCs. When the test is done, turn Ign Key OFF and press **ENTER**.



Use the **DOWN** arrow key to begin viewing codes.



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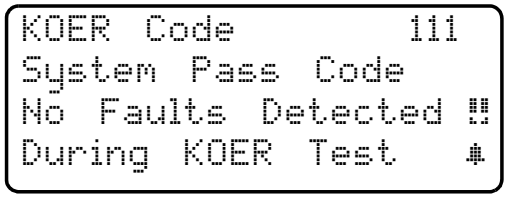
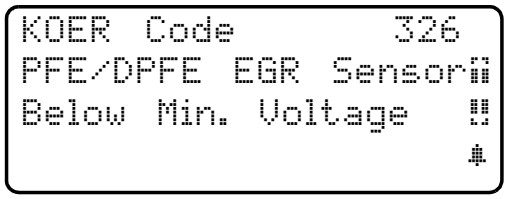
If no problems exist, Code 11 or 111 will be displayed.



If vehicle problems exist, codes are set.



Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view codes. Write down codes for reference.

When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List*** screen.

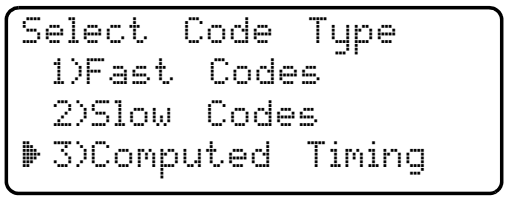
Computed Timing Check (1984-1991 EEC-IV Vehicles)

This option of the **KOER Read Codes** function allows you to check both the "Base" engine timing (no computer adjustment) and the ability of the computer to control spark advance.

✓ This does not apply to 7.3L diesel vehicles.

Connect a **Timing Light** to the vehicle in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. (For 2.3L dual plug engines, use exhaust side plug. Refer to ignition system section in vehicle service manual for specific instructions.)

Select **Computed Timing** and press **ENTER**.



Follow the instructions step-by-step. Failure to perform these steps may set a false DTC in the PCM — observe the display.

⚠CAUTION **Avoid Cooling Fan! It May Turn On During Test.**

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.
7) If Vehicle Has A Manual Transmission, Release Clutch.

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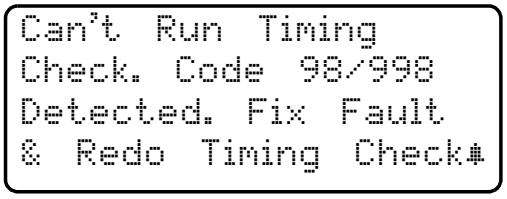
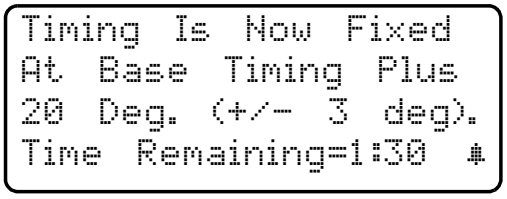
If a KOER code of 98 or 998 is detected, then the fault must be fixed before performing this function. Press the **BACK** key to return to the ***Ford Function List***.



Otherwise, the timing remains fixed for 90 seconds to allow you to measure it with the Timing Light.



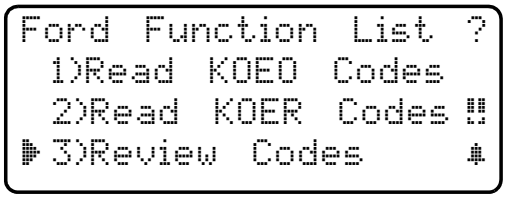
Computed timing is equal to the base timing plus 20 degrees BTDC (Before Top Dead Center) with 3 degrees tolerance. The base timing value is printed on the Vehicle Emission Control Information (VECI) decal.

Press **ENTER** when done.

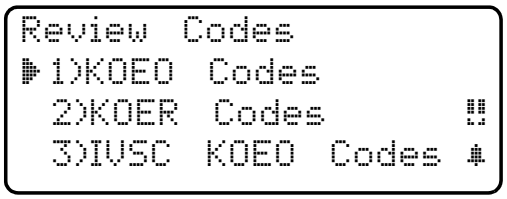
Review Codes

After reading DTCs, reviewing the codes is possible, even after returning to the ***Ford Function List***. The codes acquired during the KOEO and KOER tests are stored in the Scan Tool's memory. This is a safeguard to make sure that all codes have been viewed.

Select **Review Codes** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER** to display the ***Review Codes*** screen.



Select the codes to be viewed and press **ENTER**. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the lists.



If data does not exist, then a message displays instructing you to perform a function.

Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to the ***Review Codes*** screen.

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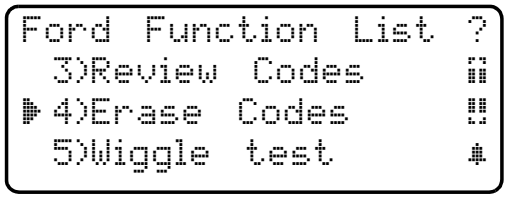
Erase Codes

The vehicle service manual may recommend erasing Continuous Memory Codes from vehicle's memory, and then driving vehicle to duplicate the malfunction before beginning a diagnostic test. If KOEO codes were read using Fast Codes, the memory codes have already been erased.

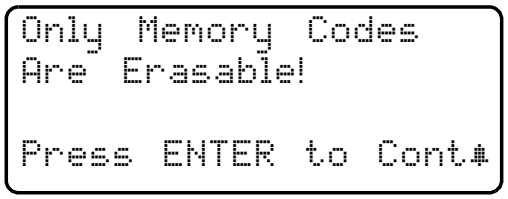
Only Continuous Memory Codes can be erased from the vehicle without repairing the fault. To remove KOEO and KOER Codes, the fault must be repaired since they only exist when a fault exists.

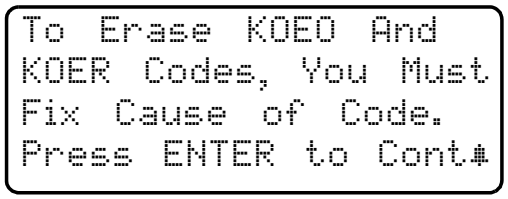
EEC-IV Erase Codes

Select **Erase Codes** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Press **ENTER** after each message.

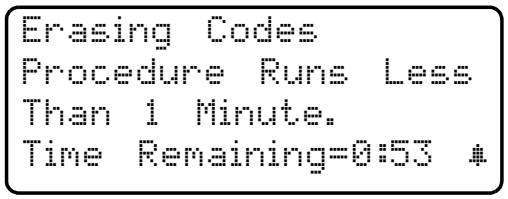




Follow all instructions on the display.

1) Turn Ign Key Off.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Wait 10 Seconds.
4) Turn Ign Key On.

Press **ENTER** to begin erasing the codes. The procedure takes less 1 minute to run.



Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

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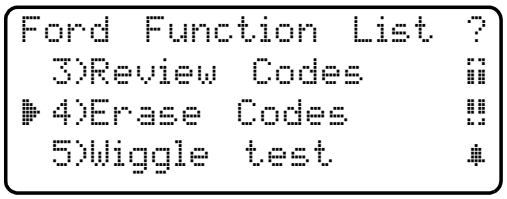
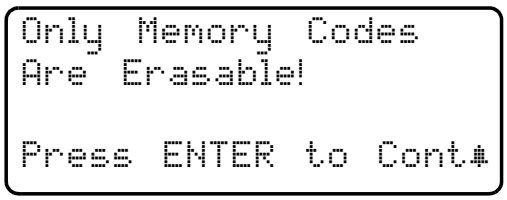
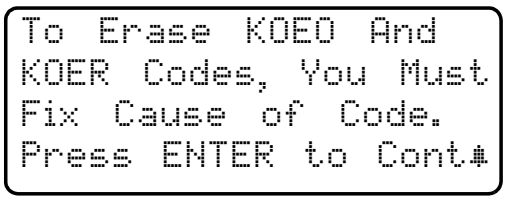
MECS Erase Codes

Select **Erase Codes** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



Press **ENTER** after each message.





⚠CAUTION **Never Lay Tools On Vehicle Battery. Tools May Create Shorts And Cause Harm To User And Damage To Tools, Battery And Electrical System.**

Follow all instructions on the display.

1) Turn Ign Key Off.
2) Remove Negative (–) Battery Cable.
3) Hold Down Break Pedal for 10 Seconds.
4) Reattach Negative (–) Battery Cable.

All continuous memory codes should be erased. Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

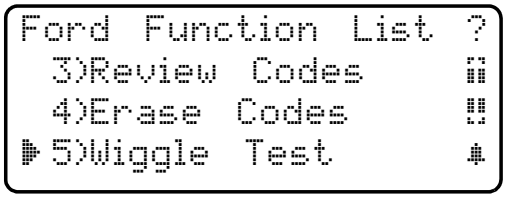
6

Wiggle Test (EEC-IV Vehicles)

The **Wiggle Test,** often referred to as the Continuous Monitor Test, is used to locate intermittent electrical faults on EEC-IV vehicles. When the test is activated, the tool will beep and display a message when a fault is present. If the problem is fixed or goes away, the tone and message goes away. Refer to the applicable vehicle service manual for circuits that can be tested.

✓ If the Alert was turned off in the tool Setup menu, it will be automatically activated for the **Wiggle Test**. Once the **Wiggle Test** is complete, the alert returns to its previous setting.

Select **Wiggle Test** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



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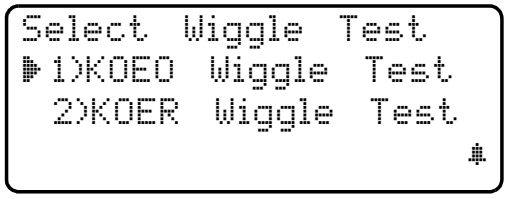
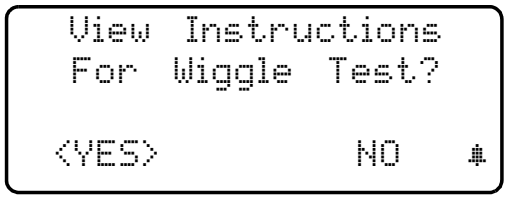
Either a KOEO or KOER Wiggle Test can be run. If the vehicle problem occurs while driving, the KOER Wiggle Test is recommended. After selecting, press **ENTER**.



Follow the tool's instructions.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Turn Ign Key Off. Wait 10 Seconds.
5) KOEO: Turn Key On. Engine Off. Do Not Start Engine.
6) KOER: Turn Key On. Engine On and let Idle.

Instructions are available for viewing. The default is YES. If NO is selected, the test will begin to initialize.

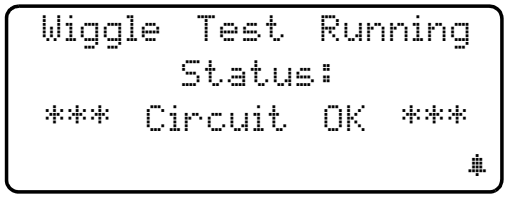


If YES is selected, the following instructions will appear.

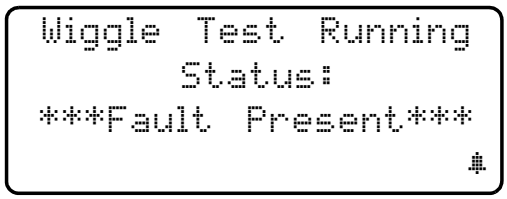
- ❒ Gently tap and shake the sensor.
- ❒ Wiggle the sensor connectors.
- ❒ Twist and shake the wiring between the sensor and the PCM.

Press **ENTER** to continue. The next instruction states: Beeper sounds and message displayed while fault exists. Press **ENTER** to Test and the test will begin to initialize.

After the 10-second initialization period, the tool is ready for the **Wiggle Test**. Locate the suspect sensor or circuit according to the above instructions.



If a fault is detected, the tool will beep and displays a FAULT PRESENT message. A DTC(s) will be stored in the PCM and in the tool. When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.



Perform the "**Read KOEO Codes**" on page 6-1 to retrieve the DTC(s) set during wiggle test.

After making all repairs, perform "**Erase Codes**" on page 6-7 to clear the memory.

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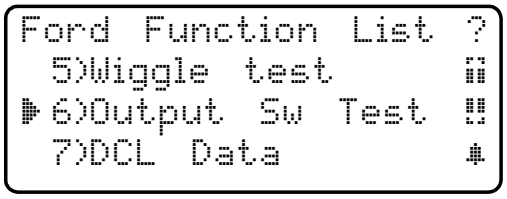
Output Switch Test (EEC-IV Vehicles)

The **Output Sw (Switch) Test**, also known as the Output State Check, is used to check the operation of the computer-controlled relays and solenoids on EEC-IV vehicles. The user can troubleshoot circuits using a voltmeter to measure voltage at the relays and solenoids in both energized and non-energized conditions. All measurements should be recorded for reference.

✓ Fuel injectors are NOT energized during this test.

✓ On vehicles equipped with Integrated Vehicle Speed Control (IVSC), failure to disconnect the vacuum supply hose from the Speed Control Servo energizes the Speed Control Solenoids.

Select **Output Sw Test** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



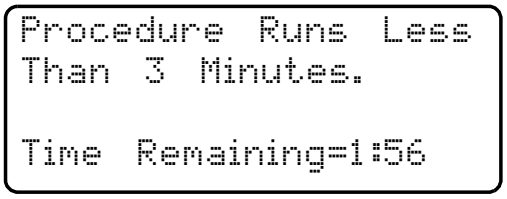
Observe the screens and follow the instructions.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. Do not Start Engine.

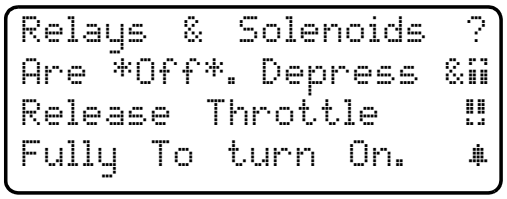
6

⚠CAUTION **Avoid Cooling Fan! It May Turn On During Test.**

The test screen indicates the time remaining. Do not touch vehicle or tools during this time until the next screen appears.



Depress the accelerator pedal fully to turn ON relays and solenoids. Do the same to turn them OFF. This can be repeated as many times as required to locate the fault.



Turn the ignition key Off and press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

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Cylinder (Cyl) Balance Test (EEC-IV Vehicles)

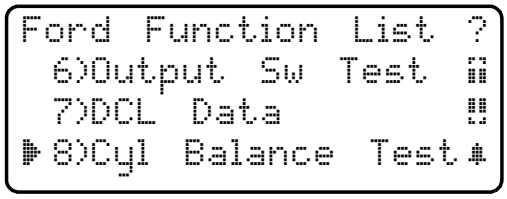
✓ The **Cyl Balance Test** is only applicable to engines equipped with EEC-IV Sequential Electronic Fuel Injection (SEFI or SFI) .

The **Cyl Balance Test** identifies a weak cylinder(s) on EEC-IV vehicles. A weak cylinder may be caused by low compression, poor valve seating, fouled spark plugs, damaged fuel injectors, and other cylinder faults. The PCM shuts off the fuel supply to each cylinder and measures the RPM drop. The PCM then calculates variations between cylinders thus identifying the weak ones.

⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or lethal. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

⚠CAUTION **The Cyl Balance Test is done with the engine running. Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

Select **Cyl Balance Test** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



⚠CAUTION **Keep hands and tools away from fan and engine during test.**

6

Follow the instructions on the tool screen that prompt the user to:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.
7) If Vehicle Has A Manual Trans., Release Clutch.

After pressing **ENTER** to continue, the scan tool waits for the Cylinder ID.

Once the ID is received, a Read KOER Self-Test begins. Follow all user prompts:

❒ Work Steering Wheel
❒ Pump Brake Pedal & Cycle OD (overdrive) Cancel Switch.

✓ Observe Screen for Prompt to Perform the next action.

❒ Quickly Press And Release Throttle. One Time Only!

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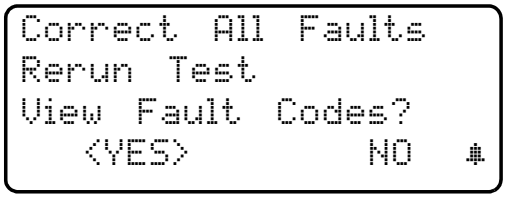
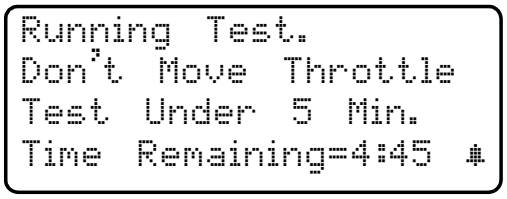
If no DTC is present, continue with the paragraph following the note below. If any DTC(s) are present, the **Cyl Balance Test** stops and the tool displays the screen to the right.

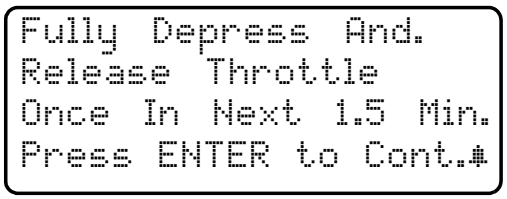


Select YES to review the DTC(s), then turn engine off. Record them and make repairs before repeating the **Cyl Balance Test**.

In the next step, Do Not touch any vehicle or tool keys while the test is running. Allow engine to idle. Engine speed may drop or become uneven — this is normal.



With no DTCs present, the tool prompts the user to Depress and release the Throttle Halfway within the next 1.5 minutes. Press **ENTER** to continue. Do not move the throttle.

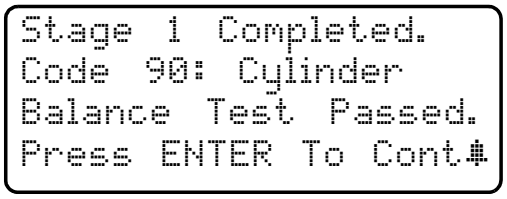


If throttle is moved, after depressing and releasing the throttle the tool will display an error message indicating that the test failed due to throttle movement. It prompts the user to retest the vehicle or return to the ***Ford Function List***.

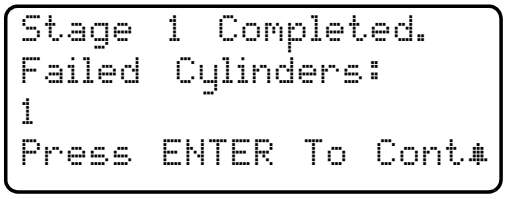
6

✓ Noise from the Throttle Position Sensor may cause the test to abort even though the throttle was not moved.

If the engine operates properly, the screen to the right displays. Press **ENTER** to continue.



If a problem exists with one or more cylinders, the tool displays a list of failed cylinder(s). Press **ENTER** to continue.



Refer to the applicable vehicle service manual for cylinder numbering sequence. Cylinder failure may be caused by faulty injectors, sparks plugs, or wiring.

Turn the ignition key Off and press **ENTER** to continue — the tool prompts the user to retest (up to three times). If required, rerun the test to double check the results, or to check for weaker or dead cylinders.

When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

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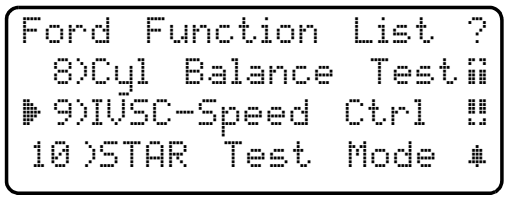
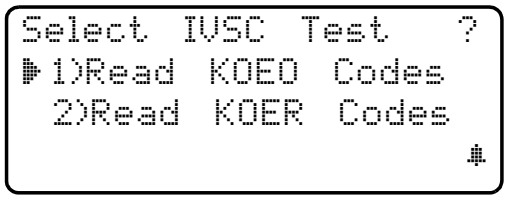
IVSC-Speed Ctrl (EEC-IV Vehicles)

The **IVSC-Speed Ctrl** (Integrated Vehicle Speed Control) is Ford's computerized cruise control system on EEC-IV vehicles. It is controlled by the PCM and contains a dedicated network of sensors, switches, and actuators. Both KOEO and KOER Codes exist for this test. The tool provides the ability to diagnose problems by reading DTCs.

Select **IVSC-Speed Ctrl** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



The sub-menu **Select IVSC Test** is displayed.



Reading IVSC KOEO Codes

Select **Read KOEO Codes** from the sub-menu and press **ENTER**. Follow the instructions on the tool screen. These instructions will prompt the user to:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. Do Not Start Engine.

6

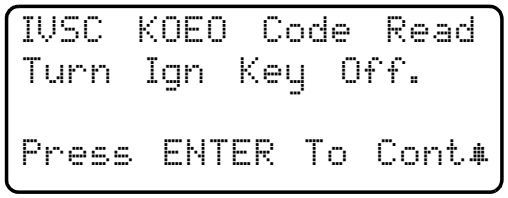
CAUTION **Avoid Cooling Fan! It May Turn On During Test.**

✓ During testing, it is VERY IMPORTANT that each required step be performed when prompted by the scan tool. Failure to perform these steps may set DTC(s) in the PCM.

During this test, the tool prompts the user to perform the following steps:

- ❒ Press speed control ON button.
- ❒ Press speed control OFF, RESUME, COAST, & ACCEL buttons.
- ❒ Tap brake and clutch pedals.

Once the codes have been read by the scan tool, turn the ignition key off. Press **ENTER** to view the KOEO failures.



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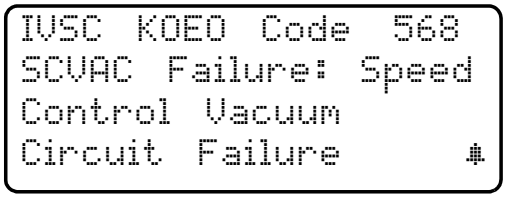
Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the KOEO Code listing. Be sure to write down any codes for reference.



Reading IVSC KOER Codes

Select **Read KOER Codes** from the sub-menu and press **ENTER**. To retrieve codes, follow the instructions on the tool screen as follows:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.

During testing, the tool will prompt the user to press the vehicle's Speed Control ON Button.

⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or lethal. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

⚠CAUTION **The Read KOER test is done with the engine running. Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

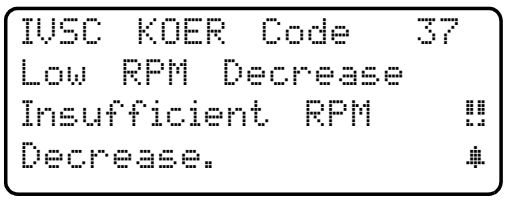
6

✓ During testing, it is VERY IMPORTANT that each required step be performed when prompted by the scan tool. Failure to perform these steps may set DTCs in the PCM. Be sure to observe the tool display for indications to perform these steps.

✓ Do not touch the throttle pedal during testing. The user will be reminded of this by the scan tool.

Once the codes have been read by the scan tool, it will instruct the user to turn the ignition key off:

Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the KOER Codes. Be sure to write down any codes for reference.



When done, press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

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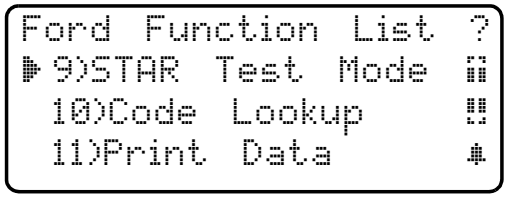
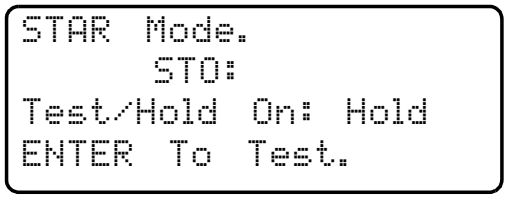
STAR Test Mode (EEC-IV, MECS and MCU Vehicles)

The **STAR Test Mode** can be used to retrieve DTCs from the PCM or other STAR (Self-Test Automatic Readout) compatible controllers installed in the vehicle. **STAR Test Mode** functions largely the same way and serves the same purpose as running KOEO and KOER tests. It is generally used as a last resort to check for DTCs in systems which may not be covered by KOEO and KOER testing (i.e. - Computer Ride Control suspension systems).

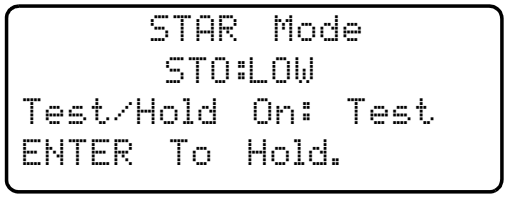
Select **STAR Test Mode** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**



Follow the instructions on the tool screen to access DTCs from the PCM. Pressing **ENTER** begins test.



The TEST/HOLD parameter indicates the state of the STI (Self-Test Input). The **ENTER** key toggles this state from TEST to HOLD.



With the STI in the TEST state, the self-test begins. The STO (Self-Test Output) parameter flashes either a HIGH or LOW. A beep will accompany each LOW flash. Write down the 2– digit or 3 – digit code for reference.

6

✓ Disregard the blink which may occur when ignition key is turned ON. Depending on the vehicle being tested, determines if a three digit or two digit code used. If required, refer to the vehicle service manual for applicable code structure.

- ❒ A digit consists of consecutive LOW flashes or beep — count the number of LOWs for the digit
- ❒ A short HIGH (short pause) occurs between digits.
- ❒ A long HIGH (long pause) occurs between codes.
- ❒ There is no flash for the digit 0 (zero).

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After all codes are sent, the series will repeat once and then stop. An example is shown below.

A Three-Digit DTC (214) will Flash as follows:	
STO: LOW-LOW	=**2**XX (Hundreds Place =2)
STO: HIGH	Short Pause
STO: LOW	=2**1**X (Tens Place =1)
STO: HIGH	Short Pause
STO: LOW-LOW-LOW-LOW	=21**4** (Ones Place =4)
Two-Digit DTCs (12, 42) will Flash as follows:	
STO: LOW	=**1**X (Tens Place =1)
STO: HIGH	Short Pause
STO: LOW-LOW	=1**2** (One's Place =2)
STO: HIGH	Long Pause (Between DTCs)
STO: LOW-LOW-LOW-LOW	=**4**X (Tens Place =4)
STO: HIGH	Short Pause
STO: LOW-LOW	=4**2** (Ones Place =2)

If necessary, refer to an appropriate vehicle service manual for procedure on how to use **STAR Test Mode** for specific vehicle under test.

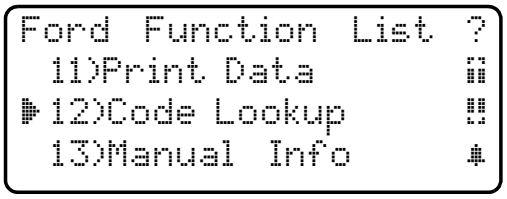
When done, press **BACK** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

Code Lookup

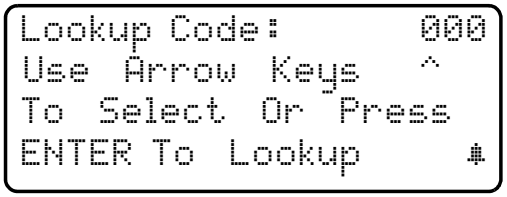
6

Code Lookup is used to look up definitions of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) stored in the scan tool. The scan tool does not require power from the vehicle to perform this function. Internal battery power can be used.

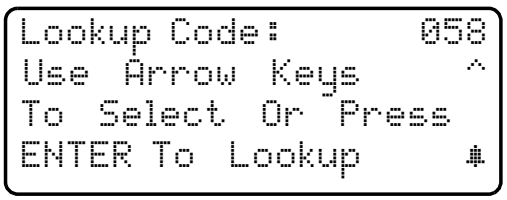
Select **Code Lookup** from the ***Ford Function List*** .



Only one character can be changed at a time.



- ❒ Use **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to position the cursor.
- ❒ Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to change the selected character.



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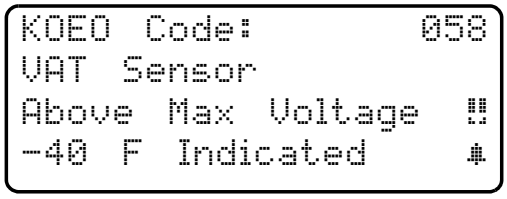
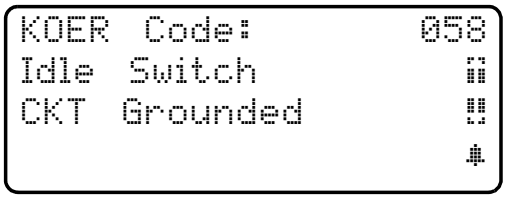
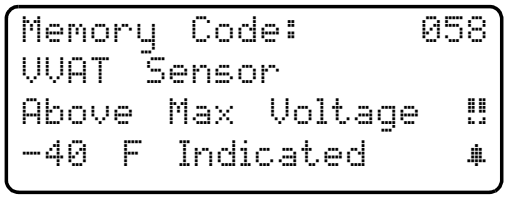
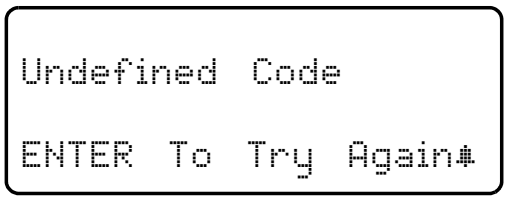
Press **ENTER** to display the definition(s) for that number. More than one definition may be available for the DTC number entered. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view them.







If the definition does not exist for the vehicle, then a message displays. Press **ENTER** to return to the ***Lookup Code*** screen or press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** menu.



Print Data

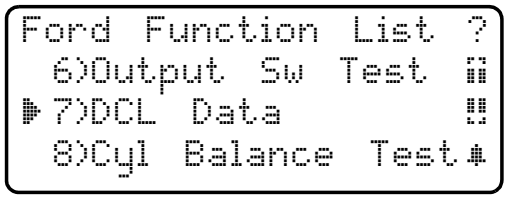
Refer to **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

DCL Data Functions (EEC-IV Vehicles)

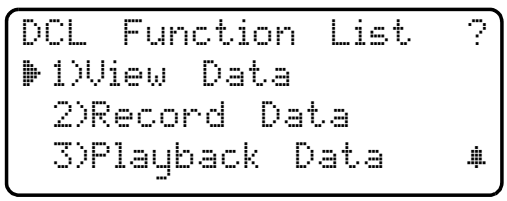
DCL (Data Communication Link) **Data** functions are used to view and record engine data transmitted from the vehicle on EEC-IV vehicles beginning in 1990. These functions allow viewing of data parameters in real time to pinpoint problems when they occur. The tool also has the ability to record these data parameters as the vehicle is operated to locate intermittent problems.

6

To view DCL Data Functions, select **DCL Data** from the ***Ford Function List***.



The tool displays the ***DCL Function List***. Select **View Data** and press **ENTER**.



View Data

The **View Data** function allows the mechanic to view a Personal Identification Number (PIDs) in real time. Simply stated, as the PCM monitors the vehicles PIDs, they are simultaneously transmitted to the scan tool. Viewing data is also used for observing sensor data and the ON/OFF state of switches, solenoids, and relays.

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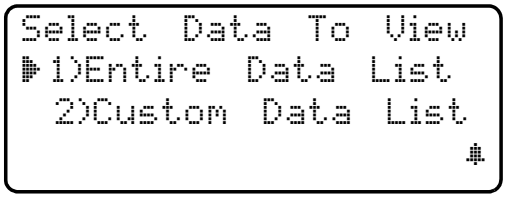
After selecting **View Data**, a ***Select Data to View*** screen will allow you to customize the function. See "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 of **Using The Scan Tool** for Entire or Custom Data Lists.



After selecting the Entire Data List or Custom Data List, press **ENTER**.

Once the communication link has been established, start the engine and let idle. The tool displays either the Entire or Custom Data List, depending on the previous selections. A Vehicle Data List header marks the beginning of the data list. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the PIDs.

If the Custom Data List parameters need to be changed, press the **BACK** key at any time. This returns the tool to the ***Custom Data List*** display.

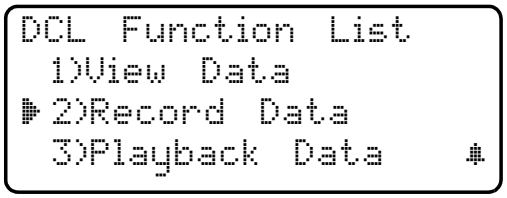
When done, press **BACK** twice to return to the ***DCL Function List*** or press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

Record Data

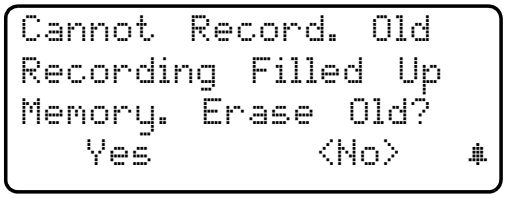
The **Record Data** function is used to record vehicle data parameters over time. The **Record Data** function allows diagnosis of an intermittent problem by analyzing data leading up to the problem, during the problem, and possibly after the problem, depending on duration. This function is used if no other diagnostic method works.

The tool records data based on time (5 frames prior to the trigger point, and for a duration after). The time after depends on the vehicle data rate.

Select **Record Data** from the ***DCL Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



If a recording currently exists in memory, a message to ERASE OLD RECORDING displays.



The tool maintains only one recording at a time, so be sure to thoroughly review an old recording before erasing it. Power to store recordings is provided by the scan tool's internal battery, thus, recordings are stored in memory only for the life of the battery.

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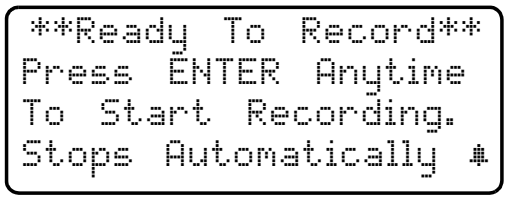
Once the communication link has been established, you are ready to record data.

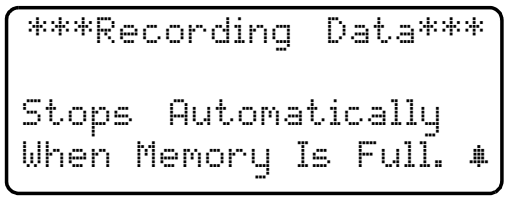
CAUTION **Never operate the tool while driving. Have another person assist with the operation of the tool.**

Recording starts when the **ENTER** key is pressed.



The tool records for a varying time duration. The recording will consist of 5 frames of data prior to the trigger point, and approximately 20 seconds after the recording. All applicable data parameters will be recorded for the vehicle.

When the recording is in progress, the screen to the right is displayed.

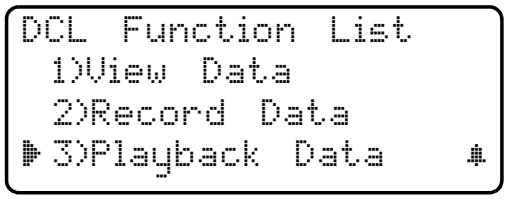


When the recording is complete, the tool will prompt the user to play back the recording. Answering NO returns to the ***Ford Function List***. Answering YES goes to the ***Select Data to View*** screen.

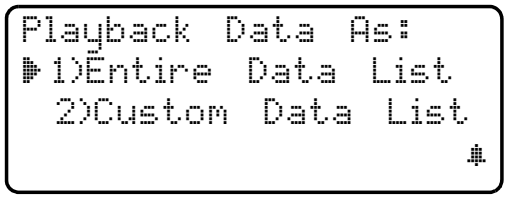
Playback Data

The **Playback Data** function is used to view a recording stored in memory. This function is similar to **View Data** except the data displayed has been previously-recorded.

Select **Playback Data** from the ***DCL Function List*** and press **ENTER**. If a recording does not exist in the Scan Tool's memory, then a "No data recorded" message appears. Data must be recorded first before it can be played back.



If data is recorded, the tool will prompt the user to playback data as an Entire Data List or a Custom Data List. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 of **Using The Scan Tool** for help on Data Lists.



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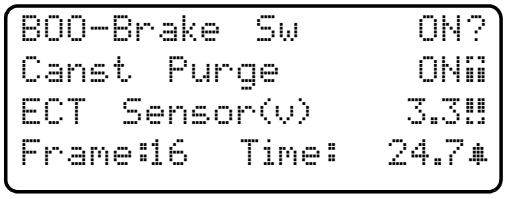
After selecting the data List type, press the **ENTER** key to start playing back the recorded data.



The ***Playback Data*** screen has a Vehicle Data List header that marks the beginning of the data list. On the ***Playback Data*** screen, lines 1-3 are used to display vehicle data parameters. The fourth line displays the Frame number and Time in seconds.

Negative frames and timestamps indicate data recorded before the trigger event. Positive frames and timestamps indicate data recorded after the trigger event.

Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view the recorded PID data of each frame. The end of the list is reached when only the (up) icon is visible.

Use the **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to scroll back and forth through the frames. The **RIGHT** arrow key advances to the next frame, "wrapping around" to the earliest frame when the final frame is reached. The **LEFT** arrow key goes back to the previous frame, again "wrapping around" to the final frame.

✓ After reaching the last time interval recorded. The **Time** display will change from data recorded after trigger to data recorded before. This is normal. The **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrows may be used to scroll through all time intervals in either direction.

The Frame index is very similar to the Time index. A Frame is a "snapshot" of engine operating conditions at that moment. The Frame number increases every time the vehicle's PCM transmits data across the communication link. Remember, not all Ford vehicles use the same number of PIDs. For this reason, not all vehicles will start and end with the same Frame number. The vehicles with less PIDs will have the greater Frame number range. Like the Time index, Frame 0 is the trigger point. Thus, negative Frame numbers contain data prior to the trigger point, and positive Frame numbers contain data after.

If you wish to change the Custom Data List parameters, press the **BACK** key to return to the ***Playback Data As:*** menu. When you have finished playing back a recording, press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

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FORD ENHANCED (OBD II) DIAGNOSTICS

IMPORTANT This system applies to Ford vehicles manufactured from 1996 to present. Some vehicles in 1994 and 1995 were equipped with the EEC-V system. Refer to "**Appendix A - Data Link Connectors**". Ford vehicles manufactured from 2002 to present automatically use Global OBD II Diagnostics.

The first time the scan tool communicates with the vehicle, the communication type is automatically detected, and is used until the scan tool is turned OFF or another vehicle is diagnosed.

✓ If an **Error Message** displays, make sure the OBD II connector is securely attached, and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required to reset the computer. If required, select YES to try again. If the problem still exists, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

Manual Info

The **Manual Info** function instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **Ford Enhanced (OBD II) Diagnostics**.

I/M Readiness

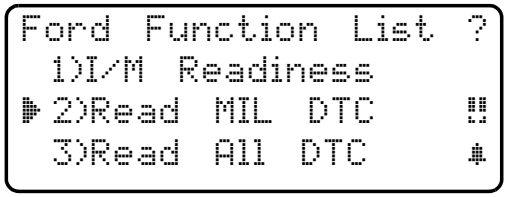
Refer to **"**" on page 4-1 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

6

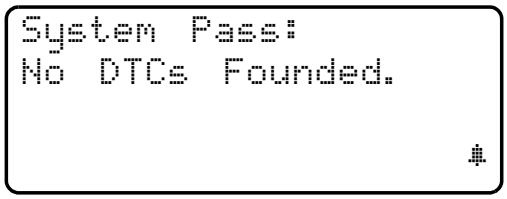
Read MIL DTC

The **Read MIL DTC** function retrieves Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) from the vehicle's computer module(s). This function can be performed with the KOEO or KOER. These codes cause the computer to illuminate the Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) when an emission-related or driveability fault occurs.

Select **Read MIL DTC** and press **ENTER**. The Scan Tool retrieves the DTCs stored in the vehicle's computer module(s).



If a message displays stating SYSTEM PASS: NO DTCS FOUND, press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List.***



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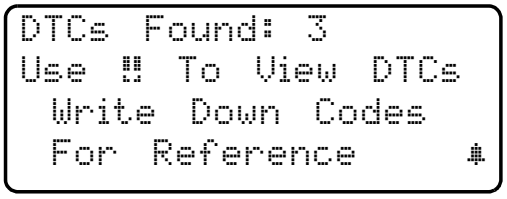
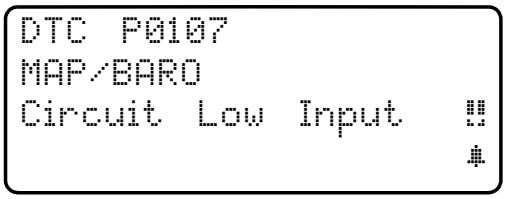
If DTCs are found, use the **DOWN** arrow key to view them.



Write down the DTCs for reference and then press **BACK** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

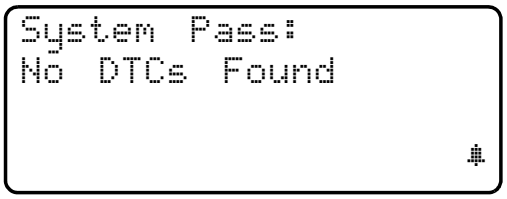


Read All DTC

The **Read All DTC** function retrieves all DTCs (MIL, non-MIL, Pending and Memory) stored in the vehicle's computer module(s). This function can be performed with the KOEO or KOER.

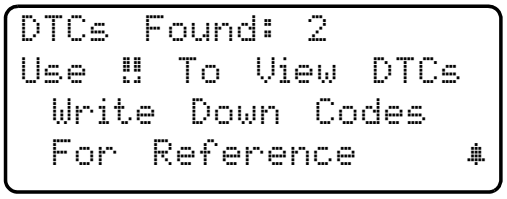
Select **Read All DTC** and press **ENTER**. The Scan Tool retrieves the DTCs stored in the vehicle's computer module(s).

If a message displays stating SYSTEM PASS: NO DTCS FOUND, press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List.***



6

If DTCs are found, use the **DOWN** arrow key to view them.



Write down the DTCs for reference. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to review the DTCs.

Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

Pending Codes

Refer to **"Pending Codes**" on page 4-4 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

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Erase Codes

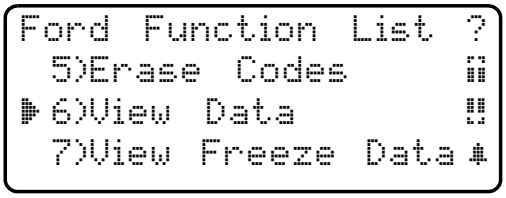
Refer to **"Erase Codes**" on page 4-5 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.** Perform this KOEO. After erasing the DTCs, verify new ones have not been set using the **Read All DTC** function.

IMPORTANT Until all monitors have ran the absence of a Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) does not mean the fault has been fixed.

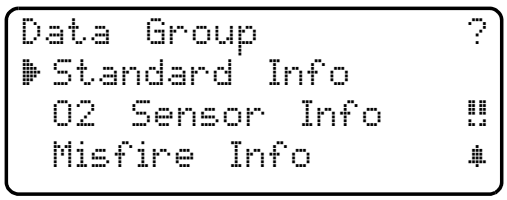
View Data

The **View Data** function allows you to view the vehicle's Parameter Identification (PID) data in real time. As the computer monitors the vehicle, the information is simultaneously transmitted to the scan tool. Apart from **Read Codes**, **View Data** is the most useful diagnostic function for isolating the cause of a vehicle driveability problem. **View data** is also used for observing sensor data and the status of switches, solenoids, and relays.

Select **View Data** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.

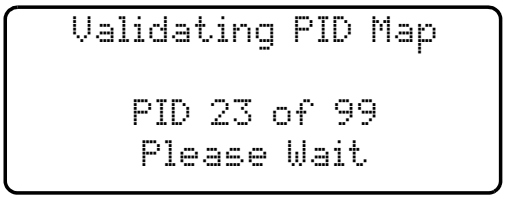


Ford arranges the PIDs in six groups:

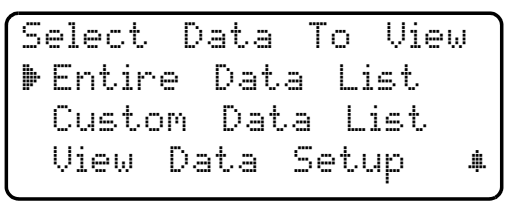


- **Standard Info:** viewing of analog sensor signals, such as measured voltage from O2 sensors, temperature sensors, and air flow sensors.
- **O2 Sensor Info:** viewing oxygen sensor information.
- **Misfire Info:** viewing of cylinder misfire information.
- **Auto Trans Info:** viewing of automatic transmission information.
- **Man Trans Info:** viewing of manual transmission information.
- **A/C Info:** viewing of air conditioning information.

After selecting a group, the scan tool asks the vehicle to provide the PIDs it supports for that group.



The scan tool displays a menu with display options. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** to select an option and press **ENTER**. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 to setup the data list.



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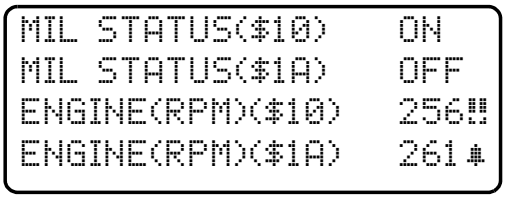
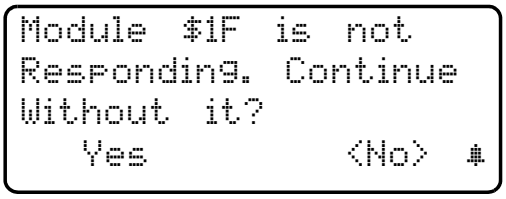
After making a selection, press **ENTER** to establish a communication link. Multiple PIDs may be sent if the vehicle is equipped with more than one computer module — Powertrain Control Module (PCM), Transmission Control Module (TCM), etc. The scan tool identifies them by their identification names (ID) assigned by the manufacturer (i.e. $40 or $1F).

If the Scan Tool receives multiple responses for a PID, such as MIL STATUS, it displays the PID and with the computer module ID blinking in parentheses.



If one or more control modules stops responding, the tool will display a message that it is not responding. If you choose to continue, dashes will replace the module ID.



Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Ford Function List***.

View Freeze Data

Refer to **"View Freeze Data**" on page 4-7 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

6

Quick Tests

The **Quick Tests** checks the integrity and performance of the EEC-V and PTEC system. It is performed first in most diagnostic procedures and after servicing to verify the repair.

Three Quick Tests are performed on all Ford vehicles.

- ❒ KOEO On Demand: Key On-Engine Off (KOEO) Self-Test.
- ❒ KOER On Demand: Key On-Engine Running (KOER) Self-Test.
- ❒ KOEO Output State.

Additional Quick Tests for OBD II 7.3L Powerstroke Diesel vehicles.

- ❒ KOEO Injector Buzz Test
- ❒ KOER Glow Plug Test
- ❒ KOER Cylinder Contribution Test
- ❒ KOER Switch Test.

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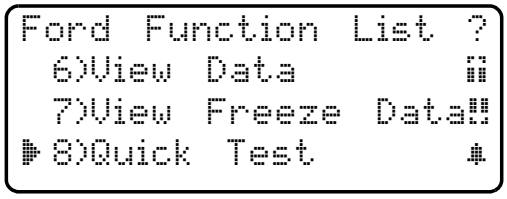
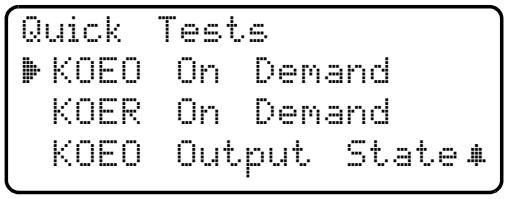
Select **Quick Test** from the ***Ford Function List*** and press **ENTER**.



The list of available tests are displayed. If testing a 7.3L powerstroke diesel, more tests become available.



KOEO On Demand

The **KOEO On Demand** is a functional test of the computer modules and system with the Key ON – Engine OFF (KOEO). It tests the inputs, outputs, and sensor ranges. Any faults or DTCs will be retrieved by the scan tool.

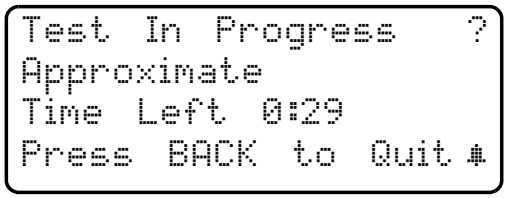
✓ It is VERY IMPORTANT that each step be performed when prompted by the scan tool. Failure to follow directions may set DTC(s).

Select **KOEO On Demand** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen and press **ENTER**. Follow the instructions displayed on the tool.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. Do Not Start Engine.
7) For a 7.3L Diesel, depress/hold throttle during test.

✓ For Gasoline engines, Do Not touch the throttle during test.

Press **ENTER** to begin the test. The Time Remaining will be displayed.



The following system components are tested:

- ❒ Electric radiator cooling fan - Avoid cooling fan!
- ❒ Fuel pump
- ❒ Check engine light
- ❒ Idle speed control solenoid

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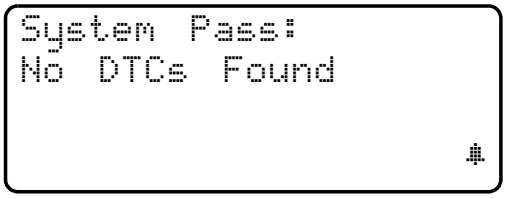
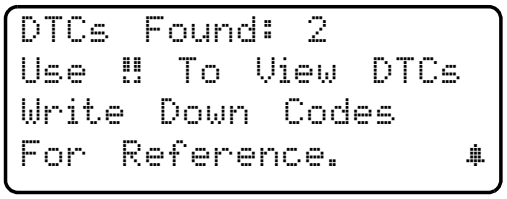
If no Codes are read, the System Pass screen displays.



If problems exist, the screen indicates that codes have been read. Use **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to view them.

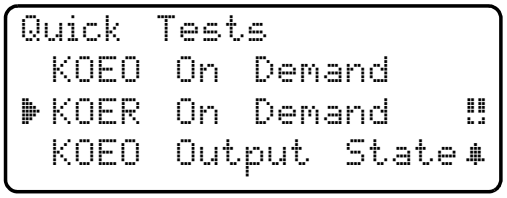
Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List***.



KOER On Demand

The **KOER On Demand** is a functional test with the Key ON – Engine RUNNING (KOER) that checks the computer module's inputs, outputs, sensor ranges, and operation. Any faults or DTCs will be retrieved by the scan tool.

Select **KOER On Demand** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen and press **ENTER**.



⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or FATAL. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

6 **⚠CAUTION** **Keep Hands and tools away from fan and engine during test.**

IMPORTANT Perform each step when prompted by the scan tool. Failure to follow directions may set DTC(s) in the PCM.

Follow the instructions displayed on the tool. If the steps are not followed correctly, a message displays asking you to RETRY.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.
7) If Vehicle Has A Manual Trans., Release Clutch.

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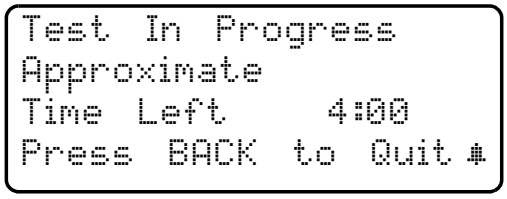
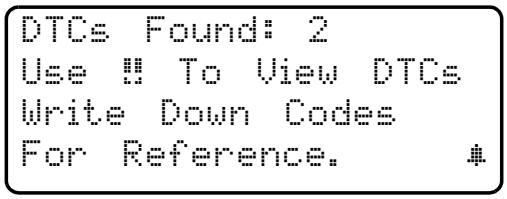
After pressing **ENTER** to continue, the KOER self-tests begins.



The tool prompts you to:

- ❒ Work Steering Wheel
- ❒ Pump Brake Pedal
- ❒ Cycle OD (overdrive) Cancel Switch (on some Automatic Transmissions.)

When the test is done, the DTCs found display on the screen. Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view Codes. If no codes are read, the System Pass screen is displayed.



Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.

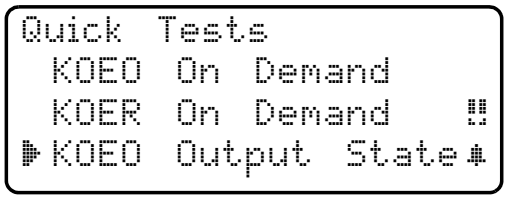
KOEO Output State

The **Output State** tests the output devices (actuators, relays, etc.) controlled by the PCM by powering them on and off. The voltage and outputs on suspect devices can be measured and recorded using a voltmeter. Compare voltages measured with the power turned on and off to verify operation.

6

✓ Fuel injectors are NOT energized by this test.

Select **KOEO Output State** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen and press **ENTER**.



Follow the scan tool's instructions.

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. Do Not Start Engine.
7) For a 7.3L Diesel, depress/hold throttle during test.

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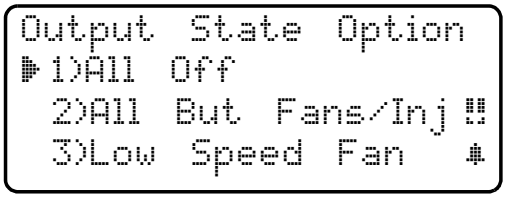
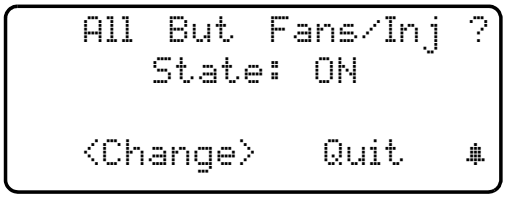
The Output State Options are displayed. The fourth option is "High Speed Fan." Select an option and press **ENTER**.



✓ Listen for devices turn on and off.

After a brief Command Sent screen, an Output State screen is displayed for the duration of the test. Select CHANGE to toggle the state to On/Off or QUIT to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.



Quick Tests (7.3L Powerstroke Diesel Only)

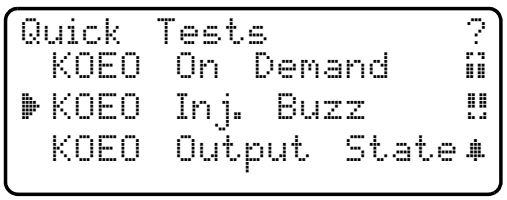
These additional **Quick Tests** are available when testing a truck equipped with a 7.3L Powerstroke Diesel engine.

KOEO Inj. Buzz

The **KOEO Inj. Buzz** is a functional test performed on demand with the ignition key ON and Engine OFF. The test determines if the injector circuits and solenoids are operating electrically correct and without faults.

All injectors are buzzed initially (audible feedback of solenoids energizing the valves) for approximately 2 seconds. Then each injector will buzz individually for approximately 1 second, in numerical order (1 – 8).

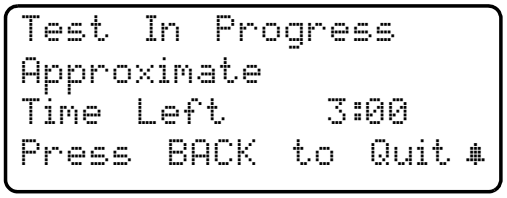
Select **KOEO Inj. Buzz** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen, press **ENTER**.



Perform the following:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Turn Key On-Engine Off. (Do Not Start).

Press **ENTER** to start the test. Listen for one long buzz and then 8 short equal buzzes as each fuel injector is energized.



Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.

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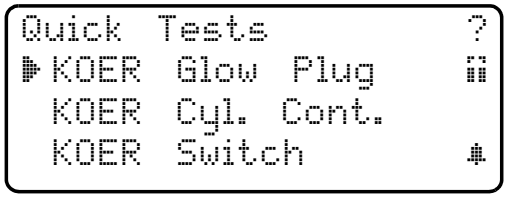
KOER Glow Plug

The **KOER Glow Plug** is an on-demand test which activates the glow plug relay and detects any difference in the amount of current between both banks of glow plugs. DTCs returned from the test indicate which bank has failed glow plugs or failed wiring.

⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or FATAL. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

⚠CAUTION **The KOER glow plug test is done with the engine running. Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

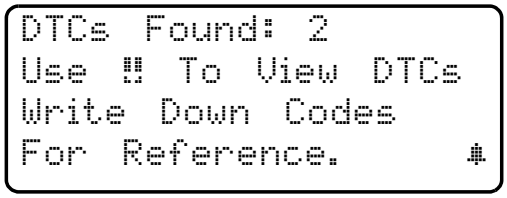
✓ Battery Voltage must be between 11.8 and 14.0 volts for the Glow Plug Test. To maintain battery voltage, increase engine RPM. If required, monitor battery voltage during the test using a voltmeter.



Select **KOER Glow Plug** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen. Perform the following:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.

When the vehicle has finished the test, the DTCs found display on the screen. If no codes are read, the System Pass screen is displayed.



Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view Codes.

Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.

KOER Cyl. Cont.

The **KOER Cyl. Cont.** is an on-demand test performed with the engine running, the A/C OFF and engine oil temperature above 76.6C (170°F). This test determines that all cylinders are contributing equally to engine performance.

The PCM first tests the cylinders in numeric order (1 – 8) for a bad/weak cylinder. If all cylinders check good, a 4 cylinder test is then executed (if a weak cylinder is detected in the 8 cylinder test, the four cylinder test will not be started).

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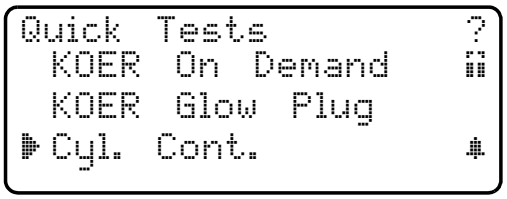
During the test, the engine will emit smoke, and the RPM varies with each check (there is no audible difference in RPM if a bad/weak cylinder is detected).

⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or FATAL. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

⚠CAUTION **The KOER cylinder contribution test is done with the engine running. Set the parking brake and place the transmission in DRIVE (*Automatic Transmissions only*). Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

Select **KOER Cyl. Cont.** from the *Quick Tests* screen.



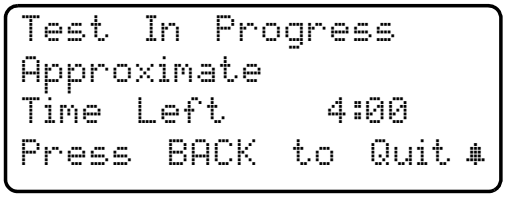
Perform the following:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.

When the vehicle has finished the test, the DTCs found display on the screen.

6

Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view Codes.



If no Codes are read, the System Pass screen is displayed.

Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.

KOER Switch

The **KOER Switch** is a functional test performed On-Demand with the engine running. The test is designed to set DTCs if one or more switches fail to transition from one state to another (i.e. - cycle ON/OFF). Upon initiating the test, wait 5 seconds before beginning the driver-operated controls. This eliminates the possibility of setting false DTCs with the cruise/speed control switches.

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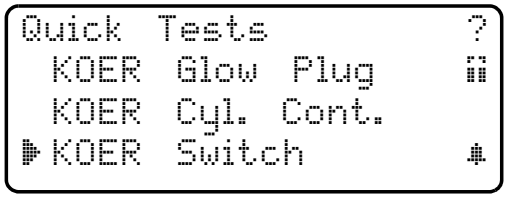
Select **KOER Switch** from the ***Quick Tests*** screen. Press **ENTER** to begin the test.



⚠WARNING **Exhaust gases are harmful or FATAL. Always operate vehicle in a well-ventilated area.**

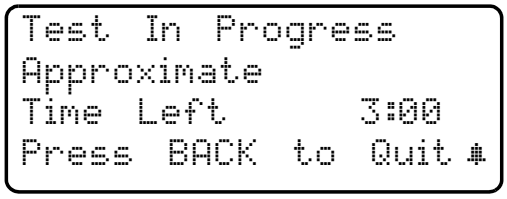
⚠CAUTION **The KOER switch test is done with the engine running. Do not over-rev engine. Observe all safety precautions.**

Follow all user interaction required to run the KOER Switch Self-Test. The tool will display a prompt when action is required.

Perform the following as displayed on the tool screen:

1) Set Parking Brake.
2) Transmission In Park Or Neutral.
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start Engine — Let Idle Until Hot.
5) Turn Ign Key Off.
6) Wait 10 Seconds. Start Engine — Let Idle.

Press **ENTER** to start the test.

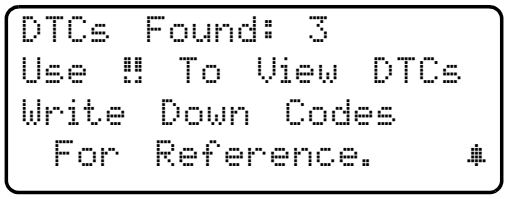


Do the following as instructed by the scan tool.

1) Release parking brake, set and release again.
2) Press speed control ON, OFF, SET, COAST, & RESUME buttons.
3) Press Transmission Control (Overdrive switch) or Clutch.
4) Depress and release brake pedal.

When the vehicle has finished the test, the DTCs found display on the screen. If no codes are read, the System Pass screen is displayed.

Use **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view Codes.



Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Ford Function List*** or **BACK** to return to the ***Quick Tests*** screen.

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O2 Monitor Test

Refer to **"O2 Monitor Test**" on page 4-8 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Diagnostic Monitor Tests

Refer to **"DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR Tests**" on page 4-9 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

On-Board Systems

Refer to **"On-Board Systems**" on page 4-11 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Record Data

Refer to **"Record Data**" on page 4-12 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.** Ford groups the PIDs into six categories:

- **Standard Info:** viewing of analog sensor signals, such as measured voltage from O2 sensors, temperature sensors, and air flow sensors.
- **O2 Sensor Info:** viewing oxygen sensor information.
- **Misfire Info:** viewing of cylinder misfire information.
- **Auto Trans Info:** viewing of automatic transmission information.
- **Man Trans Info:** viewing of manual transmission information.
- **A/C Info:** viewing of air conditioning information.

Vehicle Info

Refer to **"Vehicle Info**" on page 4-14 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Review Data

Refer to **"Review Data**" on page 4-18 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**. The following stored information can be reviewed for Ford vehicles.

1) I/M Readiness
2) MIL DTC (Codes)
3) All DTC (Codes)
4) Pending Codes
5) Freeze Frame
6) Quick Test
7) O2 Monitor Test
8) Diagnostic Monitor Test
9) Playback
10) Vehicle Info

Print Data

Refer to **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Code Lookup

Refer to **"Code Lookup**" on page 4-22 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

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Section 7 – Chrysler Diagnostics

- ✓ Due to different processor calibrations used, the function list for a particular vehicle may or may not appear as shown. Based on the vehicle information entered at the Vehicle Setup menu, the tool recognizes the computer system installed.
- ✓ If an **Error Message** displays, make sure the adapter cable is securely attached, and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required to reset the computer. If required, select YES to try again. If the problem still exists, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.
- ✓ This section covers Chrysler vehicles manufactured from 1989 to 2001. Chrysler vehicles manufactured from 2002 to present automatically use Global OBD II Diagnostics.
- ✓ Screens and functions may differ slightly for vehicle make and year.

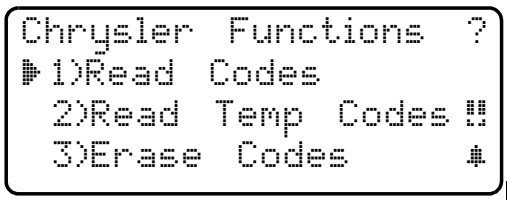
MANUAL INFO

Instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **Chrysler Diagnostics**.

READ CODES

The **Read Codes** function enables the tool to retrieve and display any specific emission-related Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC) stored in vehicle's memory. This function can be performed KOEO or KOER.

Select **Read Codes** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.

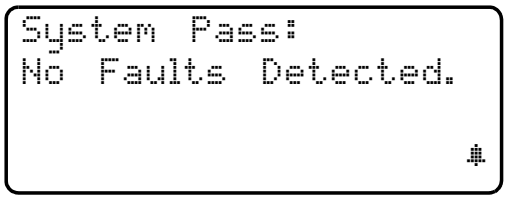


Perform the following.

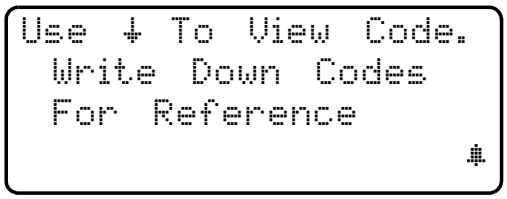
1) Set Parking Brake
2) Turn Key On-Engine Off or Running.
3) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.

⚠CAUTION **Keep hands and Tools away from fan and engine during test.**

If no DTCs have been stored in vehicle's memory, a System Pass screen displays.



If not, press the **DOWN** arrow to view the DTCs.



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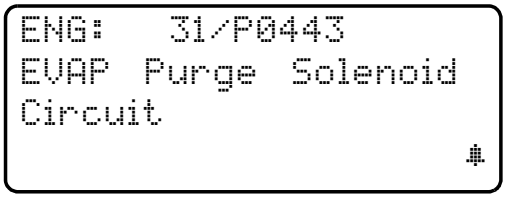
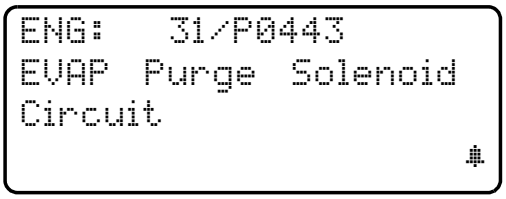
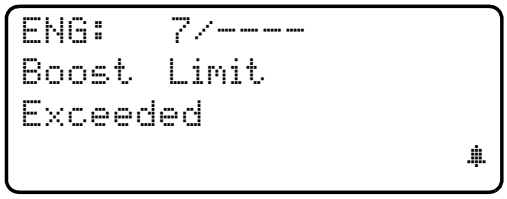
Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the codes. Write down the codes for reference or print them later.

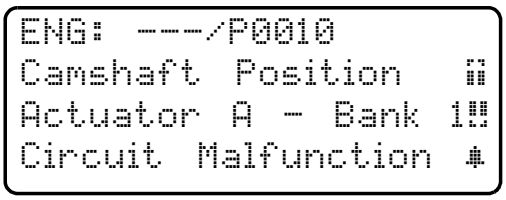


The DTCs are categorized by ENG (engine) or TRANS (transmission). The Chrysler MIL code (3-digit) and SAE code (5-digit) follow on the first line.



There may be times where only one or both display. Dashes display if the DTC type does not exist.





Note the codes and press **BACK** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

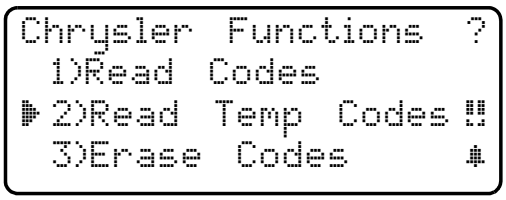
READ TEMPORARY CODES

✓ For JTEC and SBEC III Equipped Vehicles Only.

The **Read Temp Codes** (Read Temporary Codes) function is used on vehicles equipped with Jeep and Truck Engine Controllers (JTEC) and SBEC version III modules. The function enables the tool to retrieve and display all DTCs that failed one trip but did not turn on the MIL light. If the vehicle does not support this function, then the tool will not display it.

7

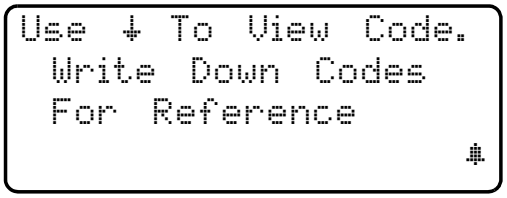
Select **Read Temp Codes** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



⚠CAUTION **Keep hands and Tools away from fan and engine during test.**

Next, turn the ignition key On-Engine can be Off or Running.

Once the tool has completed reading the temporary DTC s, one of two screens display:



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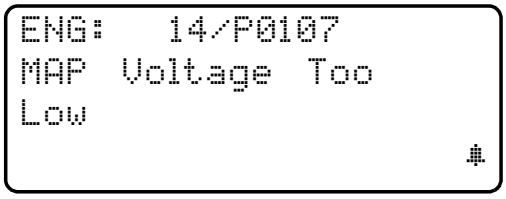
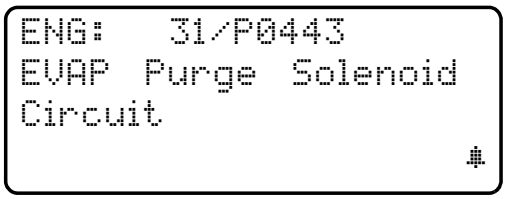
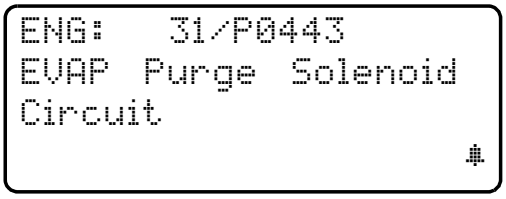
Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the codes. Note the codes and press **FUNC** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

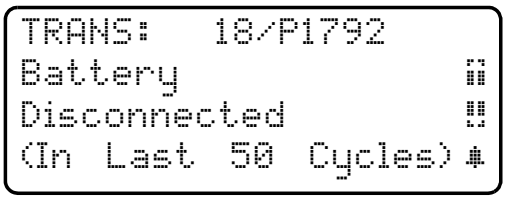


Use the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the codes. Write down the codes for reference or print them later.

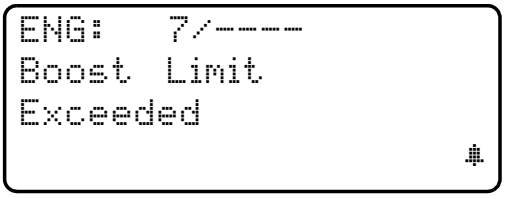


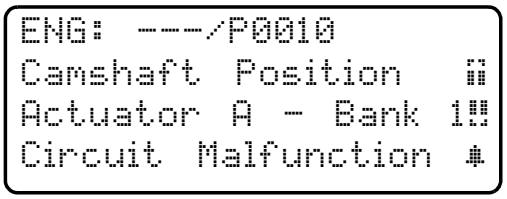
The DTCs are categorized by ENG (engine) or TRANS (transmission). The Chrysler MIL code (3-digit) and SAE code (5-digit) follow on the first line.





There may be times where only one or both display. Dashes display if the DTC type does not exist.





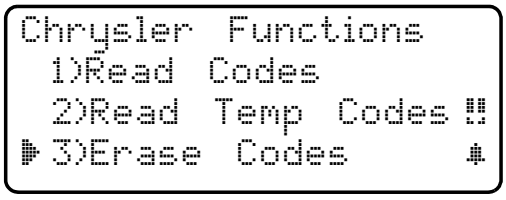
Note the codes and press **BACK** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

ERASE CODES

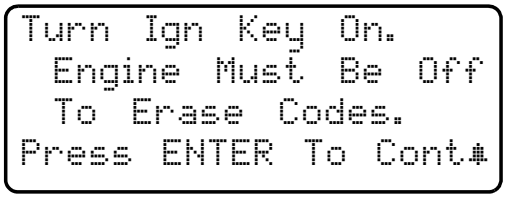
The **Erase Codes** function deletes the DTCs from the vehicle's computer memory. Perform this function only after the systems have been checked completely and DTCs have been documented. This function should be performed KOEO. Do not START engine.

After servicing the vehicle, erase the stored DTCs, perform a road test, and then verify no new codes have been stored. If DTCs return, the problem has not been corrected or other faults are present.

Select **Erase Codes** and press the **ENTER** key.



Follow the instructions and press **ENTER**.



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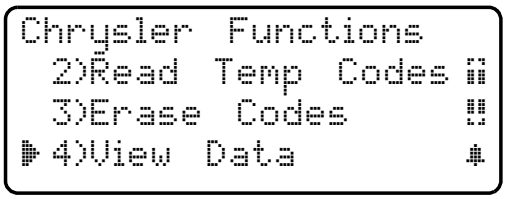
A message confirms the codes are erased. Press **ENTER** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

VIEW DATA

The **View Data** function allows the mechanic to view the vehicle's parameter identification data (PIDs) in real time. As the PCM monitors the PIDs, they are sent to the scan tool. Apart from **Read Codes**, **View Data** is the most useful diagnostic function for isolating the cause of a vehicle operation problem. Viewing data is also used for observing sensor data and the ON/OFF state of switches, solenoids, and relays.

Select **View Data** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



Perform the following.

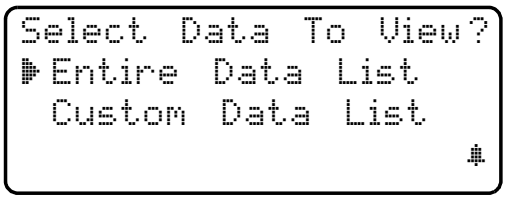
1) Set Parking Brake
2) Turn Key On-Engine Off or Running.
3) Put Transmission In Park Or Neutral.

Press **ENTER** when done.

⚠CAUTION **Keep hands and Tools away from fan and engine during test.**

✓ On 1999 and newer vehicles, a screen may ask you to select Engine Data or Transmission Data.

Select the type of data to view. Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 of **Using The Scan Tool**.



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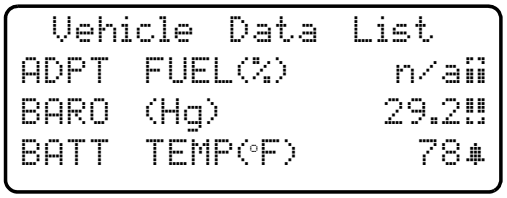
After making a selection, press **ENTER** to establish a communication link. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the PIDs. A "n/a" or "- - -" indicates the PID is not used by the vehicle.



Change the selection of Custom Data List parameters at any time by pressing the **BACK** key. This returns to the ***Custom Data List*** selection screen. Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

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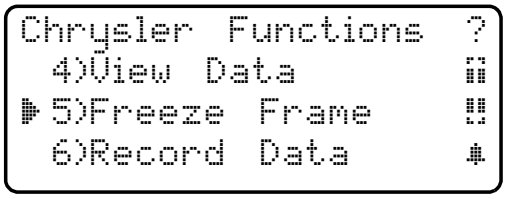
FREEZE FRAME

✓ Available for 1999 and newer vehicles only.

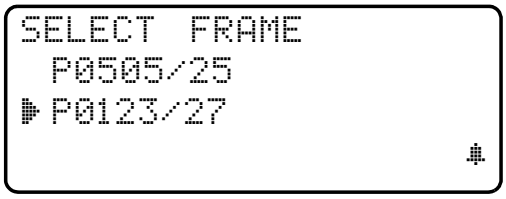
When an emission-related fault is detected, certain vehicle conditions at the time fault(s) were set and are recorded by the PCM. This is referred to as a Freeze Frame. The information is a “snapshot” of the engine operating conditions at the time of a fault. This data can be overwritten by faults with a higher priority.

Turn ignition key On - Engine can be OFF or Running. Select **Freeze Frame** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



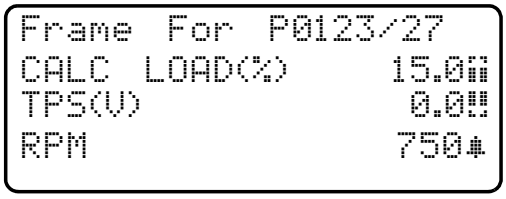
If no information for Freeze Frame(s) is available, the scan tool will tell you.

If a Freeze Frame(s) is available, the tool presents a menu of one or more DTC’s. Select a DTC to see the data frame recorded at the time the DTC was set and press **ENTER**.



✓ The menu of Diagnostic Trouble Codes can be a combination of an SAE code (5-digit) and/or a Chrysler MIL code (3-digit)

The tool displays the complete Freeze Frame Data List for the selected DTC. Use the UP/DOWN arrow keys to scroll through the PIDs. The DTC that triggered the freeze frame event is shown on the first line.



7

Press the **BACK** key to return to the DTC Selection screen. Press **FUNC** to return to the Chrysler Functions List.

RECORD DATA

The **Record Data** function records vehicle PID (Parameter Identification) data while the vehicle is parked or being driven. This function is mainly used for diagnosing intermittent driveability problems that cannot be isolated by any other method.

The tool records data based on time (5 frames prior to the start of the recording, and for a duration after). The time after depends on the vehicle data rate.

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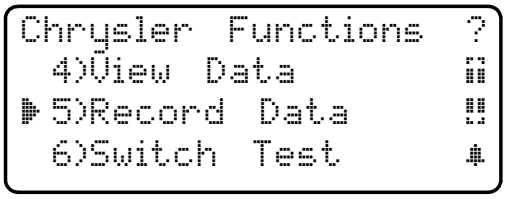
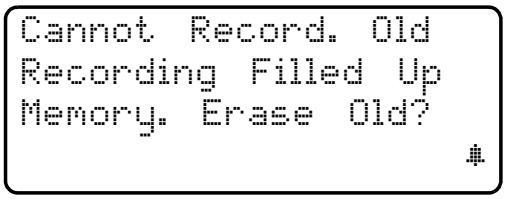
The **Record Data** function allows diagnosis of an intermittent problem by analyzing data leading up to the problem, during the problem, and possibly after the problem, depending on duration.

Select **Record Data** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**. Follow all instructions on the display.



✓ The tool can maintain only one recording at a time. Be sure to thoroughly review the old recording before erasing it.

If a recording currently exists in memory, a message to Erase Old Recording is displayed. The tool stores only one recording at a time, so be sure to review it before erasing it.

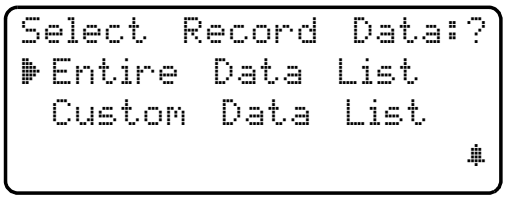


✓ On 1999 and newer vehicles, a screen may ask you to select Engine Data or Transmission Data.

Next, turn the ignition key On. Engine can be Off or Running.

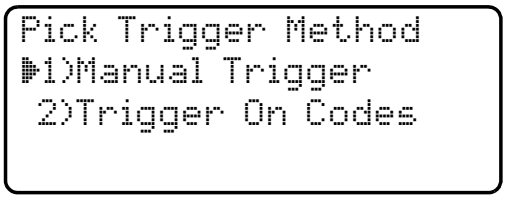
⚠CAUTION **Never operate the tool while driving. Have another person assist with the operation of the tool.**

Refer to "**Viewing Data**" on page 3-11 of **Using The Scan Tool** for Entire and Custom Data Lists.

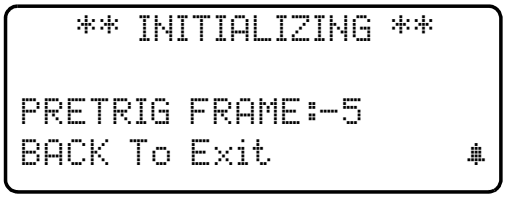


7

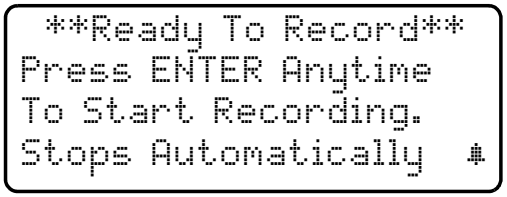
On the next screen, select a triggering method. **Manual Trigger** allows the technician to use the **ENTER** key. **Trigger On Codes** automatically triggers when a DTC is indicated by the vehicle.



Press **ENTER** and the scan tool establishes a communication link with the vehicle.



If **Manual Trigger** is selected, the scan tool initializes by recording the first five frames. When done, press **ENTER**.



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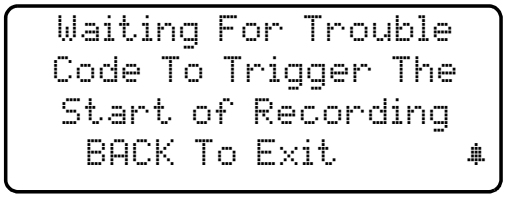
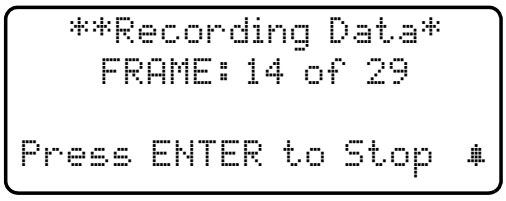
If **Trigger On Codes** was selected, then the scan tool triggers when a DTC is stored in the vehicle.

Press the **BACK** key twice to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

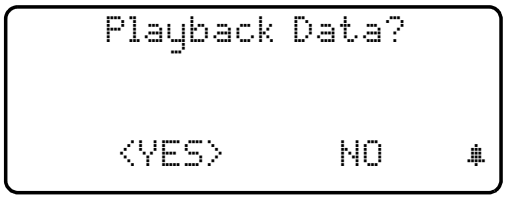


The scan tool recording time varies. A recording consists of 5 frames of data prior to the trigger and several frames after the trigger. The amount of PIDs recorded determine the number of frames.



After a recording, the Scan Tool displays a prompt to playback the recording. Answer NO to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

Answer YES to display recorded data.

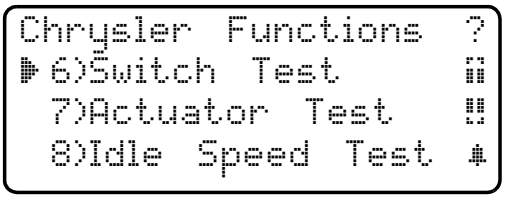


SWITCH TEST

The **Switch Test** is used to test the operation of switches on various Chrysler vehicle systems. These systems may include cruise control, A/C, braking, and the shift lever position.

✓ Because of differences in vehicle designs, the **Switch Test** may not test the same switches in every car.

Select **Switch Test** and press **ENTER**.



7

✓ Switches for the Engine and Transmission are combined into one list when applicable.

Select a switch to be tested from the list and press **ENTER**.

To test a switch, press the switch and check the tool display. If the switch is available for testing, the tool displays the current status of the switch.

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To finish testing switch, press the switch again. The switch status on the bottom should change if the switch is working.

To test another switch, press the **BACK** key to return to the ***Select SW to Test*** screen. To return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list, press the **FUNC** key.

ACTUATOR TEST

The **Actuator Test** is used to check the operation of many of the computer-controlled relays and solenoids. This is also helpful for checking voltages and output signals. Use a voltmeter to check the output signals at each relay and solenoid to verify their operation. To do this, take voltage readings at relays and solenoids before beginning this test. Then activate the test to energize the relays and solenoids. Check voltages again to determine if they are functioning properly. Remember to write down readings for reference.

✓ Not all vehicles have the same actuators. The tool will not allow the test of actuators not present on the vehicle.

⚠CAUTION

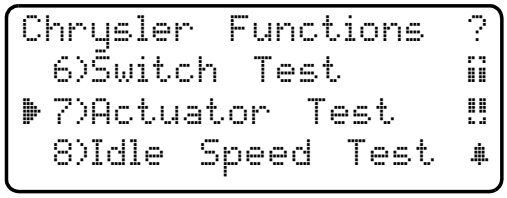
Some Actuator Tests may activate the fuel pump. Do not disconnect any fuel lines or remove fuel injectors unless it is required by the vehicle service manual. Be sure to reconnect all lines when testing is complete.

⚠WARNING

Gasoline leaking onto hot engine and exhaust parts can cause fire or other hazardous conditions.

Select **Actuator Test** and press **ENTER**.

Follow all instructions on the tool screen. It will prompt the user when to turn the ignition key ON, do not start the engine.



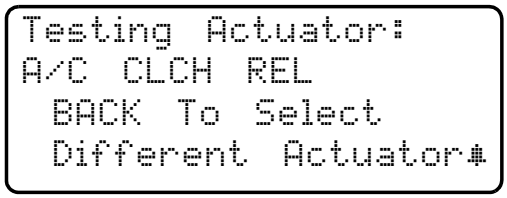
7

✓ Actuators for the Engine and Transmission are combined into one list when applicable.

Select an actuator to be tested from the list and press **ENTER**.

If the actuator selected is not available for the vehicle under test, the tool will indicate so. If the actuator is available, the tool will energize that actuator

Use a voltmeter to test the actuator for correct operation. To test another actuator on the list, press the **BACK** key.



To return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list, press the **FUNC** key.

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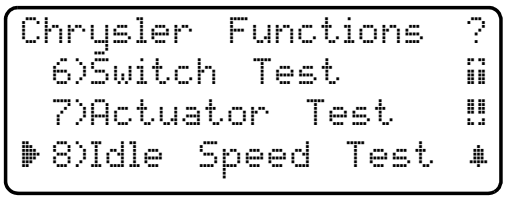
IDLE SPEED TEST

The **Idle Speed Test** is used to test the functionality of the vehicle idle speed control system. The test allows the user to enter the desired engine speed. The test vehicle should respond by matching the speed commanded. If the vehicle matches the demanded engine speed, the idle speed control system is functioning properly.

Select **Idle Speed Test** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



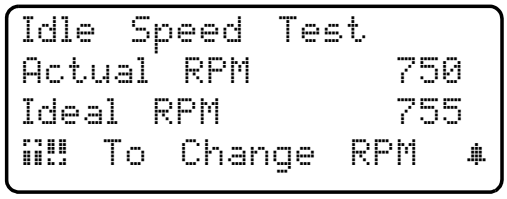
The tool instructions may vary depending on the vehicle information entered. However, in all cases it will instruct the user to perform the following:

1) Set the Parking Brake.
2) Turn A/C off.
3) Start engine and let idle.

⚠WARNING **Keep hands and Tools away from fan and engine during test.**

⚠WARNING **Carbon monoxide (CO) and other vehicle emissions are harmful or fatal to personnel. Always operate vehicle in a well ventilated area.**

Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to change the Ideal RPM (engine speed). The vehicle should respond by matching the Ideal RPM.

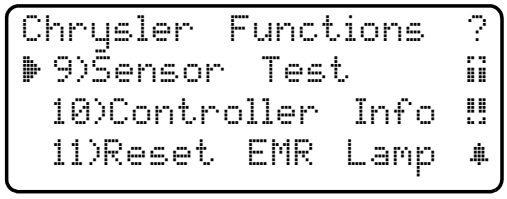


Press the **BACK** or **FUNC** key to end the test and return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

SENSOR TEST

The **Sensor Test** is used to view the sensor outputs of some monitored vehicle systems. The **Sensor Test** is similar to **View Data**, as it allows the user to read the current output of various sensors throughout the vehicle.

Select **Sensor Test** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



Turn ignition key On — Engine can be Off or Running. Press **ENTER** and the scan tool will build a list of sensors and display them.

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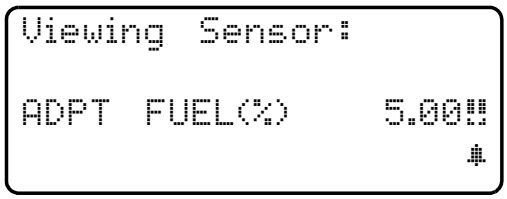
One sensor will be displayed per screen. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the supported sensors. The tool displays the status of the sensor.



Press the **BACK** or **FUNC** key to end the test and return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

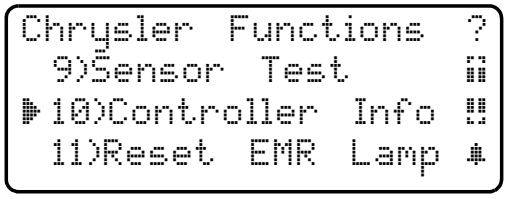
CONTROLLER INFO

Controller Information provides additional specifications on the PCM and vehicle under test, such as:

- Internal PCM ID number
- Emission Type (Federal, California, Canadian, etc.)
- Fuel type
- Model year of car (controller)
- Turbo or non-turbo engine
- Engine Controller type
- Engine size
- Car or truck application
- Transmission type
- Drivetrain layout (front or rear drive)

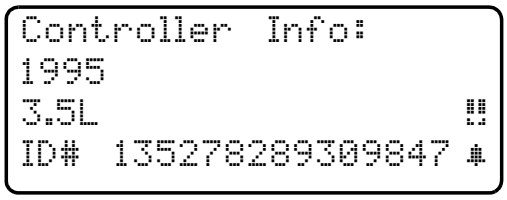
✓ Controller Information varies from vehicle to vehicle.

Select **Controller Info** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.



Turn ignition key On-Engine can be Off or Running. Press **ENTER** and the scan tool will build the Controller Info list.

After retrieving the **Controller Information**, the tool displays the information. Scroll through the list using the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys.



Press the **BACK** or **FUNC** key to end the test and return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

RESET EMR LAMP

✓ (Trucks and Vans Only)

The **Reset EMR Lamp** function should be performed after servicing the vehicle's emissions control systems. Some Chrysler vehicles are equipped with an Emission Maintenance Reminder (EMR) lamp. The EMR is illuminated after the vehicle is driven a pre-programmed number of miles. The tool can do this by resetting the EMR odometer inside the vehicle PCM.

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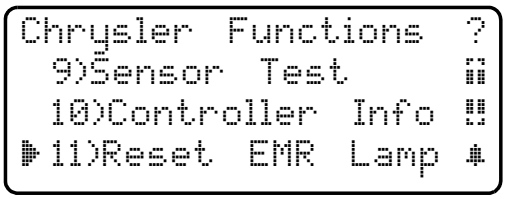
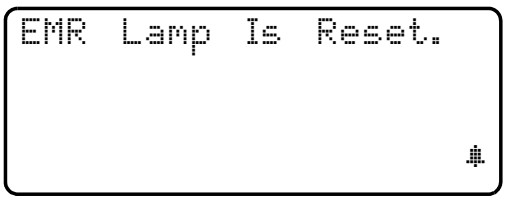
Select **Reset EMR Lamp** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.

Turn ignition key On, but do not start engine.



Press **ENTER** to reset the EMR lamp.

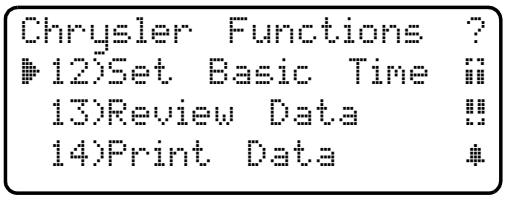


Press the **FUNC** or **BACK** key to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list.

SET BASIC TIME

The **Set Basic Time** function is used when checking basic timing. This feature suspends spark scatter at idle. Other tests, such as **Sensor Test**, can be performed concurrently with this mode.

Select **Set Basic Time** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** list and press **ENTER**.

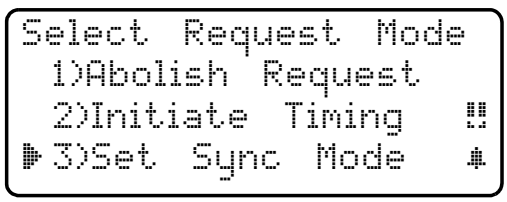


CAUTION **Keep hands and Tools away from fan and engine during test.**

Connect a strobe timing light and perform ALL steps as prompted by the tool screens as follows:

1) Set the Parking Brake.
2) Transmission in park (P) or neutral (N).
3) Turn A/C Off.
4) Start engine and let idle until hot.
5) Turn ignition key Off.
6) Wait 10 seconds. Start engine and let idle.
7) If vehicle has a manual transmission, release clutch.

Press **ENTER** and then select a request mode. Depending on the vehicle, some Request Modes may not be available.



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✓ **Set Sync Mode** is available on 3.9L, 5.2L and 5.9L engines only.

When returning to the ***Chrysler Functions*** list, timing will remain fixed. This allows the mechanic to use the **Sensor Test** function and read sensor data. To restore timing, the **Abolish Request** mode must be selected from the ***Select Request Mode*** menu.

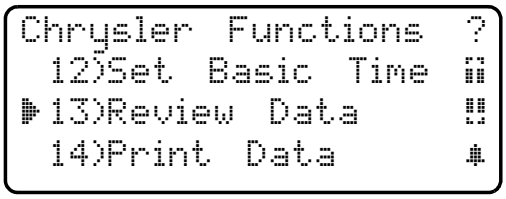
Depending on the Request Mode sent to the PCM, the tool will display the following messages:

- Basic Timing Has Been Abolished.
- Basic Timing Has Been Initiated. Spark Is Being Fired At Predetermined Set Point Without Spark Scatter.
- Basic Timing or Set Sync Is Rejected Due To Open Throttle.
- Basic Timing Is Rejected Due To Automatic Transmission In DRIVE.
- Set Sync Has Been Initiated.

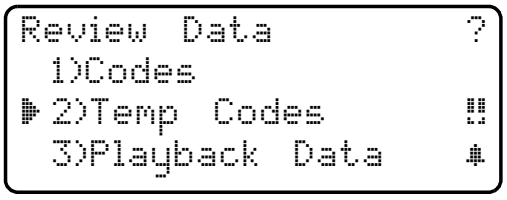
REVIEW DATA

The **Review Data** function allows you to review data stored in the scan tool.

Select **Review Data** and press **ENTER**.



The types of stored data are listed. Select an option and press **ENTER**.



Codes, Temp Codes Freeze Frame and **Controller Info** display the information stored when those functions were ran.

7

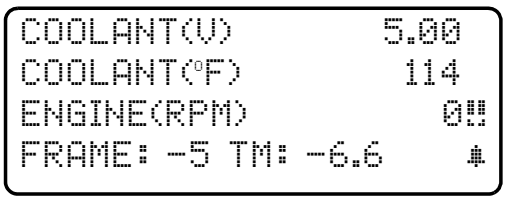
The **Playback** function is used to play back a recording. This function is very similar to **View Data**. The only difference is that **View Data** is a real time viewing of PIDs, while **Playback** is a viewing of previously recorded PIDs.

To play back your vehicle's recorded PIDs, select **Playback** from the ***Review Data*** list. Press the **ENTER** key to continue.

✓ On 1999 and newer vehicles, a screen may ask you to select Engine Data or Transmission Data.

The scan tool displays a NO RECORDING PRESENT message if a recording does not exist. Otherwise, press **ENTER** to play back the recording. The scan tool plays back the **Entire Data List** or the **Custom Data List**, depending on how the data was recorded.

The ***Playback*** is composed of three lines of data and one line for the frame number and timestamp (in seconds).



Negative frames and timestamps indicate data recorded before the trigger event. Positive frames and timestamps indicate data recorded after the trigger event.

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Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view the recorded PID data of each frame. The end of the list is reached when only the (up) icon is visible.

Use the **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to scroll back and forth through the frames. The **RIGHT** arrow key advances to the next frame, "wrapping around" to the earliest frame when the final frame is reached. The **LEFT** arrow key goes back to the previous frame, again "wrapping around" to the final frame.

✓ Different vehicles communicate at different speeds and support a different number of PIDs. Therefore, the maximum number of frames that can be recorded will vary.

✓ Some vehicles wait a long period of time to store a trouble code after the driveability problem occurs. If you selected "Trigger On Codes" when you made your recording, you might not see any drastic change in data parameters before and after the trigger point. In cases like this, the user can manually trigger the recording when the symptom is observed.

When done, press **BACK** to return to ***Review Data*** or press **FUNC** to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

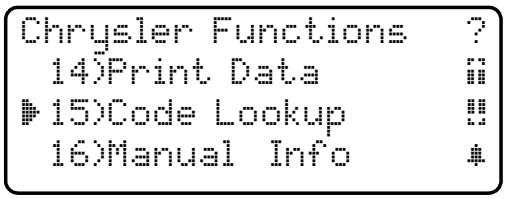
PRINT DATA

This function allows you to print recorded data stored in the tool, such as: **Codes**, **Temp Codes**, **Playback Data**, **Freeze Frame** and **Controller Info**. See **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

CODE LOOKUP

Code Lookup is used to look up definitions of Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) stored in the scan tool. The scan tool does not require power from the vehicle to perform this function. Internal battery power can be used.

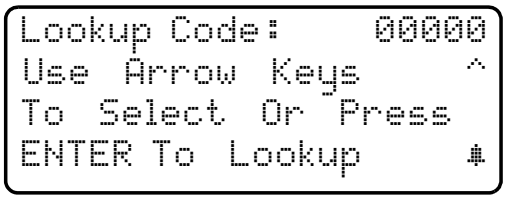
Select **Code Lookup** from the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

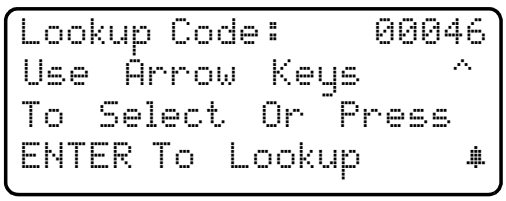


Codes can be entered in the Chrysler-specific format (MIL codes – flashed through the MIL) or in the SAE format. The scan tool automatically detects the type. Only one character can be changed at a time.

❒ Use **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to position the cursor.

❒ Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to change the selected character.





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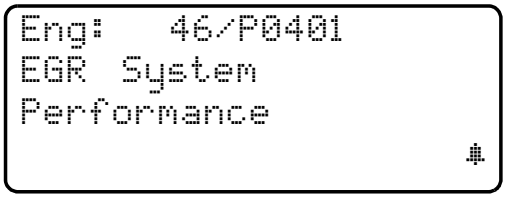
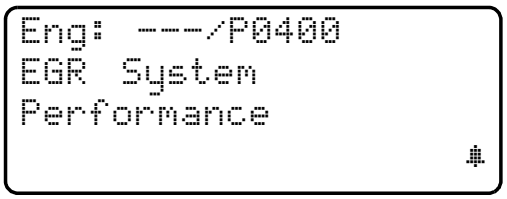
Press **ENTER** to display the definition. Both the MIL code and SAE code display with the definition when applicable.

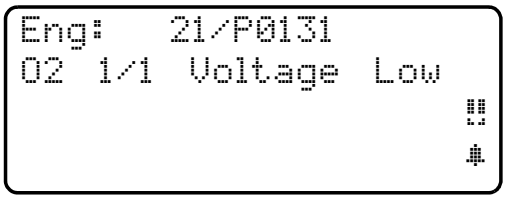


The Chrysler MIL code (3-digit) and SAE code (5-digit) appear on the first line.

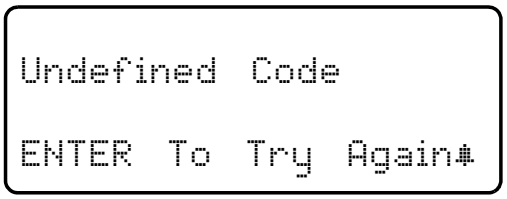
There may be times where only one or both code types display. Dashes display if the DTC type does not exist.



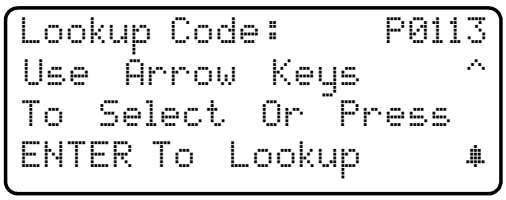
Certain MIL codes may have more than one definition for the same vehicle. The down arrow icon indicates more definitions are available.

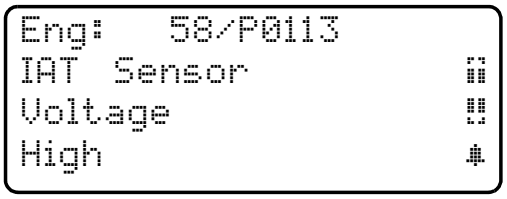


If the DTC definition does not exist for the vehicle, then a message displays. Press **ENTER** to return to the ***Lookup Code*** screen

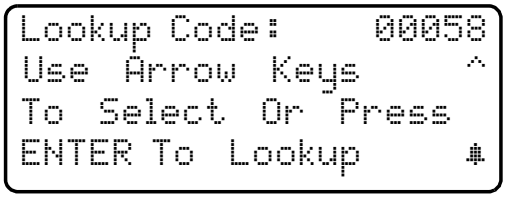


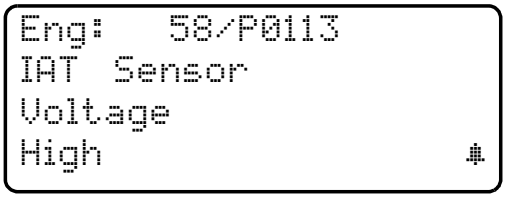
If the SAE code was entered, then you can use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to display the previous or next DTC. The DTCs for the code type selected (i.e., P, B, C, or U) are listed in numerical order. To enter another DTC number, press the **BACK** key.





If the Chrysler-specific code was entered, then you must press the **BACK** key and enter the code. Note that the UP/DOWN arrow icons are missing.





Press the **FUNC** key to return to the ***Chrysler Functions*** menu.

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Section 8 – Import Diagnostics

IMPORT ENHANCED (OBD II) DIAGNOSTICS

IMPORTANT This system applies to import vehicles manufactured from 1996 to present. Some import vehicles in 1994 and 1995 were equipped with this system.

✓ If an **Error Message** displays, make sure the OBD II connector is securely attached, and the ignition key is ON. Cycle the ignition key to OFF for 10 seconds, then ON. This may be required to reset the computer. If required, select YES to try again. If the problem still exists, refer to "**Error Messages**" on page 9-2.

✓ Specific Import Enhanced functions are defined in this section. Refer to "**Section 4 - Global OBDII Diagnostics**" for other functions.

Manual Info

The **Manual Info** function, instructs the user what section of the manual to use. This section covers **Import Enhanced (OBD II) Diagnostics**.

I/M Readiness

Refer to **"I/M Readiness**" on page 4-1 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

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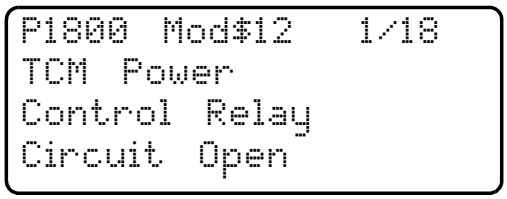
Read Codes

The **Read Codes** function retrieves Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) from the vehicle's computer module(s). This function can be performed with the KOEO or KOER. These codes cause the computer to illuminate the Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) when an emission-related or driveability fault occurs. The MIL is also known as the "service engine soon" or "check engine" lamp.

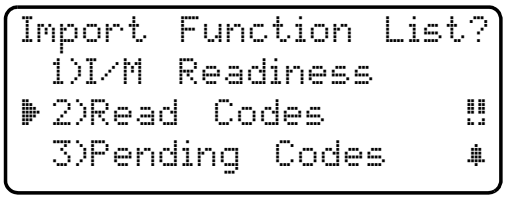
Import Enhanced Read Codes reads DTC's from modules.



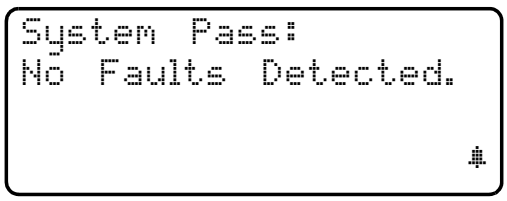
Not all Import vehicles support DTC status. For a description of these screens, refer to the Global OBDII section of the manual.

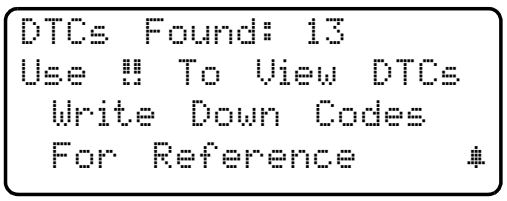
- **History Codes** — codes placed in the vehicle's memory when the trouble originally occurred, and will remain there even if the trouble has been corrected. If no trouble after 50 engine warm-up cycles, the DTC will be erased.
- **Current Codes** — codes transmitted through the PCM's data stream when a trouble condition is active and cannot be erased. The problem must be repaired to remove the DTC.

Select **Read Codes** and press **ENTER**.



The Scan Tool displays the DTCs or a message stating SYSTEM PASS: NO CODES FOUND. Scroll down to view the DTCs or press the **BACK** key to return to the ***Import Function List.***





Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to view the DTCs. Use the **LEFT**/**RIGHT** arrow keys to toggle the DTC definition and status screen (if available.)

Press **FUNC** to return to the ***Import Function List***.

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Pending Codes

Refer to **"Pending Codes**" on page 4-4 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Erase Codes

The Erase Codes menu has a menu asking what module to erase codes for, if more than one module exists for this vehicle.

View Data

Refer to **"View Data**" on page 4-6 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**

View Freeze Data

Refer to **"View Freeze Data**" on page 4-7 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**

O2 Monitor Test

Refer to **"O2 Monitor Test**" on page 4-8 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Diagnostic Monitor Test

Refer to **"DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR Tests**" on page 4-9 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

Record Data

Refer to **"Record Data**" on page 4-12 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Vehicle Info

Refer to **"Vehicle Info**" on page 4-14 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Review Data

Refer to **"Review Data**" on page 4-18 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics**.

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Print Data

Refer to **"Print Data**" on page 4-20 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

Code Lookup

Refer to **"Code Lookup**" on page 4-22 of **Global OBDII Diagnostics.**

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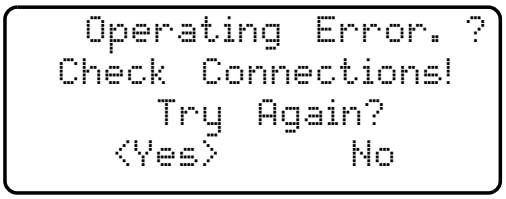
Section 9 – Help & Troubleshooting

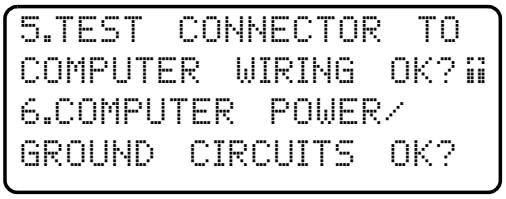
HOW TO USE ON-LINE HELP

The software contains **On-Line Help** for specific tool screens, functions, and error messages. When the icon (?) appears in the upper right-hand corner of the display, On-Line Help is available.



To enter ***On-Line Help***, press the **HELP** key. For the screen above, the help message would look like this

The text in **On-Line Help** screens are in CAPITAL LETTERS. This is an indication that you are viewing **On-Line Help** screens and not screens associated with a function of the ***Function List***.



Some messages are longer than one screen. Use the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys to scroll through the screens.

To exit **On-Line Help** and return to the original screen, press the **BACK** key.

SCAN TOOL DOES NOT POWER UP

✓ Review the "**Safety Precautions**" before troubleshooting.

If the tool will not power up, communicate with your vehicle's PCM, pass Tool Self-Tests, or functions incorrectly in any other way, then try these Troubleshooting Tips below before consulting Actron.

Though the tool requires at least 6.5V to power up, the vehicle's control modules require a minimum of 8 volts to power up and operate.

Check the following:

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Using Non-OBD II Adapter Cables

- ❒ The cigarette lighter adapter is hooked up. Make sure the cigarette lighter end is firmly held in the cigarette lighter socket.
- ❒ Verify that the vehicle's cigarette lighter fuse is OK. Some vehicles must have the key on for the cigarette lighter socket to be on.

Using J1962 (OBD II) or Chrysler LH Adapter Cable

- ❒ Make sure the scan tool's DLC is connected correctly to the vehicle's DLC. Verify the pins are clean and fully seated in the DLC.
- ❒ At least 8.0 volts (V) must be present between the power and ground pins to power the computer module(s) and communicate.
- ❒ Use the following flowchart to troubleshoot the problem.

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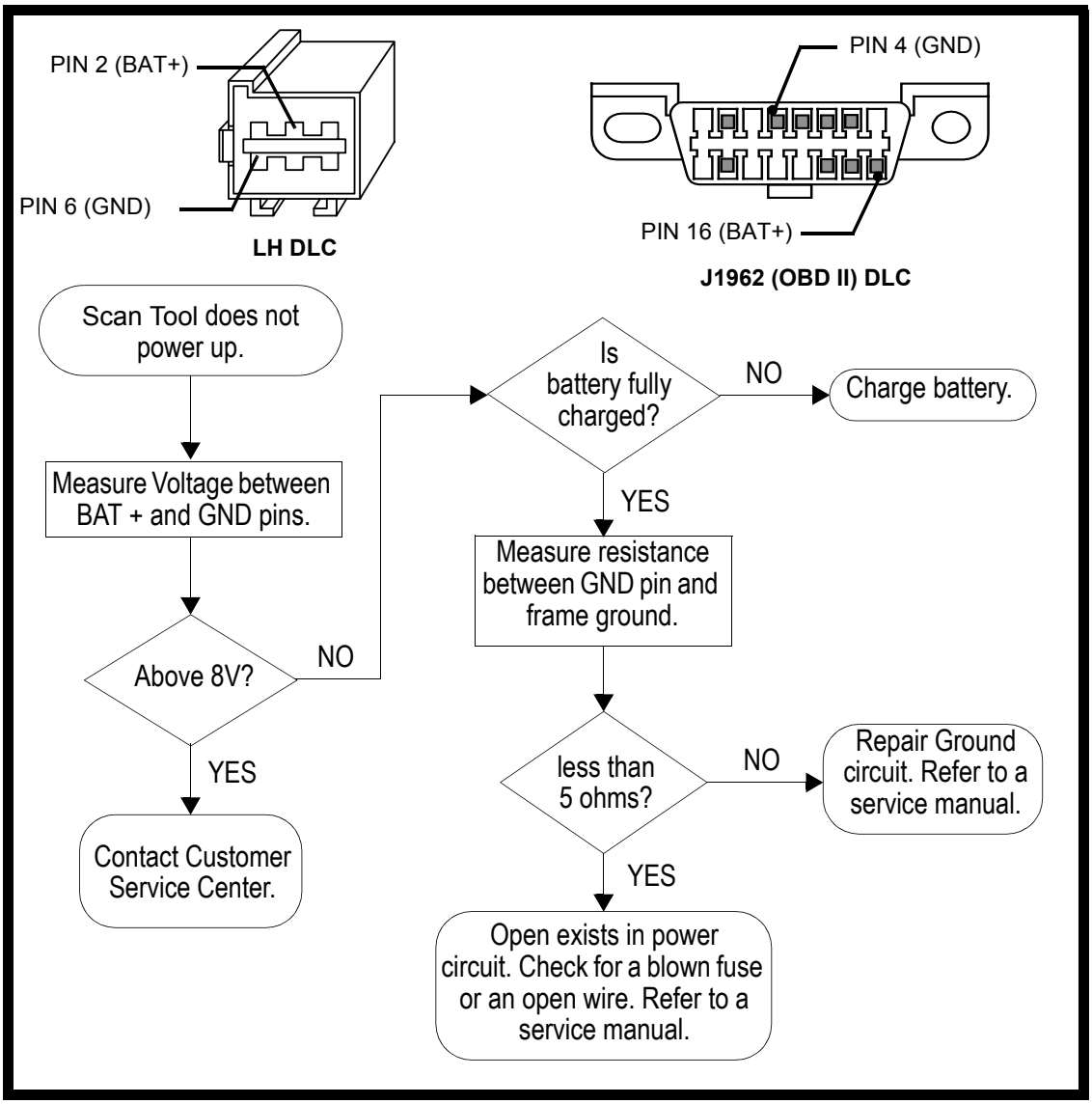
PIN 2 (BAT+)
PIN 6 (GND)
LH DLC
PIN 4 (GND)
PIN 16 (BAT+)
J1962 (OBD II) DLC
Scan Tool does not power up.
Measure Voltage between BAT + and GND pins.
Above 8V?
NO
YES
Contact Customer Service Center.
Is battery fully charged?
NO
Charge battery.
YES
Measure resistance between GND pin and frame ground.
less than 5 ohms?
NO
Repair Ground circuit. Refer to a service manual.
YES
Open exists in power circuit. Check for a blown fuse or an open wire. Refer to a service manual.

ERROR MESSAGES

Vehicle Communication Fault

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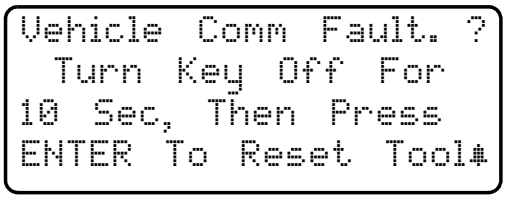
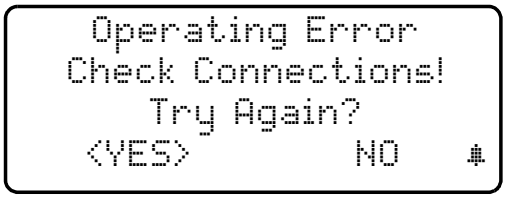
If the tool exhibits a problem when communicating with the vehicle, a message displays. The vehicle's control module(s) enters into an unrecoverable state. Press **ENTER** and the tool resets.



Operating Error or Erroneous Data

An **Operating Error** or **Erroneous Data** occurs if the vehicle's computer(s) stops communicating with the scan tool. When this happens, the scan tool prompts you to try again or return to the ***Function List***. Make a selection and press **ENTER**.



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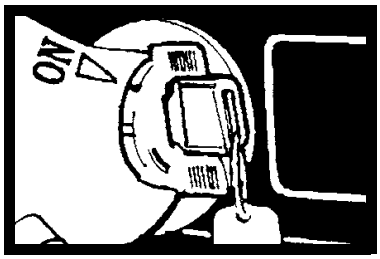
Check the following if an error message displays:



- ❒ Verify ignition key is ON — not in the ACCESSORIES position.
- ❒ Make sure the Scan Tool cable is securely connected to the vehicle's DLC.
- ❒ Examine the DLC closely and check for cracked or recessed pins, or for any substance that could prevent a good electrical connection.
- ❒ 9640 works on some vehicles with J1962 that are not OBDII.
- ❒ Test for continuity between the DLC wiring and the computer. In an extreme case, there may be a broken wire.
- ❒ With the KOEO, check for blown fuses. The computer and DLC usually use separate fuses. If the fuse for the computer is blown, data cannot be transmitted. The fuses may be located on the fuse block in the passenger compartment.
- ❒ Make sure the computer has a good ground. If the computer case is grounded, then clean the connection and apply a conductive (dielectric) grease to the mating surfaces.
- ❒ With the KOEO, verify the battery voltage is at least 8.0V; the minimum voltage to power the computer.
- ❒ As a last resort, the computer may be defective. Refer to the vehicle service manual to diagnose the computer.

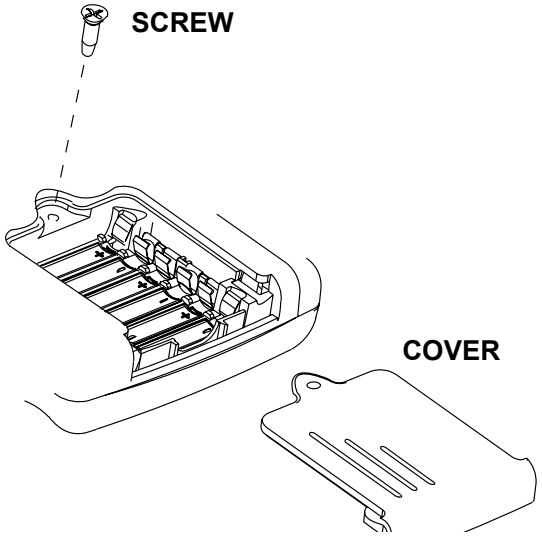
BATTERY REPLACEMENT

The Scan Tool requires six (6) size-AAA alkaline batteries to operate without vehicle power. When the batteries need to be replaced, the low-battery icon ( ) displays.

- Rechargeable batteries do not last as long alkaline types and are not recommended.
- Non-rechargeable Lithium (Li) batteries can be used. Though Lithium types last longer than the alkaline types, they are more expensive.

Follow these steps to replace the batteries:

1) Place the Scan Tool with the display facing down on a non-abrasive surface.
2) Remove the battery cover screw.
3) Slide the battery cover off.
4) Remove discharged batteries and properly discard.
5) Install new batteries — ***note polarity***.
6) Slide battery cover on.
7) Install screw — ***do not over-tighten***.



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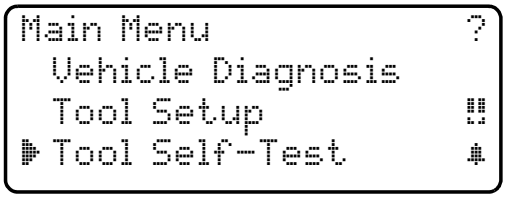
TOOL SELF-TESTS

If you experience problems when performing the **Tool Self-Tests**, contact technical support at **1-800-228-7667** (8:00 – 6:00 EST Monday – Friday)

Tool Self-Tests check the display, keypad, internal memory, and RS-232 interface.

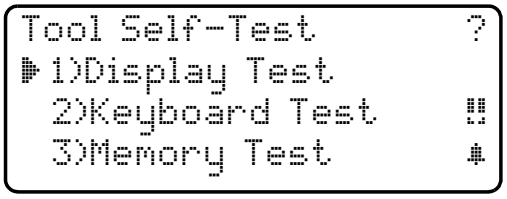
After powering up the Scan Tool, the ***Main Menu*** displays four choices. Select **Tool Self-Test** with the **UP/DOWN** arrow keys and press **ENTER**.



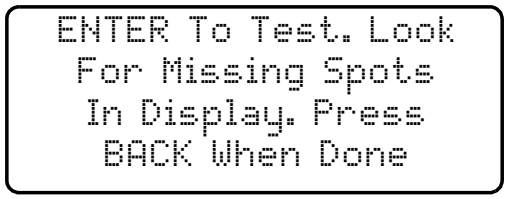
From the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu, choose from **Display Test, Keyboard Test, Memory Test** or **Printer Test**.

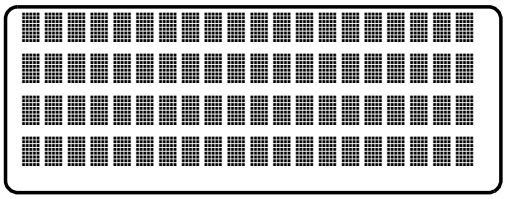
Display Test

The **Display Test** is used to check the LCD. The test fills every pixel of the LCD display with a solid black character. Select **Display Test** and press **ENTER**.



Press **ENTER** again to start the test. Look for pixels that are not black. In other words, look for missing spots in the solid black characters. When done, press the **BACK** key.



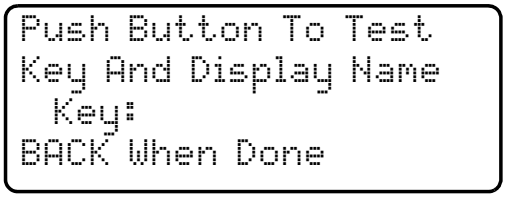


Keyboard Test

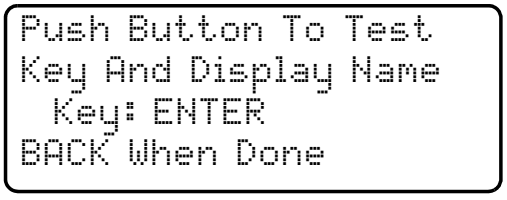
The **Keyboard Test** is used to verify the keys are functioning properly.

Select **Keyboard Test** from the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu to display the ***Keyboard Test*** screen.

When you press a **KEY**, the key name or scroll direction should appear on the display.



For example, if you press the **ENTER** key, then **Key: ENTER** displays on the third line of the screen. If the name does not display, then the key is not working.



The only exception is the **BACK** key. When the **BACK** key is pressed, the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu returns.

If the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu does not return, then the **BACK** key is not working.

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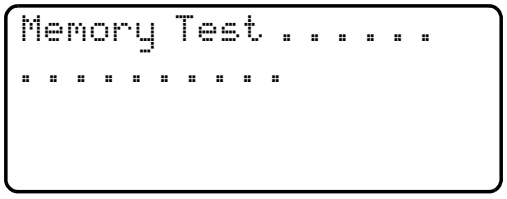
Memory Test

If the Scan Tool has trouble playing back recorded data, displaying trouble code definitions, or doing any other function that uses internal memory, then it is a good idea to run the **Memory Test**.

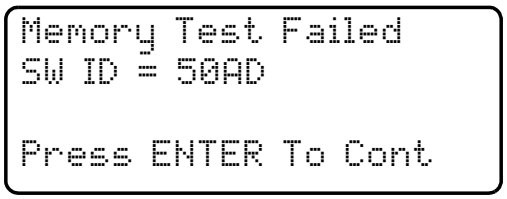
From the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu, select **Memory Test** and press **ENTER**.

A MEMORY TEST message displays and the screen fills with dots as the internal memory is tested.



✓ The **Memory Test** may take several minutes to complete.

If no problems were detected, then a MEMORY TEST PASSED! message displays on the screen. If a problem was detected, then a MEMORY TEST FAILED! message and the software identification (SW ID) display on the screen.



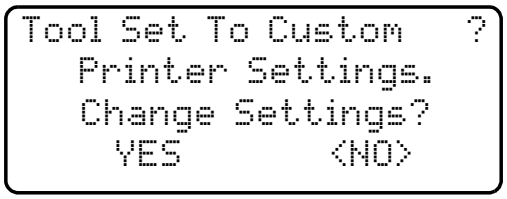
Press the **ENTER** key to return to the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu.

Printer Test

The **Printer Test** is used to check the printer connection, interface circuits, and settings between the Scan Tool and compatible printer. The **Printer Test** sends an ASCII character set to the printer one time for the test.

In the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu, select **Printer Test** with the **UP**/**DOWN** arrow keys and press **ENTER**.

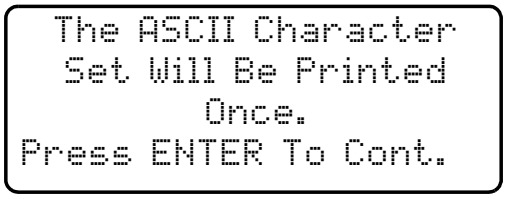
The scan tool informs you of the printer settings (Custom or Default), then asks if you wish to change them.



Select YES to change or NO to continue. Press the **HELP** key or refer to "**Printer Interface**" on page 3-5 of **Using The Scan Tool** if you wish to change the settings.

✓ The Scan Tool and the printer must be set to the same configuration in order to print.

The scan tool instructs you that THE ASCII CHARACTER SET WILL BE PRINTED. Press the **ENTER** key to continue. Follow the instructions.



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- ❒ Make sure the printer is turned on, on-line and connected to the scan tool.
- ❒ Test ends by itself in approximately 10 seconds.

The scan tool sends the information to the printer and asks you if the PRINTOUT IS OK. The printout should look like the example below. If your printout does not, then select NO. Select YES to return to the ***Tool Self-Test*** menu.

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```
   ---[Print Test]---
  !"#$%'()*+,-./
0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO
PQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_'abcdefghijklmno
pqrstuvwxyz{|}~
```

If the scan tool experienced a problem in transmitting, check connections and try again.

TRYING PRINT AGAIN sends print test information to the printer. Use this selection if you find the cable is not properly installed, or the printer is not on or on-Line. If any of the mentioned conditions were found, correct them and select **Print Again**. A garbled or no print may be caused by the interface settings. You can change the Scan Tool's settings if necessary. See section "**Printer Interface**" on page 3-5 of **Using The Scan Tool**.

PROGRAM MODE

The **Program Mode** is accessed from the ***Main Menu***. This mode is used for updating the Scan Tool software. Instructions are provided with the new software.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

- Toll-Free Number: **1-800-228-7667**

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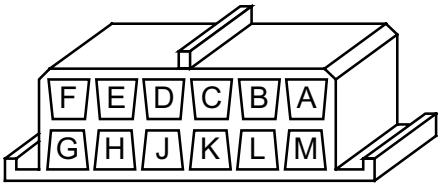
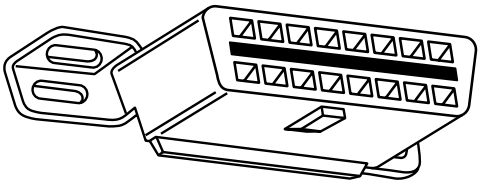
Appendix A – Data Link Connectors

GM Cars, Light Trucks & Vans



ALDL DLC



OBD II (J1962) DLC

94-95 GM Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Model	Engine	VIN	Year	DLC Adapter
Achieva	2.3L DOHC PFI	A, D D	94 95	ALDL OBD II
	2.3L SOHC PFI	3	94	ALDL
	3.1L SFI	M	94-95	ALDL
Aurora	4.0L SFI	C	95	OBD II
Beretta/Corsica	2.2L TBI	4	94-95	ALDL
	2.3L DOHC	A	94	ALDL
	3.1L PFI	M	94-95	ALDL
Camaro, Firebird, Trans Am	3.4L PFI OHV	S	94-95	ALDL
	3.8L SFI	K	95	OBD II
	5.7L PFI	P	94 95	ALDL ALDL/OBD II
Caprice / Impala	5.7L TBI, MFI	P	94, 95	ALDL, OBD II
	4.3L V-8 MFI	W	94-95	ALDL
Cavalier	2.2L TBI, SFI	4	94, 95	ALDL, OBD II
	2.3L DOHC	D	95	OBD II
	3.1L SFI	T	95	ALDL
Century	2.2L	4	95	ALDL
	3.1L	M	94-95	ALDL
Concours	4.6L OHC	Y, 9	94-95	ALDL
	4.9L SFI	B	94	ALDL
Corvette	5.7L OHC (ZR-1)	J	94-95	OBD II
	5.7L PFI, SFI	P	94-95	OBD II
Cutlass Ciera	2.2L PFI	4	94-95	ALDL
	3.1L SFI	M	94-95	ALDL
Cutlass Supreme	3.1L MFI, SFI	M	94-95	ALDL
	3.4L OHC SFI	X	94-95	ALDL
DeVille	4.6L OHC	Y, 9	94-95	ALDL
	4.9L PFI	B	94-95	ALDL
Eighty-Eight, Ninety-Eight, Park Avenue, Bonneville	3.8L SFI	L, K	94-95	OBD II
	3.8L SFI SC	1	95	OBD II
Eldorado, Seville	4.6L OHC	Y, 9	94-95	ALDL
Fleetwood	4.6L OHC	Y, 9	94-95	ALDL
	5.7L TBI, SFI	P	94-95	ALDL
Grand Am	2.3L PFI DOHC	A, D	94-95	ALDL
	2.3L PFI SOHC	3	94	ALDL
	3.1L SFI	M	94-95	ALDL

Note: *Data Link connectors (DLC) are located under the dash, near the steering wheel.*

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94-95 GM Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Model	Engine	VIN	Year	DLC Adapter
Grand Prix	2.3L DOHC	D	94-95	OBD II
	3.1L MFI	M	94-95	ALDL
	3.4L PFI OHC	X	94-95	ALDL
LeSabre	3.8L MFI	L	94-95	OBD II
Lumina, Monte Carlo	3.1L PFI, SFI	M, T	94-95	ALDL
	3.4L MFI OHC	X	94-95	ALDL
Regal	3.1L MFI	M	94-95	ALDL
	3.8L SFI, MFI	L	94-95	ALDL
Riviera	3.8L MFI	K	95	OBD II
	3.8L SFI SC	1	95	OBD II
Roadmaster	5.7L	P	94-95	ALDL
Saturn SC1, SL, SL1, SW1	1.9L SOHC	8	94-95	ALDL
Saturn SC2, SL, SL2, SW2	1.9L DOHC	7	94-95	ALDL
Skylark	2.3L DOHC	D	95	ALDL
	2.3L SOHC	3	94	ALDL
	3.1L	M, T	94-95	ALDL
	3.8L MFI	K	95	OBD II
Sunbird	3.1L PFI	T	94	ALDL
Sunfire	2.0L TBI OHV	H	94	ALDL
	2.2L MFI	4	95	OBD II
	2.3L PFI DOHC	D	95	OBD II
C Series 4x2 & K series 4x4 ***Conventional Cab*** *Pickup, Sierra, Blazer, Suburban, Yukon & Tahoe*	4.3L TBI	Z	94-95	ALDL
	5.0L TBI	H	94-95	ALDL
	5.7L TBI	K	94-95	ALDL
	6.5L Diesel	P	94-95	ALDL
	6.5L Turbo diesel	F	94-95	ALDL
	7.4L TBI	N	94-95	ALDL
G series 4x2 ***Van (full size)*** *Chevy van, Sport van, GMC Vandura and Rally*	4.3L TBI	Z	94-95	ALDL
	5.0L TBI	H	94-95	ALDL
	5.7L TBI	K	94-95	ALDL
	6.5L Diesel	P, Y	94-95	ALDL
	7.4L TBI	N	94-95	ALDL
M series 4x2 & L series 4x4, ***Small Van,*** *Astro, Safari*	4.3L CPI	W	94-95	ALDL
	4.3L TBI	Z	94	ALDL
P series 4x2 ***Forward Control*** *Parcel/Delivery commercial vans, Motorhomes*	4.3L TBI	Z	94-95	ALDL
	5.7L TBI	K	94-95	ALDL
	6.5L Diesel	Y	94	ALDL
	6.5L Turbo Diesel	F	94-95	ALDL
	7.4L TBI	N	94-95	ALDL
S series 4x2 & T series 4x4 ***Small Conventional Cab***, *Blazer, Bravada, Jimmy, Pickup & Sonoma*	2.2L MFI	4	94-95	OBD II
	4.3L CPI	W	94 95	ALDL OBD II
	4.3L TBI	Z	94 95	ALDL OBD II
U & X series 4x2 ***All Purpose Vehicle,*** *Lumina APV, Silhouette, Trans Sport*	3.1L TBI	D	94-95	ALDL
	3.8L PFI	L	94-95	ALDL

Note: *Data Link connectors (DLC) are located under the dash, near the steering wheel.*

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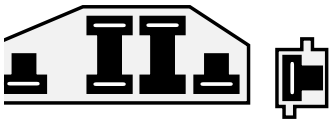
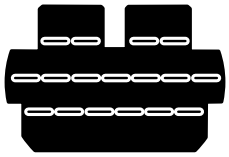
Ford, Lincoln & Mercury Cars, Light Trucks & Vans



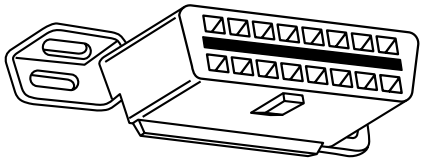
EEC-IV DLC

MECS 6-Pin DLC
Optional P/N 9603



MECS 17-Pin DLC
Available from Dealership

MCU DLC



OBD II (J1962) DLC

Ford, Lincoln & Mercury Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Model	Engines	Year	DLC	DLC Location
Aspire	1.3L	94-95	MECS 17	Engine compartment, left rear corner
Capri	1.6L, 1.6L T	91-94	MECS 6	Engine compartment, right rear corner.
	2.3L, 2.3L T, 3.8L, 5.0L, 5.0LHO	84-86	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, left rear corner.
Continental	3.8L, 4.6L, 5.0L	88 89-94	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, right corner near firewall. Right rear of engine compartment.
	4.6L	95	OBD II	Below instrument panel right of steering wheel.
Contour	2.0L, 2.5L	95	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, left side by shock tower.
Cougar	2.3L, 2.3L T, 3.8L, 5.0L, 5.0LHO	84-85 86-90 91-95	EEC-IV	Right inner fender of engine compartment Engine compartment, in front of left shock tower. Engine compartment, in front of right shock tower.
	4.6L	94-95	OBD II	Below instrument panel to right of steering wheel.
Escort /Lynx/ EXP	1.6L, 1.6L Turbo, 1.9L	84-90 91-95	EEC-IV* EEC-IV	Right fender apron near firewall and shock tower. Engine compartment, left rear corner.
Escort	1.8L	91-95	MECS 17	Engine compartment, left rear corner near firewall.
Festiva	1.3L	90-93	MECS 6	Engine compartment, left rear corner.
Grand Marquis, Crown Victoria, Colony Park, Country Squire	4.6L, 5.0L	84 85-94	EEC-IV*	Above right wheel well. Front Left fender apron above wheelwell.
	4.6L	95	OBD II	Below instrument panel to right of steering wheel.
Grand Marquis/ Crown Victoria (Police)	5.8L	84 85-91	MCU	Above right wheel well. Front of left fender apron above wheelwell.

** Early models are equipped with the EEC III diagnostic system which is not supported by this tool.*

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Ford, Lincoln & Mercury Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Model	Engines	Year	DLC	DLC Location
Marquis/LTD	2.3L, 3.8L	84-86	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, left rear corner.
Mark VII	5.0L, 5.0L HO	84-89 90-92	EEC-IV*	Engine compartment, right corner near firewall Front of right fender apron.
Mark VIII	4.6L	93-95	EEC-IV	Engine compartment on top of left wheel well.
Mustang	2.3L,2.3L Turbo, 5.0L, 5.0L HO, 5.0L SHP	84-85 86-93 94-95	EEC-IV	Center of left fender apron. Left rear corner of engine compartment on shock tower. Rear of right shock tower.
	3.8L	84-85 86-93	EEC-IV	Center of left fender apron. Left rear corner of engine compartment on shock tower.
	3.8L	94-95	OBD II	Below left side of glove compartment.
Mystique	2.0L, 2.5L	95	EEC-IV	Left side of engine compartment near shock tower.
Probe	2.0L (A/T only in 93)	93 93-95	MECS 17 EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment near strut tower. Left rear of engine compartment near strut tower.
	2.2L, 2.2L Turbo	89-92	MECS 6	Left rear of engine compartment near strut tower.
	2.5L	93-95	MECS 17	Left front of engine compartment near battery.
	3.0L	91-92	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment near strut tower.
Sable	3.0L, 3.8L	86-87 88-95	EEC-IV	Engine compartment near alternator. Right rear corner of engine compartment.
Scorpio	2.9L	87-89	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, right rear corner.
Taurus	2.5L, 3.0L FF, 3.0L, 3.0L SHO, 3.2L, 3.8L	86-87 88-95	EEC-IV	Engine compartment near alternator. Right rear corner of engine compartment.
Tempo / Topaz	2.3L HSC, 2.3L HSO, 3.0L	84-92 93-94	EEC-IV	Right rear corner of engine compartment. Left strut tower.
Thunderbird	2.3L, 2.3L T, 3.8L, 3.8L SC, 5.0L, 5.0L HO	84-85 86-90 91-95	EEC-IV	Right inner fender of engine compartment Engine compartment, in front of left shock tower. Engine compartment, in front of right shock tower.
	4.6L	94-95	OBD II	Below instrument panel to right of steering wheel.
Town Car	4.6L	95	OBD II	Below instrument panel right of steering wheel.
	4.6L, 5.0L	84 85-90 91-94	EEC-IV*	Above right wheel well. Left fender apron, near or above wheelwell. Above left wheel well.

** Early models are equipped with the EEC III diagnostic system which is not supported by this tool.*

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Ford, Lincoln & Mercury Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Model	Engines	Year	DLC	DLC Location
Tracer	1.8L	88-89	MECS 6	Engine compartment, left rear corner near firewall.
		91-95	MECS 17	Engine compartment, left rear corner near firewall.
	1.9L	91-95	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, left rear corner.
XR4Ti	2.3L Turbo	85-88	EEC-IV	Engine compartment, right fender apron above wheel well.
Aerostar	2.3L, 2.8L, 3.0L, 4.0L	86-92 93-95	EEC-IV	Left front fender below starter relay. Left rear engine compartment on firewall.
Bronco	4.9L*, 5.0L*, 5.8L* *84-85 A/T Only	84-87 88-95	EEC-IV	Right inner fender near starter relay. Left front corner of engine compartment.
Bronco II	2.8L, 2.9L	84-88 89-90	EEC-IV	Right inner fender near starter relay. Right fender panel below engine compartment fuse block.
E-Series, Econoline Van	4.9L, 5.0L, 5.8L, 7.3L D, 7.3L TD	84-91 92-95	EEC-IV	Right front fender near starter relay. Left front corner of engine compartment.
	5.8L>8,500 GVW	96	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	5.8L>8,500 GVW in 49 States, ex CA	97	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.5L W/Fed Emiss	96	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.5L >14,000 GVW	97-98	EEC-IV	Left front corner of engine compartment.
	7.5L >8,500 GVW in 49 States ex CA	97-98	EEC-IV	Left front corner of engine compartment.
Explorer	4.0L	91-95	EEC-IV	Right rear of engine compartment.
F-Series Pickup	4.9L, 5.0L, 5.8L, 7.3L D, 7.3L TD, 7.5L	84-87 88-95	EEC-IV	Right inner fender near starter relay. Left front fender apron in rear of engine compartment.
	5.8L > 8,500 GVW	96-98	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	5.8L>8,500 GVW in 49 States, ex CA	97	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.0L	91-96	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.0L > 14,000 GVW	97-98	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.5L W/Fed Emiss	96	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.5L > 8,500 GVW in 49 States ex CA	97-98	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
	7.5L > 14,000 GVW	97-98	EEC-IV	Left rear of engine compartment.
Ranger	2.3L	84	MCU	Right front inner fender panel.
	2.3L, 2.8L, 2.9L, 3.0L, 4.0L	84-85 86-92 92-94	EEC-IV	Right front inner fender panel. Right rear fender apron near fuel pump relay. Left front inner fender by fuse/relay block.
	2.3L, 3.0L, 4.0L	95	OBD II	Below instrument panel, right of steering wheel.
Windstar	3.0L, 3.8L	95	OBD II	Below instrument panel, right of steering wheel.

** Early models are equipped with the EEC III diagnostic system which is not supported by this tool.*

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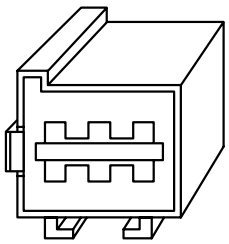
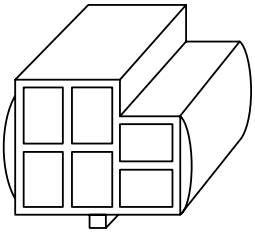
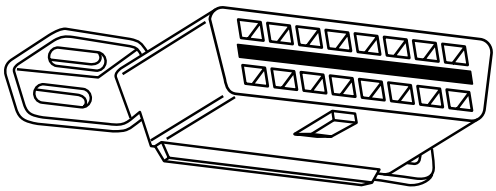
Chrysler Cars, Light Trucks & Vans



LH DLC
Optional P/N 9605



SCI DLC



OBD II (J1962) DLC

Chrysler Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Make/Model	Year	Engine	DLC	Location
Acclaim	89-95	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock/strut tower, near the SBEC/SMEC module.
Aries K, Reliant	89	ALL	SCI	At front of left shock/strut tower.
Caravan, Grand Caravan	89-91	ALL	SCI	In front of left fender panel below relays.
	92-93	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment near PCM module.
	94-95	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment on left side of firewall.
Cherokee	91-95	ALL	SCI	In front of left fender apron behind air cleaner.
Cirrus	95	ALL	OBD II	Left of steering column under dash on body control module
Comanche	91-92	ALL	SCI	In front of left fender apron behind air cleaner.
Concorde, Intrepid, Vision	93-95	ALL	LH	Right of steering column under dash.
Dakota	91	ALL	SCI	Engine compartment, right corner of firewall
Daytona	89-93	ALL	SCI	At front of left shock/strut tower.
Dynasty	89-93	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock/strut tower near SBEC/PCM.
Fifth Avenue, Imperial	90	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment near air filter housing.
	91-93	ALL	SCI	On front of left fender panel by SMEC/SBAC.
Grand Cherokee, Grand Wagoneer	93-	ALL	SCI	Right rear of engine compartment.

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Chrysler Cars, Light Trucks & Vans

Make/Model	Year	Engine	DLC	Location
Horizon, Omni	89-90	ALL	SCI	Front of left side shock tower by relays & SMEC.
Lancer	89	ALL	SCI	At front of left shock/strut tower.
LeBaron Coupe, Convertible	89-95	ALL	SCI	At front of left shock/strut tower.
LeBaron Sedan, GTS	89-95	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock/strut tower near SBEC/PCM.
LHS	94-95	ALL	LH	Right of steering column under dash.
Neon	95	ALL	OBD II	Under left side of dash.
New Yorker	89-93	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock tower near the SBEC/SMEC module.
	94-95	ALL	LH	Right of steering column under dash.
Pickup D/W, RAM series	89-95	5.2L, 5.9L	SCI	On left side of firewall near master cylinder.
	89-95	3.9L, 5.9L	SCI	In engine compartment on right side of firewall.
	94-95	8.0L	SCI	In engine compartment on right side of firewall.
Ram Wagon/Van, B-Van	89-90	5.2L, 5.9L	SCI	On left side of firewall below cowl.
	91-95	5.2L, 5.9L	SCI	On center of firewall next to SBEC/PCM.
	92-95	5.2L CNG	SCI	Under center of dash panel.
	89-95	3.9L	SCI	In engine compartment on right side of firewall.
Ramcharger	89-90	ALL	SCI	On left side corner of firewall below cowl.
	91-93	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment, near master cylinder.
Sebring Conv/ Avenger	95	ALL	OBD II	Under left side of dash, right side of steering column.
Shadow, Sundance	89-95	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock/strut tower near SBEC/PCM.
Spirit	89-95	ALL	SCI	Front of left shock/strut tower near SBEC/PCM.
Stratus	95	ALL	OBD II	Left of steering column under dash on body control module
Town & County	90-91	ALL	SCI	On front of left fender panel below relays.
	92-93	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment near PCM module.
	94-95	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment on left side of firewall.
Voyager, Grand Voyager	89-91	ALL	SCI	In front of left fender panel below relays.
	92-93	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment near PCM module.
	94-95	ALL	SCI	In engine compartment near PCM module on left side of firewall.
Wrangler	91-95	ALL	SCI	In front of left fender apron behind air cleaner near SBEC.

A

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Appendix B – Glossary

A/C:
Air Conditioner

A/D:
Analog to Digital

A/F:
Air/Fuel ratio. The proportion of air and fuel delivered to the cylinder for combustion. For example, an A/F ratio of 14:1 denotes 14 times as much air as fuel in the mixture. Ideally the A/F ratio is 14.7:1.

ABS:
Anti-lock Brake System

AC Clutch Relay:
The PCM uses this relay to energize the A/C clutch, turning the A/C compressor on or off.

AC Pressure Sensor:
Measures air conditioning refrigerant pressure and sends a voltage signal to the PCM.

AC Pressure Switch:
A mechanical switch connected to the A/C refrigerant line. The switch is activated (sending a signal to the PCM) when the A/C refrigerant pressure becomes too low or high.

Actuator:
Actuators such as relays, solenoids, and motors allow the PCM to control the operation of vehicle systems.

Air Injection Reaction (AIR) System:
An emission control system operated by the PCM. During cold starts, an air pump injects outside air into the exhaust manifold to help burn hot exhaust gases. This reduces pollution and speeds warm-up of oxygen sensors and catalytic converters. After the engine is warm, the air will either be “dumped” back to the atmosphere (or into the air cleaner assembly) or sent to the catalytic converter.

APP:
Acceleration Pedal Position (Sensor)

ASR:
Acceleration Slip Regulation

Bank x:
The standard way of referring to the bank of cylinders containing cylinder #x. In-line engines have only one bank of cylinders. Most commonly used to identify the location of oxygen sensors. See **O2S**, **Sensor x**, **Sensor x**.

BARO:
Barometric Pressure Sensor. See **MAP Sensor**.

BBV:
Brake Boost Vacuum (Sensor)

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BCM:
Body Control Module

Boost Control Solenoid:
A solenoid that is energized by the PCM, in order to control turbo/supercharger boost pressure.

Brake Switch Signal:
An input signal to the PCM indicating that the brake pedal is being pressed. This signal is typically used to disengage Cruise Control systems and Torque Converter Clutch (TCC) solenoids. See also **TCC**.

CAM:
Camshaft Position Sensor. Sends a frequency signal to the PCM in order to synchronize fuel injector and spark plug firing.

Catalytic Converter:
Designed to reduce exhaust emissions.

CAN:
Controller Area Network

CARB:
California Air Resources Board. Governing body for emissions control in California.

CKP REF:
Crankshaft Position Reference.

CKP:
Crankshaft Position. See **CPS**.

CKT:
Circuit

Closed Loop (CL):
A feedback system that uses the O2 Sensor(s) to monitor the results of combustion. Based on the signal(s) from the O2 sensor(s), the PCM modifies the air/fuel mixture to maintain optimum performance with lowest emissions. In closed loop mode, the PCM can “fine tune” control of a system to achieve an exact result.

CMP:
Camshaft Position Sensor

CO:
Carbon Monoxide; odorless gas produced by incomplete combustion.

Code Reader:
A device that interfaces with and communicates information a data link.

Continuous Memory Codes:
See **Pending Codes**.

B

CPS:
Crankshaft Position Sensor. Sends a frequency signal to the PCM. It is used to reference fuel injector operation and synchronize spark plug firing on distributorless ignition systems (DIS).

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CTS:
Coolant Temperature Sensor. A resistance sensor that sends a voltage signal to the PCM indicating the temperature of the coolant. This signal tells the PCM whether the engine is “cold” or “warm”.

CVRTD:
Continuous Variable Real Time Damping

D/R:
Drive/Reverse

Data Link Connector (DLC):
Connector providing access and/or control of the vehicle information, operating conditions, and diagnostic information. Vehicles with OBD II use a 16-pin connector located in the passenger compartment.

Data Stream:
The actual data communications sent from the vehicle’s PCM to the data connector.

DEPS:
Digital Engine Position Sensor.

Detonation:
See **Knock**.

DI/DIS:
Direct Ignition/Distributorless Ignition System. A system that produces the ignition spark without the use of a distributor.

DPFE:
Differential Pressure Feedback – Exhaust Gas Recirculation Sensor

DTC:
Diagnostic Trouble Code. An alphanumeric identifier for a fault condition identified by the On Board Diagnostic System.

Duty Cycle:
A term applied to signals that switch between “on” and “off”. Duty cycle is the percentage of time the signal is “on”. For example, if the signal is “on” only one fourth of the time, then the duty cycle is 25%. The PCM uses duty cycle type signals to maintain precise control of an actuator.

EBCM:
Electronic Brake Control Module

EBTCM:
Electronic Brake/Traction Control Module

ECM
Engine Control Module *or* Electronic Control Module

ECT:
Engine Coolant Temperature sensor. See **CTS**.

EEPROM:
Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory

EFE:
Early Fuel Evaporation

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EFI:
Electronic Fuel Injection. Any system where a computer controls fuel delivery to the engine by using fuel injectors.

EGR:
Exhaust Gas Recirculation. The PCM uses the EGR system to recirculate exhaust gases back into the intake manifold to reduce emissions. EGR Recirculation is used only during warm engine cruise conditions.

EOP:
Engine Oil Pressure (Switch)

EOT
Engine Oil Temperature (Sensor)

EPA:
Environmental Protection Agency.

ESC:
Electronic Spark Control. An ignition system function that warns the PCM when "knock" is detected. The PCM will then retard spark timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

EST:
Electronic Spark Timing. An ignition system that allows the PCM to control spark advance timing. The PCM determines optimum spark timing from sensor information — engine speed, throttle position, coolant temperature, engine load, vehicle speed, Park/Neutral switch position, and knock sensor condition.

EVAP:
Evaporative Emissions System.

FC:
Fan Control

Freeze Frame:
A block of memory containing DTCs of the vehicle operating conditions for a specific time.

FTP:
Federal Test Procedure. Strict test of vehicle's emissions.

Ground (GND):
An electrical conductor used as a common return for an electric circuit(s) and with a relative zero potential (voltage).

Hall Effect Sensor:
Any of a type of sensor utilizing a permanent magnet and a transistorized Hall Effect switch. Hall Effect type sensors may be used to measure speed and position of the crankshaft or camshaft — for spark timing and fuel injector control.

B

HO2S:
Heated Oxygen Sensor. See **O2S**.

HVAC:
Heating, Ventilation & Air Conditioning (System)

I/M:
Inspection and Maintenance. An emission control program.

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IAC:
Idle Air Control. A device mounted on the throttle body which adjusts the amount of air bypassing a closed throttle so that the PCM can control idle speed.

IAT:
Intake Air Temperature (Sensor)

ICM:
Ignition Control Module.

IMRC:
Intake Manifold Runner Control

IPC:
Instrument Panel Cluster

ISC:
Idle Speed Control. A small electric motor mounted on the throttle body and controlled by the PCM. The PCM can control idle speed by commanding the ISC to adjust its position.

ISO:
International Organization of Standardization also know as International Standards Organization.

KAM:
Keep Alive Memory

Knock Sensor (KS):
Used to detect engine detonation or “knock.” The sensor contains a piezoelectric element and is threaded into the engine block. Special construction makes the element sensitive only to engine vibrations associated with detonation.

Knock:
Uncontrolled ignition of the air/fuel mixture in the cylinder. Also referred to as detonation or ping. Knock indicates extreme cylinder pressures or “hotspots” which are causing the air/fuel mixture to detonate prematurely.

KOEO:
Key On — Engine Off.

KOER:
Key On — Engine Running.

LCD:
Liquid Crystal Display.

LTFT:
Long Term Fuel Trim.

M/T:
Manual transmission or manual transaxle.

MAF:
Mass Air Flow Sensor. Measures the amount and density of air entering the engine and sends a frequency or voltage signal to the PCM. The PCM uses this signal in its fuel delivery calculations.

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MAP:
Manifold Absolute Pressure Sensor. Measures intake manifold vacuum or pressure and sends a frequency or voltage signal (depending on sensor type) to the PCM. This gives the PCM information on engine load for control of fuel delivery, spark advance, and EGR flow.

MAT:
Manifold Air Temperature sensor. A resistance sensor in the intake manifold that sends a voltage signal to the PCM indicating the temperature of the incoming air. The PCM uses this signal for fuel delivery calculations.

MIL:
Malfunction Indicator Lamp. The MIL is most commonly known as the “Check Engine” or “Service Engine Soon” light. A required on-board indicator to alert the driver of an emission-related malfunction.

Misfire:
Caused by the air fuel ratio being incorrect.

Monitor:
A test performed by the on-board computer to verify proper operation of emission related systems or components.

MPFI or MFI:
Multi-Port Fuel Injection. MPFI is a fuel injection system using one (or more) injector(s) for each cylinder. The injectors are mounted in the intake manifold, and fired in groups rather than individually.

NOx:
Oxides of Nitrogen. The system EGR and Cam Shafts injects exhaust gases into the intake manifold to reduce these gases at the tailpipe.

O2S:
Oxygen Sensor. Generates a voltage of 0.6 to 1.1 volts when the exhaust gas is rich (low oxygen content). The voltage changes to 0.4 volts or less when the exhaust gas is lean (high oxygen content). This sensor only operates after it reaches a temperature of approximately 349ºC (660ºF). O2 sensors are usually found both upstream and downstream of the catalytic converter. The PCM uses these sensors to fine tune the air-fuel ratio and to monitor the efficiency of the catalytic converter. See **Bank 1**, **Bank 2**, **Sensor 1**, **Sensor 2**.

OBD II:
On-Board Diagnostics, Second Generation. OBD II is a U.S. Government-mandated standard requiring all cars and light trucks to have a common data connector, connector location, communication protocol, DTCs and code definitions. OBD II first appeared on vehicles in late 1994, and is required to be present on all cars sold in the US after January 1, 1996.

ODM:
Output Device Monitor.

Open Loop (OL):
A control system mode that does not monitor the output to verify if the desired results were achieved. A fuel delivery system will usually operate in open loop mode during cold engine warm-up because the oxygen sensors are not yet ready to send a signal. Without the oxygen sensor signal, the computer cannot check the actual results of combustion.

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PCM:
Powertrain Control Module. The “brains” of the engine control system and transmission control system housed in a metal box with a number of sensors and actuators connected via a wiring harness. Its job is to control fuel delivery, idle speed, spark advance timing, and emission systems. The PCM receives information from sensors, then energizes various actuators to control the engine. The PCM is also known as the ECM (Engine Control Module).

Pending Codes:
Also referred to as Continuous Memory codes and Maturing Diagnostic Trouble Codes. Pending Codes may be set by emission related powertrain components and systems. If the fault does not occur after a certain number of drive cycles, the code is erased from memory.

PID:
Parameter Identification. Identifies an address in memory which contains vehicle operating information.

PNP:
Park/Neutral Position. This is a switch that tells the PCM when the gear shift lever is in the Park or Neutral position. When in Park or Neutral, the PCM will operate the engine in an “idle” mode.

PROM:
Programmable Read-Only Memory. The PROM contains programming information the PCM needs to operate a specific vehicle model/engine combination.

PSPS:
Power Steering Pressure Switch

Purge Solenoid:
Controls the flow of fuel vapors from the carbon canister to the intake manifold. The canister collects vapors evaporating from the fuel tank, preventing them from escaping to the atmosphere and causing pollution. During warm engine cruise conditions, the PCM energizes the Purge Solenoid so the trapped vapors are drawn into the engine and burned.

PWM:
Pulse Width Modulated

PZM:
Platform Zone Module

QDM:
Quad Driver Module

RAM:
Random Access Memory

Relay:
An electromechanical device in which connections in one circuit are switched

Reluctance Sensor:
A type of sensor typically used to measure crankshaft or camshaft Speed and/or position, driveshaft speed, and wheel speed

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ROM:
Read-Only Memory. Permanent programming information stored inside the PCM, containing the information the PCM needs to operate a specific vehicle model/engine combination.

RPM:
Revolutions Per Minute

SAE:
Society of Automotive Engineers.

Scan Tool:
A device that interfaces with and communicates information on a data link.

SDM:
Sensing and Diagnostic Module

Sensor x:
A standard term used to identify the location of oxygen sensors. Sensor 1 is located upstream of the catalytic converter. See **O2S**, **Bank 1**, **Bank 2**.

Sensor:
Any device that reports information to the PCM. The job of the sensor is to convert a parameter such as engine temperature into an electrical signal that the PCM can understand.

SFI or SEFI:
Sequential Fuel Injection or Sequential Electronic Fuel Injection. A fuel injection system that uses one or more injectors for each cylinder. The injectors are mounted in the intake manifold and are fired individually.

Solenoid:
A device consisting of an electrical coil which when energized, produces a magnetic field in a plunger, which is pulled to a central position. A solenoid may be used as an actuator in a valve or switch.

STFT:
Short Term Fuel Trim.

STS:
Service Throttle Soon

TAC:
Throttle Actuator Control

TBI:
Throttle Body Injection. A fuel injection system having one or more injectors mounted in a centrally located throttle body, as opposed to positioning the injectors close to an intake valve port. TBI is also called Central Fuel Injection (CFI) in some vehicles.

TCC:
Torque Converter Clutch

TCM:
Transmission Control Module

TCS:
Traction Control System for PCM and brakes

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TDC:
Top Dead Center. When a piston is at its uppermost position in the cylinder.

TFP:
Transmission Fluid Pressure

TFT:
Transmission Fluid Temperature (Sensor)

Throttle Body:
A device which performs the same function as a carburetor in a fuel injection system. On a throttle body injection (TBI) system, the throttle body is both the air door and the location of the fuel injectors. On port fuel injection systems (PFI, MPFI, SFI, etc.), the throttle body is simply an air door. Fuel is not added until the injectors at each intake port are activated. In each case, the throttle body is attached to the accelerator pedal.

TPS:
Throttle Position Sensor. Potentiometer-type sensor connected to the throttle shaft. Its voltage signal output increases as the throttle is opened. The PCM uses this signal to control many systems such as idle speed, spark advance, fuel delivery, etc.

Traction Assist:

Assist in traction with brakes only.

Trip:

Vehicle operation for a period of time so the systems can be monitored.

TTS:
Transmission Temperature Sensor. A resistance sensor mounted in the transmission housing in contact with the transmission fluid. It sends a voltage signal to the PCM indicating the temperature of the transmission.

VECI:
Vehicle Emission Control Information. A decal located in the engine compartment containing information about the emission control systems found on the vehicle. The VECI is the authoritative source for determining whether a vehicle is OBD II compliant.

VIN:
Vehicle Identification Number. This is the factory-assigned vehicle serial number. This number is stamped on a number of locations throughout the vehicle, but the most prominent location is on top of the dashboard on the driver's side, visible from outside the car. The VIN includes information about the car, including where it was built, body and engine codes, options, and a sequential build number.

VSS:
Vehicle Speed Sensor. Sends a frequency signal to the PCM. The frequency increases as the vehicle moves faster to give the PCM vehicle speed information used to determine shift points, engine load, and cruise control functions.

VTD:
Vehicle Theft Deterrent

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Warm-up Cycle:
Warm-up cycle is when the engine coolant temperature rises at least 40 degrees above that at engine start up.

WOT:
Wide-Open Throttle. The vehicle operating condition brought about when the throttle is completely (or nearly) open. The PCM will typically deliver extra fuel to the engine and de-energize the A/C compressor at this time for acceleration purposes. The PCM uses a switch or the Throttle Position Sensor to identify the WOT condition.

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